"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, warmer to-day; fair Thursday; southwest and west winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,044. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ROOSEVELT VETOES TOUR OF THE WEST

Declares He Will Not Have Time, Because He Must Attend Son's Wedding.

SEES FIELD OF OMDURMAN

Family Ride on Camels and Find Some Discomfort, but Enjoy Accounts of Great Battle.

By JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN,
Former Assistant Secretary of State.
Correspondent of The New York Times and Chicago Tribune.

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KHARTOUM, March 15.—Former President Roosevelt announced positively to-day that he would not attempt a triumphal march across America.

Various Chambers of Commerce of cities of the mountain region and the Pacific Slope have extended invitations for him to be their guest. He stated he had made all arrangements to reach home as soon as possible. His son's marriage will take place in June, and his time until then will be filled up with his engagements on his European tour. He said he could not possibly be absent from the marriage.

The fact that he has declined all these Western invitations is accepted as establishing his intention not to make a spectacular American tour. He says he is willing to be present on Frontier Day in Cheyenne on Aug. 21 if he can arrange his time to permit this trip.

A Visit to Gordon College.

"This has been a delightful and interesting day," said Col. Roosevelt when he retired to the palace for the night.

This morning he inspected the town in company with his wife and daughter Ethel and Slatin Pasha and Capt. Clayton. The party rode in an automobile made with broad solid wheels especially for desert travel. The party then was driven to Gordon College, where Col. Roosevelt made an encouraging address to the students. He considers the institution a remarkable evidence of British civilizing influence.

"Think of it!" he said. "The sons of the Khalifa El Mahdi are studying in a college which perpetuates the name of the man originally responsible for the destruction of their father's power."

Admires British Work.

There is no doubt, in Col. Roosevelt's opinion, that Great Britain has done a great work for civilization in extending its control over the Soudan.

After luncheon the former President enjoyed a unique and interesting experience. The Roosevelt family, Slatin Pasha, Wilson Bey, Governor of Khartoum; Capt. Clayton, Prince Auersperg of Austria, Miss Asser, an American woman of distinguished appearance, and the wife of the Adjutant General of the Soudan, who was the hostess, proceeded on the Sirdar's yacht Elfin to Kerreri, where the battle of Omdurman was fought.

As the party landed on the beach a squadron of Soudanese cavalry, in command of a native officer, saluted Col. Roosevelt, who walked in front of the men, inspecting their horses and rifles, and said a few pleasant words to their commander.

Then Col. Roosevelt, his wife, his daughter, his son Kermit, and the others mounted camels.

"This is more exciting than shooting a lion," ejaculated the ex-President.

Journey on Camelback.

The correspondents presented a battery of cameras, first at Col. Roosevelt, and then at his wife and the others, all of which was endured patiently. Then the march began through the ruins of the northern end of Omdurman and the remains of the houses destroyed by the British shells from across the desert.

The "ships of the desert" presented a stately appearance, while the correspondents, riding donkeys, represented torpedo boat destroyers, the whole reminding one with a bit of imagination of a fleet of men-of-war. Col. Roosevelt informed Slatin Pasha that he was fairly comfortable, putting the accent on the adjective.

On the Omdurman Battlefield.

After riding a mile the party came to the gully where the British Twenty-first Lancers were ambushed and slaughtered by the dervishes. Col. Roosevelt inspected the gully and then visited the monument, which, inclosed by protecting iron bars, marks the graves of Lieut. Grenfell and his men who fell there. Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel dismounted and walked to the monument, where they listened to an eloquent description by Capt. Clayton of the Lancers' heroism in charging a force of 3,000 savages with fewer than 400 men.

The party continued to Gebel Surgham, the hill originally occupied by the British and charged by the dervishes. All dismounted and ascended the hill afoot, stumbling over the bits of broken rock which were strewn thickly along the path. From the top of the hill they commanded a view of the entire battlefield and the spot on the Nile where Gen. Kitchener camped. They picked out the line of battle between the dervishes and the British, and the base ground over which the latter charged.

Slatin Pasha, Wilson Bey, and Capt. Clayton all participated in the battle. Slatin explained the details of the fight to Col. Roosevelt, Wilson Bey to Mrs.

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KILLED BY MENINGITIS.

13-Year-Old Girl Had Just Taken Pasteur Treatment for Rabies.

Following a course of treatment for rabies in the Pasteur Institute, in this city, Virginia E. Vogelius, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Vogelius of Glen Ridge, N. J., died at her home, 225 Washington Street, there, yesterday of meningitis. Dr. James T. Hannan of Montclair will make an analysis of serum from the spine of the girl in an endeavor to decide whether the treatment had anything to do with the meningitis.

Several weeks ago a pet spaniel which the family had owned for some time was afflicted with rabies, having been bitten by a rabid dog a few weeks previous. Although none of the family was bitten by the animal, it had licked their hands, and their family physician, Dr. William H. White, advised that the whole family, Mrs. Vogelius and her six children, take the Pasteur treatment.

The treatment ended two weeks ago, and all seemed to be getting along well until last Thursday, when 13-year-old Virginia was taken ill. On Sunday Dr. White, who attended the girl, called in consultation Dr. Hannan, Dr. Alfred Sully, the girl's uncle, and Dr. Shoup of New York. The girl did not rally under their treatment, and was unconscious most of the time until her death.

Her father, who is known on the stage as Charles J. Warren, was filling an engagement in Boston. He was summoned home on Monday, and was at his daughter's bedside when she passed away. She was a pupil in the eighth grade of the Glen Ridge Public School, and would have been graduated to the High School next June.

MORTON IN MEXICAN RAILWAY.

President of the Equitable Becomes Vice President of Pan-American Co.

Paul Morton, President of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, has been elected Vice President of the Pan-American Railroad Company, and will leave for Mexico City in the near future to inspect the Pan-American line. David E. Thompson, formerly Ambassador to Mexico, is President of the road, and it was learned last night that Mr. Morton and Mr. Thompson own the controlling interest in the Pan-American company.

Mr. Morton's headquarters will be in this city. He said last night that the Pan-American Railroad Company had been operating the road for quite a while and that improvements to the system are now going on. The election of Mr. Morton as Vice President of the road is not expected to affect his connection with the Equitable in any way.

The Pan-American Railroad operates a line from San Geronimo, Oaxaca, to Mariscal, on the Guatemalan border, and has a branch from Tonala to Arista. The company was incorporated under the laws of New Jersey with a capital stock of $10,000,000, and in January, 1909, took over the road which, up to that time, had been operated by a construction company.

The company receives from the Mexican Government a subsidy of $12,000 silver per kilometer, and is operated under a concession of the Government for ninety-nine years. The road has trackage over 478 kilometers at present.

SUICIDE NOTE AT RESERVOIR.

Probable Hoax, but Yonkers Will Run 60,000,000 Gallons of Water Out.

Believing that the body of a suicide is in the big Fort Field Reservoir, the police and Water Department of Yonkers have determined to pump all the water out of the reservoir if the body does not come to the surface to-morrow. Following the discovery on the reservoir banks of an overcoat, hat, and bottle of carbolic acid with a note attached, the police have been grappling for the body for several days. The note read:

> This is to let my friends know that I met my death at my own hands and not to blame anybody for it. My last cent is gone and there is nothing for me to live for. Goodbye. JOE.

On a time table in the overcoat was written the name "Joe Madland." No one of that name lives in Yonkers, and no such person has been reported missing.

Yonkers is in the middle of a typhoid fever epidemic, resulting from an impure water supply, and there is a feeling that nothing must be left undone to determine whether a human body really lies at the bottom of the reservoir.

If the suicide note is a hoax, as some of the investigators believe, it will prove costly for the city, as fully 60,000,000 gallons of water will be wasted.

STILL BELIEVES IN COOK.

Gov. Brown of Georgia Thinks His Word as Good as Peary's.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 15.—After flatly refusing to introduce Commander Robert E. Peary at his lecture here, Gov. Joseph M. Brown to-night gave out an interview in which he said:

"What proof does Peary bring save his own word? Cook brings the same and as good. If Cook has handed us a gold brick, Peary has handed us a paste diamond.

"It is up to Peary to explain how Cook's story can be false and his identical story can be true. The American people will not accept his smile as proof that he is not as great a faker as he charges Cook to be. Peary and Cook tell the same stories about finding the pole, and, like the Siamese twins, they must live together or die together. You might as well say that Chang was a Chinese and Eng was an Englishman as to say that Cook's story is false and Peary's true. Peary's selfishness has disgusted the country.

"I am glad Congress has refused honors to Peary. To do so would put Government approval upon a transparent fraud—a fraud in that while denouncing Cook's story as a fake we are asked to stamp Peary's story as truth and laud Peary for doing only what Cook had already done."

TO USE RIFLE SILENCERS.

Maxim Says Government Has Ordered 500 and Will Soon Require More.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 15.—Hiram Percy Maxim said to-night on his return from Washington that the Government has ordered 500 rifle silencers, to be delivered as soon as possible.

The Marine Corps, the Navy Department, and the Department of Militia Affairs have been notified that silencers will be issued as desired now that the silencer has been officially adopted as part of the United States army equipment.

DEWEY'S AMERICAN WINE HOUSE.
Only half Block east of Fulton St. Sub. Station. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 159 Fulton St., New York. Adv.

TAFT RAILROAD BILL HAS NO DEFENDERS

Administration Senators Silent Under Insurgent Taunts as Cummins Opens the Fight.

CALLS TAFT DICTATORIAL

And Declares the Measure Was Rewritten at the Railroad Men's Request—Laugh on Elkins.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The opening in the Senate this afternoon of the debate upon the Administration bill to create a Court of Commerce and otherwise amend the inter-State commerce law, especially in its relation to the railroads, presented a spectacle so extraordinary that it was admitted upon the floor of the Senate to be without precedent in the memory of the Senators oldest in service there.

Not only did the discussion of the bill begin with no word in its favor by any of its Administration supporters, no cataloguing of its merits, no exposition of its glories. There was not even an explanation of its provisions on behalf of the Administration that drew it up or the committee that reported it to the Senate.

Its legislative career began with criticism, and before the afternoon was ended the friends of the Administration in the Senate sat silent and unmoved under the repeated gibes and taunts of the critics of the bill. One Senator after another demanded to know if there were not some member of the Committee on Inter-State Commerce who had a good word to say for the bill.

They recounted the fact that it was prepared by the Attorney General and other Cabinet officers at the direction of the President. They pointed out that it had been redrafted two or three times by the Attorney General while under consideration of the committee.

Here was a bill heralded for a year as the great paramount measure of the Administration, aimed at fulfilling the pledge of the National platform, advertised by the beating of tom toms and the blare of trumpets. Yet at last, when it was fairly in the Senate for action, there was literally none so poor to do it reverence.

Taunts Make Elkins Uneasy.

The taunts of the opposition had Senator Elkins, Chairman of the committee that reported the bill and himself its unwilling supporter, squirming like a fish out of water. He did his best to make a plausible explanation of the failure to defend the bill. His wriggling and twisting only brought forth the additional charge that there was an agreement among the supporters of the bill to sit quiet while the other fellows did the talking. Senator Elkins, with his face flushed with embarrassment, admitted the charge and exclaimed:

"I might make a good many votes by not speaking."

Then while Senators Nelson, Bailey, and Bacon were going over the ground again and pointing out the extraordinary lack of public defense of the bill Senator Aldrich called Elkins over to his desk and whispered a few moments to him. Then Elkins went back to his own desk and submitted this additional explanation of his silence:

"I might have added," he said, "that there is a very full and detailed report on the bill, which has been printed in The Record."

Even the Senators laughed at that, and Senator Hale, who had been enjoying keenly the discomfiture of Mr. Elkins, came near violating the Senate decorum in his merriment.

Few Friends of the Bill.

The plain fact that was made so evident to-day is that even among those who are going to vote for the bill because of the Administration influence there are none who heartily believe in it or who desire to see it become law. The regulars in the Senate are at heart opposed to this kind of legislation. The Senators who are in favor of the principle of the thing are numbered among the insurgents.

But they are against some of its provisions, and think that if they could get their amendments adopted they could improve the measure very much. Their amendments, however, are all along the line of increasing the number and the length of the teeth in the bill, and there is no regular who will stand for that. Consequently the game is to let the critics of the measure do the talking, and when they have had their full say to force it to a vote as nearly without answer as is possible.

The opening of the fight on the bill was made by Senator Cummins of Iowa. He began his criticism of the measure with an attack on President Taft that in its directness and bitterness would in itself make the occasion a notable one in the history of the Senate.

Cummins Attacks Taft.

Mr. Cummins's attack on the President was a deliberate charge that the Administration bill, as it now stood, had been thrice rewritten and each time at the request of railroad magnates. What these arguments were he declared neither himself nor the committee nor the Senate knew, or in all probability would ever know. The arguments, he said, were made not according to precedent before the committee of the Senate, but at the White House, and that following these conferences the amendments drafted by the Attorney General were sent to the committee and adopted without the change of a word.

The bill, he said, throughout is the President's bill, and he dictated its terms following requests from the railroads. The bill was drafted in the first place, said Mr. Cummins, by a special commission selected by the President, consisting of Attorney General Wickersham, Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, and Solicitor General Bowers. By Sept. 2 the draft was complete, and then, before submitting it to the President, the bill was sent to railroad magnates.

Then the President took it, summoned railroad men to conference, and directed the practical rewriting of important sections by the Attorney General. Section 18, relating to the issue of stocks and bonds Mr. Cummins cited as an instance of the complete rewriting of a section at the President's dictation.

"Those who look with respect on the constitutional distinction between the executive and legislative branches of our Government cannot accept quietly this obliteration of the dividing line," declared Mr. Cummins. "The President's amendments were accepted verbatim by the committee, and now the Senate is expected to do the same thing. All Republicans are expected to vote for this bill without amendment, and only those who surrender their independence of thought will escape Executive displeasure and the penalty of being cast out of the party."

"Except for the birthmark of the Commerce Court," said Mr. Cummins later, "the original drafters of this thrice-changed bill would never recognize it."

Roosevelt Not So Dictatorial.

President Taft, said Mr. Cummins, had gone far beyond President Roosevelt in dictating his policies to Congress. He quoted from a message of Mr. Roosevelt in which he declared it improper for the Executive to indicate the precise phras-

Continued on Page 2.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

DEMOCRATS WIN CHARTER ELECTIONS

Clean Sweep in Towns Up State Which Republicans Have Controlled.

A ROCKEFELLER VICTORY

Village Blacksmith Again Chosen North Pelham President—Mamaroneck Citizens Win.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., March 15.—The Democrats made a clean sweep by big majorities at the charter election in Herkimer County to-day. The local Government at Dolgeville Village, which has for years been controlled by the Republicans, went Democratic.

WATERLOO, N. Y., March 15.—The annual election here to-day resulted in the election of a complete Democratic ticket. Every office in the village and Township of Waterloo is now held by a Democrat.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., March 15.—Samuel D. Kendrick, Democrat, was elected Mayor to-day, succeeding Charles W. Cool, Republican, who was a candidate for re-election.

BALLSTON, N. Y., March 15.—Leander Spicer was re-elected Village President to-day at the charter election on a Fusion ticket.

ROCKEFELLER TICKET WINS.

Employes from His Estate Elect Wirth President of Tarrytown.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., March 15.—The active interest taken by the employes of John D. Rockefeller at Pocantico Hills carried the village election of North Tarrytown to-day and elected the Citizens' ticket over the People's nominees by a vote of three to one. The total vote cast was 816, which is the largest in the history of the village.

Just before the polls closed, automobiles, farm wagons, and stone carts loaded down with workmen from the Rockefeller estate, arrived at the polls and voted solidly, it is said, for John Wirth, who headed the Citizens' ticket for President, and other candidates for Trustees. For the first time there was opposition this year to the Citizens' ticket, as R. H. Randolph became the candidate for the village Presidency on the People's ballot, but the Rockefeller interest, backed by Mr. Wirth, carried his ticket through to victory.

Five years ago when Mr. Wirth ran for President, he was opposed by the Rockefeller contingent, but he won out. Then the Rockefeller vote was swung his way and for three years he went in without opposition. John D. and his brother, William Rockefeller, employ hundreds of men and many of them reside in North Tarrytown. Although John D. Rockefeller the Rockefeller vote was swung his way and for three years he went in without opposition. John D. and his brother, William Rockefeller, employ hundreds of men and many of them reside in North Tarrytown. Although John D. Rockefeller did not appear it was said that some of his representatives supplied the workmen with sample ballots before voting time and they knew just how to vote for the Wirth ticket.

BIG VOTE IN MAMARONECK.

Citizens' Party, in Power Nine Years, Elects Whole Ticket.

Mamaroneck village had the liveliest election in its history yesterday. The total number of votes was 1,030, double the largest number of votes in any previous election.

There were two tickets in the field, the Citizens' Party, which has been in power for the last nine years, and the People's Union Party. The chief issue was a change of leadership, but Mamaroneck stood firm by electing the entire Citizens' Party ticket: President—Daniel Warren; Collector—James McDonald; Assessors—Augustus V. Hains and Thomas J. Kane; Treasurer—Thomas C. Palmer; Street Commissioner—John Webber; Trustees—Charles Holden, John F. Kane, and Calvin A. Lyon.

President Warren, who has held that post for nine years, polled 513 votes, defeating his opponent, Dr. John F. Hunter, by only 18 votes.

VILLAGE SMITH RE-ELECTED.

For Fifth Time "Honest Jim" Reilly Becomes President of North Pelham.

For the fifth time "Honest Jim" Reilly, the village blacksmith, was re-elected yesterday President of the village of North Pelham, in Westchester County, over Peter Ceder, his Democratic opponent, by twenty-four votes. The election was contested hotly. The leaders hired all the automobiles and carriages in the neighborhood, and commuters were rushed to the polls before they left for their offices or places of business in Manhattan.

Mr. Reilly, who has a blacksmith's shop not far from his home, has always been known as "Honest Jim," and it has been on account of his popularity and honesty that he has been elected so often. Four years ago he was elected on the Socialist-Labor ticket, with a big anvil and sledge hammer for an emblem. He defeated both the Republican and Democratic candidates. Then he ran on the Independence League ticket, and won out against two other nominees. At the last two elections the Republicans indorsed him as their choice, and he has been able to carry the poll each time against the Democrats.

Mayor Brooks of Cambridge Re-elected

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 15.—William F. Brooks, Democrat, was re-elected Mayor of Cambridge to-day by a largely increased plurality over last year, defeating ex-Congressman George W. Long, non-partisan, by 1,688 votes. The vote on license was strongly no.

"Ilkit," the stylish eyeglasses at Spencer's; see new Bisight Toric Pebbles. 31 Maiden Lane. Adv.

PEACE PATCHED UP IN REPUBLICAN CAMP

Vice President Sherman Comes as a Dove from Root and All Is Harmony Now.

BOUQUET FOR WOODRUFF

Washington, Suddenly Satisfied with His Ability to Run State Politics, Promises No More Interference.

Alarmed over the sudden and unexpected turn of events brought about by the triumph of Timothy L. Woodruff, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, in the contest with Senator Elihu Root, who came to New York last Sunday to crack the Federal whip and direct the State machine, Senator Root yesterday dispatched Vice President Sherman post haste to New York to make a treaty of peace.

Upon his arrival in New York Mr. Sherman went at once to the Manhattan Hotel and called a conference of all the important Republican leaders of the State within reach. They included ex-Gov. Benjamin B. Odell, William L. Ward of Westchester, National Committeeman for the State; State Senator Malby, and Congressman Littauer. The conference lasted about two hours, and the utmost secrecy was preserved. When it was over no one would have anything to say.

The advent of Vice President Sherman in the present complicated situation was taken to mean by those familiar with the state of affairs that he had come to repair, if possible, the damage caused by Senator Root's failure to make the Woodruff-Barnes faction bend their necks to the Federal yoke. It has been known for some time that Mr. Sherman represented President Taft in New York State politics.

Mr. Sherman has been keeping the President fully informed in regard to the New York situation, and when Senator Root returned to Washington on Monday, after his fruitless visit to Mr. Woodruff, he reported to Mr. Sherman.

Root Rises to the Occasion.

After the situation had been considered in Washington, Senator Root, it was said, conceived the idea of sending Mr. Sherman here as a dove of peace, the purpose being to patch up the rapidly widening breach in the party in the State until some other method of shelving Mr. Woodruff and his followers could be devised.

The Manhattan Hotel conference yesterday, it was said, had to do entirely with the peace overtures. Mr. Sherman brought the information that Senator Root was satisfied with Mr. Woodruff's ability to take care of the State organization and promised that there would be no more interference from that quarter. Senator Malby and Committeeman Ward, it was stated, represented Mr. Woodruff's interests and promised on behalf of the State Chairman to work in the interests of party harmony and not to antagonize too flagrantly the Hughes sympathizers.

Senator Malby, it was said, bore a message from Mr. Woodruff which went a long way toward reaching a harmonious understanding. In fact, when the conference broke up, no one would have imagined that there had ever been a dispute.

Vice President Sherman is still at the Manhattan, but it is probable that he will return to Washington to-day with ointment to pour upon Senator Root's lacerated feelings.

Fine Phrase for Watchword.

Outside of the conference there was plenty of evidence yesterday that henceforth harmony is to be the keynote of the factions which have been manoeuvring for control of the State machine.

"We haven't time to talk; we are working for the best interests of the party," was the way the local leaders summed up the situation. All along the line there was a very palpable disposition among those most concerned to forget the events of the last few days and to lay plans for the future. The story in yesterday's TIMES regarding what went on at the conference on Sunday night between State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff and Senator Elihu Root was read with interest by members of the State organization from Mr. Woodruff down, but none of them would comment upon it. Even the statement that Senator Root had not sent the Hinman telegram to State Senator Davenport at the Albany caucus last week, but that it had been written by Senator Brackett and read over the long-distance telephone to Senator Root at Washington was not a topic for open discussion.

State Senator Davenport, who is alleged to have read the telegram to Mr. Root and received the latter's permission to attach his signature to it, came down from Albany, but denied himself to reporters. Lloyd C. Griscom, President of the Republican County Committee, who, it is understood, has taken sides with Senator Root in the present mix-up, was the only leader who was in any degree communicative.

Griscom Calls for Unity.

Being pressed for his opinion regarding the Root-Woodruff conference and the attitude of the factions toward Senator Cobb as leader of the State Senate, he said:

"As a fundamental principle of good organization I believe that it is the duty of the organization throughout the State to uphold the hands of Senator Cobb as the regular leader of the Republicans in the Senate. Every chance should be given him to redeem the excellent promises he has made in his speeches."

The fact that Mr. Griscom counseled harmony and co-operation after he had had a long conference with Senator Root on Monday was taken to mean that Mr. Root and the enemies of State Chairman Woodruff had decided to retire as gracefully as possible from the unfortunate situation in which Mr. Root found himself when he failed in his plan to put Mr. Woodruff under the rod of discipline.

Others saw in it a complete backdown on the part of Mr. Root and the "Federal crowd," as the people in Washington who are opposed to Mr. Woodruff are called, with the result that there is to be no more division within the party ranks, at least until Fall.

Mr. Woodruff went over to Brooklyn yesterday and had a long conference with the district leaders there. It was said that he wanted to find out just what the sentiment among the leaders is for direct primaries, and also their opinion of the Allds case. Mr. Woodruff did not deny that he also wanted to find out if he had the sympathy of his men in his recent set-to with Senator Root.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The return of Senator Root to Washington has brought here an eddy in the State politics of New York. Several conferences were held to-day over the declaration of Mr. Woodruff that he would not retire, and many similar conferences are expected to be held in Mr. Root's office before the end of the week.

Among the conferees with Mr. Root to-day were Postmaster Fred Greiner of Buffalo and Collector Merritt of the Niagara district. Collector John F. O'Brien of Plattsburg is expected later. Mr. Merritt had a long talk also with Representative Dwight.

TAPPEN & PIERSON,
Tailors to Gentlemen,
Fifth Avenue, N. Y. Adv.

STOLEN PAINTING FOUND.

San Francisco Artist Caught Admiring $10,000 Millet He Took.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—While he was holding and admiring Millet's "Shepherd and Flock," the $10,000 painting that was stolen last Sunday from the Golden Gate Museum, William Kunze, a young artist, was surprised by police in his studio to-day.

After he had been locked up on a charge of grand larceny, Kunze said that he was led to take the picture by his love of the beautiful and a desire to make an adequate copy of it.

PRESIDENT WHEELER HOME.

Says Roosevelt Has Promised California an Elephant.

Benjamin Ide Wheeler, President of the University of California, who has been exchange professor at Berlin University since last September, returned last night on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. He was received in audience in Berlin by the Emperor and dined with the imperial family at Potsdam. Before he sailed the Kaiser presented to him an autograph photograph. President Wheeler expressed intense interest in the return of Mr. Roosevelt, and said he had received a letter from him stating that he was sending an elephant to the University of California.

HOME FOR MORGAN'S PARTNER

H. P. Davison Buys an Estate at Peacock Point for His Country Seat.

H. P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co. has purchased from Mrs. Charles O. Gates her Peacock Point property near Mattinnecock, L. I. The estate consists of about seventy-five acres, and the purchase price is reported to have exceeded $375,000. The property lies along the shore of Long Island Sound, between Mattinnecock and Fox's Point, in the vicinity of Lattingtown.

On the property, excellently located, so that it overlooks the Sound, is a fine house erected several years ago for Mrs. Gates.

It is understood that Mr. Davison acquires the property for a country residence, and that he will become one of the Summer colony of Nassau.

WITNESS HAS 40 DAYS' TRAVEL

Cleveland Man, Hurt in Alaskan Stabbing Affray, Must Return North.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 15.—Joseph Burns, who recently raced from the interior of Alaska to Cleveland in a futile effort to reach his baby before she died, was to-day summoned by the Federal Government to return to the snowbound territory as a witness in a stabbing affray, in which he was injured.

In a wooden hut in the bleak wilderness near Fairbanks, Alaska, a Grand Jury has been called, and it will take Mr. Burns forty days of strenuous travel at a cost to the Government of $1,040 before he can give his evidence. Four days before he reaches his destination he will be compelled to abandon all civilization and travel on snowshoes across an Indian trail.

FIFTH AVENUE LIGHTED UP.

Merchants Adopt a New Plan to Attract Crowds at Night.

The brilliant illumination of all the shop windows along Fifth Avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets, last night by specially designed reflectors, transformed that part of the avenue, and many persons were therefore attracted to the vicinity, which is usually deserted by night.

The illumination, which was made possible through the Fifth Avenue Association, was the first of a three weeks' experiment, with a view to making the avenue as popular a boulevard by night as by day.

Last night all the windows in the first and second stories of the shops were brilliantly lighted. The gowns and hats of the women who passed through this section were shown off to good advantage.

Although last night was a trifle too cool for pleasure promenading, it was found by actual count that 600 persons passed along one side of the avenue in an hour, attracted by the illumination.

NO AUTO FOR CANNON.

House Votes Against Buying One for Him and for Sherman, Too.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Vice President Sherman and Speaker Cannon will have to content themselves with riding to and from the Capitol in common street cars or in out-of-date horse-drawn vehicles. The House to-day declined to provide them with sixty horse power touring cars by voting this provision out of the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill. The vote was 113 to 94, the "insurgent" Republicans throwing almost their entire strength with the Democrats.

"Our 'Uncle Joe' is dangerous enough when he is sitting still, presiding over the House," said one of the exultant insurgents later, "without our taking any chances of his overturning us and running us to cover outside."

"Uncle Joe" had nothing to say. Neither had the Vice President. Both will continue to accept all invitations tendered by the White House to ride in the Taft official car.

PAIL HE HELD HIT LIVE RAIL.

Explosion Stunned Trackwalker—Companion Saved Him from Moving Train.

William Garvey of 921 Cauldwell Avenue, the Bronx, an ironworker for the New York Central Railroad, was walking home up the tracks across the Park Avenue Bridge at 129th Street yesterday evening, swinging in his hand a tin pail full of iron rivets. Half a block behind him walked another ironworker, Joseph Bernert of 2,417 Second Avenue. A train approached and both men crossed to the other track. The next moment Bernert saw Garvey, with a yell, leap high in the air. Around him flashed blue flames.

Bernert reached Garvey, who had fallen, unconscious, across the other track, in time to pull him out of danger as the train whizzed past. Then he carried him on his shoulder to 129th Street and telephoned for an ambulance.

Garvey was revived by Dr. Elliott of the Harlem Hospital, who found he was bruised and burned on the right leg and forearm. Garvey said that his pail of rivets must have come in contact with the third rail as he tried to cross it, and that until he regained his senses all he remembered was a blinding flash.

$50 to California and Pacific Coast via West Shore R. R. $53 via N. Y. Central Feb. 28 to April 14. 'Phone 5510 Madison. Adv.

UNIONS TO VOTE ON STATE-WIDE STRIKE

As Conference Fails in Philadelphia Move Is Made to Extend Struggle.

400 GROCERY CLERKS QUIT

Unions Claim Other Accessions to Their Ranks, but Admit Some Defection—Maintaining Better Service, Companies Say.

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.—"The conferences with George H. Earle have not resulted in any plan or suggestion for the settlement of the car men's strike, and negotiations are therefore to be considered ended," was the official statement issued to-night by the General Strike Committee of Ten.

President E. E. Greenwalt of the State Federation of Labor to-night issued a call to labor unions in all parts of the State to take a general strike vote and hold themselves ready to respond to a call for a State-wide sympathetic strike, which was authorized at the recent convention of the State Federation of Labor held in New Castle, Penn.

There was no change in the general strike situation to-day. While there were a number of defections in the strikers' ranks, these, it was stated by the labor leaders, were more than counterbalanced by accessions to the ranks of the strikers.

The Kensington textile district remains practically tied up and the workers in this district were joined to-night by 400 grocery clerks, most of whom were employed in the syndicate stores in that locality.

The Rapid Transit Company maintains that its service is growing better daily. More cars were operated to-day than on any day since the strike began. There were a number of accidents, however, in one of which an unidentified woman was struck by a car at Sixth and Arch Streets and instantly killed.

The chauffeurs failed to make a general response to the new call for a sympathetic strike, and many of the public taxicabs continued in operation.

Officials of the transit company expressed their displeasure at Director Earle for placing President Kruger in a position of treating with the striking motormen and conductors. A representative of the company declared:

"If there was any chance—and there really appeared to be a good one yesterday—of clearing up this situation and ending this strike by to-morrow night it has been totally killed by the action of George H. Earle and Edward Lowber Stokes."

William H. Shelmerdine, a member of the Rapid Transit Directorate, said:

"The members of the board are very much displeased with Mr. Earle's action in attempting to negotiate a settlement of the strike. Mr. Earle has placed the board in a very embarrassing position. Mr. Kruger attended the conference under a misapprehension. Had he understood the reason for the call to Mr. Earle's office, and had he known whom he was to meet there, he would not have gone."

"I am in favor of peace and always have been, but I have had no part in this latest talk of settlement," said Mayor Reyburn to-night.

"You could have knocked me down with a feather when I picked up the papers and saw them full of peace talk. I am not in the least surprised concerning the billing and cooing that has been going on. I am not in favor of the bunco steerers who have come to town and have been misguiding and deceiving union men. These men have a right to organize for their own benefit, but I feel sorry that they should give themselves over to leaders who are trying to squeeze out of them all they can get."

At the conclusion to-day of the second meeting of Mr. Earle and the labor leaders the former said:

"Nobody's position has been changed, nor is there present prospect that it will be. This discussion, however, was carried on in the very best of spirit, and I think each side now fully appreciates the difficulty and the position of the other.

"The union wanted all the men not only taken back, but given their former runs. Mr. Kruger stated as definitely as he could yesterday that that would involve a breach of faith with the men who had remained on the cars, and that the company would never agree to.

"We adjourned yesterday hoping that some solution could be thought out, and Mr. Stokes believed that he had thought it out, and asked us to meet again, but in the result his hope did not bear fruit."

The labor leaders maintain that the men now running the cars are strike-breakers and that the percentage of men loyal to the company is merely nominal.

W. D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, who represented the car men at to-day's conference, it is said, insisted upon the acceptance back as employes of all the striking car men. Then, if charges are brought against any number of these for any cause whatsoever, a committee from the car men's union or a business delegate of the International Union will consider them and take them up with the company officials.

"If," he is reported to have said to Earle, "any of these men are proved to have been derelict in their duty in any way, they will not only be not recognized in their complaint, but they will be disciplined or expelled by the union."

He is said to have suggested a committee of three, or even one experienced person, to hear and sift the grievances of the car men and present and adjust them with the company officials.

PITTSBURG MEN IN SYMPATHY.

Vote Overwhelmingly to Support Philadelphia Union in Present Strike.

PITTSBURG, March 15.—According to an official poll of the votes cast by the members of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes employed on the surface lines of the Philadelphia Company in this city, made to-day on the question of support for the striking carmen in Philadelphia, 2,476 ballots were cast favorable to a sympathy movement, 19 ballots were against the proposition, while 7 ballots were blank.

The question voted upon was: "Are you in sympathy with the Philadelphia strikers to the extent that you will support them if called upon?"

This indirect manner of submitting the proposition was taken by the men to indicate that they will not be asked to strike at once, but they will be permitted to give practical support in other ways.

MISSING POLICEMAN TRACED.

Recognized in a Picture of a Philadelphia Strike Guard.

Capt. Oscar Vogel of the Fourth Precinct Station in Newark was turning over the pages of an illustrated paper last week, when he stopped at a set of pictures about the Philadelphia car strike.

"By George, that man is Roland E. Fischer!" he said.

The Captain was looking at the picture

of a special policeman employed by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company protecting a strikebreaker. He looked at the picture through a magnifying glass, and carried his suspicions to Chief Fred Weimer of the Prosecutor's staff, who wired to the Philadelphia police to try to locate Fischer. He hasn't been found yet.

Last year he was attached to Capt. Vogel's precinct. He disappeared on June 14, 1909, and about the same time Miss Augusta Geltzeller of 39 Rankin Street, Newark, also vanished. It was reported that she had been seen with the policeman that day. He is wanted in Newark for embezzlement.

MAY END STEEL STRIKE.

Government Agent Sent to Bethlehem to Investigate.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—An official of the Department of Commerce and Labor will be sent to South Bethlehem, Penn., arriving there to-morrow, to investigate for the Government the Bethlehem Steel Company strike whereby a large number of men have been out for the last four weeks.

Investigation of the strike in the mills of the Bethlehem Steel Company, where 5,000 or more workmen have been out for more than a month, was prompted partly by the fact that the Government has large steel contracts with the Bethlehem Steel Company and it has been asserted that the strike has resulted in great delay in Government work.

Recently two resolutions were introduced in the House on the subject by Representative Rainey (Dem.) of Illinois, one calling for an investigation of the strike and the other calling upon the Secretary of the Navy to report what contracts with the steel company were uncompleted and to what extent delay had been encountered.

The principal purpose of the investigation ordered is to bring the company and the strikers together in an arbitration of their difficulties.

The inquiry was brought about as a result of representations to the Department by Representative A. Mitchell Palmer (Dem.) of Pennsylvania. Mr. Palmer said he had been in receipt of advices from both the company and the men on the subject, and as a result had requested the department to take action. Later he sent this telegram in duplicate to Charles M. Schwab, President of the Bethlehem company, and the Executive Committee of the striking workmen:

> The Department of Commerce and Labor has decided to make an immediate investigation of conditions in South Bethlehem, Penn., bearing upon the present strike situation. An officer of the department will go to South Bethlehem to-morrow.

Just what amount of Government work is under contract in the plant of the Bethlehem Company at this time is unknown, but it is said to amount to many millions of dollars.

In a statement issued by the strikers recently, which purported to come from one of the clerks of the Bethlehem Company, the amount of the Government work on hand in South Bethlehem was given as $40,000,000. This was said to consist principally of armor plate, steel armor-piercing shells, gun mountings, and large castings of parts of the turrets of the battleship Florida, which the Government is now building.

ROOSEVELT VETOES TOUR OF THE WEST

Continued from Page 1.

Roosevelt, and Capt. Clayton to Miss Ethel. Col. Roosevelt showed a surprising familiarity with the positions, and discussed the strategy employed.

Premier's Son Meets Party.

Here the son of the English Premier, Herbert Asquith, was presented to the Roosevelts, and the party returned in an hour to the Elfin, all glad to have seen the battlefield, but agreeing that camel riding was less agreeable than going horseback.

The City of Omdurman was bathed in the light of the quarter moon and the stars as the Elfin passed, making a picture of surprising beauty, increased by the strange contrast of the mud houses with the more modern European structures of Khartoum just across the river.

Capt. Clayton gave a dinner to-night in honor of the Roosevelts at the palace.

FRANK FOR ROOSEVELT.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Representative Hamilton Fish, Republican, of New York, is determined that Congress shall give ex-President Roosevelt free postage, and to-day he argued before the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads in favor of his bill having that end in view.

Mr. Fish told the committee that George Washington, John Adams, Thomas Jefferson and James Madison had been similarly honored. In 1825 a law was passed giving ex-Presidents as well as members of Congress the free use of the mails, but this was repealed in 1873. Later Congressmen again got the privilege by law.

"In view of the distinguished services of our only living ex-President," Mr. Fish said, "I think it is as little as Congress can do to allow him the franking privilege."

MEDIATION AVERTS BIG RAILWAY STRIKE

Commissioners Knapp and Neill, at Railroads' Request, to Act for Peace.

LEAVE FOR CHICAGO TO-DAY

Their Efforts Will Insure Settlement of Controversy, Say Railroad Managers —Firemen Not So Confident.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Danger of an immediate strike of 27,000 locomotive firemen on Western railroads and the contingent throwing out of employment of more than 125,000 other employes was averted to-day through the acceptance of mediation from the Federal authorities at Washington.

At the request of the General Managers of the forty-seven Western railroads involved, Chairman Martin A. Knapp of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and Commissioner of Labor C. P. Neill telegraphed an offer of Federal mediation to the union officers. This offer was accepted, W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, stipulating that action must begin without delay.

The appeal to Washington was taken as an eleventh-hour move to prevent a walk-out which, it was declared, threatened the greatest railroad strike since that of 1894. Thirty-seven members of the Western Federated Board of the Brotherhood last midnight formally voted for a strike.

The hour for striking had been set for next Monday morning, and the members were prepared to start for their homes to put the strike into action, when the mediation steps were taken. The mediators will come to Chicago, and, according to Mr. Carter, will not arbitrate the questions in dispute, but will determine what shall be arbitrated. The questions involve wages, which both sides had agreed to arbitrate, and two other technical points, involving promotion and representation in the union. These latter subjects, the brotherhood contends, must be arbitrated, but the railroads assert they cannot be arbitrated because they relate to internal union disputes.

"If the mediation falls through the strike will go right on as planned," said Mr. Carter to-night. The acceptance of mediation was contained in this telegram sent by the brotherhood to Messrs. Neill and Knapp.

> Matters in controversy involve conditions of employment and increase in wages. Committee preparing to leave city, but if assurance is given that mediation will begin immediately and in the City of Chicago, authority of the men to leave the service of the companies will be temporarily withheld. The fact that we have proposed arbitration on all matters in controversy and the fact that the managers' committee have rejected our proposition does not lead our men to expect a settlement from mediation, but as evidence of our fairness will accept your friendly offices under the conditions named herein.

At the same time a letter was sent to the general managers as follows:

> Dear Sirs: Your letter of March 15 has been received, in which you communicate the information that the managers' committee has invoked the aid of the Erdman act and that the honorable Chairman of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the honorable United States Commissioner of Labor have been requested by the managers' committee to tender their good offices.
>
> This is to advise the managers' committee that the Chairman of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Labor have tendered by wire their friendly offices in an endeavor to settle through mediation the pending controversy.
>
> The proposition of our committee that matters in controversy be submitted to arbitration is evidence of the regard we have for the interests of the public, and after giving the matter further consideration our committee instructs me to notify the managers' committee that it has accepted the good offices of the Chairman of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and the Commissioner of Labor in an effort to reach an amicable adjustment of matters in dispute, provided that such mediation shall be conducted in the City of Chicago and without delay.
>
> Our committee again insists that aside from the interests of the public there are no other parties concerned in this dispute except the railways represented by the managers' committee and the employes represented by our committee.

In a statement given out to-night the general managers said: "All prospects of a strike are over. There will be none. Settlement of the whole controversy by mediation and arbitration is assured."

WASHINGTON, March 15.—For the purpose of trying to bring about by mediation a friendly settlement of the controversy between the railway lines west of Chicago and their firemen and enginemen, Chairman Knapp of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and Dr. Charles P. Neill, Commissioner of Labor, will start for Chicago to-morrow morning.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., March 15.—"Railroads are between the devil and the deep sea in treating with the Brotherhood of Firemen," said E. P. Ripley, President of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad, to-day. "We cannot grant the firemen's demand for an increase without throwing the burden on the public; and we are not allowed to do that, like every one else does. I mean we cannot raise freight rates to meet a higher wage scale."

BIG FOUR MEN ASK MORE PAY.

Better Living Conditions, Too, Committee Representing 3,000 Engineers, Tells Manager.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, March 15.—Eight men, representing in all more than 3,000 engineers on the Big Four Railroad, came here late this afternoon and informed General Manager J. Q. Van Winkle of that road that they wished higher wages and better working conditions. It was the General Committee from the Brotherhood of Railway Engineers, headed by Chairman E. E. James of Cleveland.

They said very little, according to what could be learned, but told Mr. Van Winkle that they must have more money and conditions of work which will enable them to have more time at home and hours a little more regular than they have been having. Mr. James later told the newspaper men that the engineers had said nothing about a strike, and that since the subject had just been put to the road officials he could not say what will be done.

"For many years our working conditions have been in a bad shape," said Chairman James. "Within the past eighteen months living expenses have gone up tremendously, so that we will have to have at least 10 per cent. more if we desire to live comfortably. We told Mr. Van Winkle this and he is considering the request now, which will later be considered by other officials of the road. The strike in the West has nothing to do with our coming here, and we will not be guided by anything done there."

NEW HAVEN STRIKE POLL.

Trainmen Leaders, Not Liking Company's Terms, Order Vote on Walk Out

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, March 15.—Officials of the Brotherhood of Conductors, Enginemen, Trainmen and Yardmen to-day agreed to order a poll of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad system, and to-night completed plans for the vote to begin to-morrow, granting them power to arbitrarily call a strike, because the railroad has declined to grant most of their demands for revised wage and time schedules.

In case the vote is favorable, they will probably call a general strike next week of the union employes belonging to the four brotherhoods on the railroad system if they decide to do so at all. The decision to order a strike poll was made after the brotherhood officials to-day discussed in detail the response made by General Manager Higgins to their demands. The Grievance Committees tried to find President Mellen, to make a final appeal to him, but he had gone to Providence, and word was sent to them at the railroad headquarters that it would be impossible for them to see him for several days. The strike poll was then immediately decided upon. It is planned to have the polls close Saturday and the votes counted here Monday. The result will be announced Tuesday to the railroad officials.

The order for a poll gives this presentation of the controversy from the railway employes' viewpoint:

> March the 14th.—General Manager Higgins gave the committee representing the conductors, trainmen, and yardmen on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad a fantastic proposition in answer to the request filed by the men Jan. 3 for increased compensation and better working rules. The offer is in effect a ten-hour day instead of eleven hours, as now in freight service, to change the basis of overtime to passenger men from a flat eleven-hour day to a speed basis per mile, the result of which would be quite a saving to the company in passenger overtime. The proposition also involves abolishing all the eight-hour yards and putting them on a ten-hour basis, and then gives all yardmen a slight increase per day, but which would cause men now working in eight-hour yards to receive from 2 to 2½ cents per hour less than they now receive. No increase in rates of pay was offered to men in road service.
>
> The committee was given to understand that all the offer was to be accepted or nothing and that it would be withdrawn unless accepted in its entirety. The committee by unanimous vote declined to accept the proposition. The entire subject matter has been referred to the conductors, trainmen, and yardmen of the system for them to decide whether or not they will leave the service, provided a settlement satisfactory to the committee cannot be obtained.
>
> An effort was made to see President Mellen. He could not be seen personally until the 18th. In consideration of the delay already met with the committee declined to wait further and the men will begin to vote to-night.

No statement from the railroad company could be obtained.

ALLDS GOT BIG SLICE OF BILL STATE PAID

Argus Company Gave Him $6,000 or $7,000 Out of $21,000 Claim—Not Active as Counsel.

TELLS IT UNDER PROTEST

Litigation Affecting the Claim Was Pending When He Was Retained—Defense Attacks Witness Moe.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 15.—Senator Jotham P. Allds of Chenango, on trial before the Senate on a $1,000 bribery charge preferred by Senator Benn Conger, left the witness stand to-day, his cross-examination completed, after James W. Osborne, counsel for Senator Conger, had drawn from him some significant admissions with reference to a cash deposit of $4,200 made by the accused Senator on May 29 last year.

Martin W. Littleton of counsel for Senator Allds objected at every step, and at one stage of the proceedings Senator Allds himself appealed to Senator Davis of Erie, the presiding officer, and to his brother Senators for protection against the gruelling to which he was being subjected by Mr. Osborne. As a result of the cross-examination regarding the origin of this large sum of money, deposited in bills, Mr. Allds was compelled to make these admissions:

That the $4,200 was part of a fee of from $6,000 to $7,000 which Senator Allds received as counsel for The Argus Publishing Company in a suit brought against the State of New York in the Court of Claims for the recovery of $34,705 for State Printing.

That the name of Senator Allds did not appear anywhere in the record of the case as attorney, nor did he at any time appear in court, the suit being settled by a "pro confesso," resulting in a compromise.

That Senator Allds received his fee in cash instead of a check, that he gave no receipt, and that as far as he knew there was not a line in writing to show that he had been connected with the case or why he got the money.

That at this time there was legislation pending before the Senate which had a vital bearing on The Argus Company's claim, and that Senator Allds had suggested to his association counsel that he do something to have such legislation passed.

That the attorney of record in The Argus Company suit was George E. T. Kely, who was a member of the Assembly Committee on Rules in 1901, the year when the highway bill Senator Conger swore he paid Allds $1,000 to help defeat, was killed there.

An Attack on Moe.

After Senator Allds had left the witness stand his place was taken by Albert H. Hamilton of Auburn, who described himself as a "chemist-micoscropist," and qualified as a handwriting expert. Mr. Hamilton testified that acids had been used in making changes on the stub of the $6,500 check, with the proceeds of which Hiram G. Moe of Groton has sworn that he bribed three legislators, including Senator Allds, on the last day of the 1901 session.

The handwriting expert also testified that changes had been made in the draft bought account of the First National Bank in Groton, which contains the record of the transaction testified to by "Hi" Moe, who said he received two $3,000 drafts on New York and $500 in cash when he deposited Frank Conger's check for $6,500.

The expert testified that the amount recorded on the stub had been raised from $6,000 to $6,500, and that the words "Albany matter," which were made so much of by Mr. Osborne when "Hi" Moe was on the stand, had been written in with different ink and within the last six months.

Counsel for Senator Allds hope to prove to the satisfaction of the Senate that these words were written after Senator Conger brought his charge against their client.

Allds Forced to Answer.

The sixth week of the bribery investigation before the Senate opened with the hearing to-day. Senator Allds was summoned to the stand at once by Mr. Osborne. There was a decided falling off in the number of spectators in the Senate galleries and in the reserved spaces in the Senate Chamber.

It was not long before Mr. Osborne called the attention of Senator Allds to the forty-two-hundred-dollar deposit.

"From whom did you get these bills?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"The committee will recall that this question was asked two or three days ago and that it was answered by my client so far as to state that it was the proceeds of a fee for private litigation," said Mr. Littleton for Senator Allds. "I think there should be some limitations to this inquiry, and I object to this question."

Mr. Littleton added that he had told Mr. Osborne all about the case and directed him to a person who could verify all he had said, and that it was manifestly improper that the matter be gone into any further.

"That statement is not correct," retorted Mr. Osborne. "Any statement he has made to me has not been verified by the other side. On the contrary, I went through these records myself and could find no evidence that Senator Allds figured in that particular lawsuit."

Senator Davis sustained the objection, but reversed himself after the insurgents in a body had arisen and taken an appeal from the ruling. Senator Allds then admitted that the suit was that of the Argus Company against the State of New York.

"How much did you receive altogether?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I could not tell you now," said Senator Allds.

"Why, it was only last year."

"Well, I know it, but I have no definite recollection. Somewhere near $6,000 or $7,000, I should say, would be the share of the compensation that came to me."

Mr. Allds did not recollect the amount of the claim or how much was recovered, not even within $10,000. He knew that the recovery took place some time last Spring.

"Were you in court when the judgment was rendered?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I could not swear positively," said the witness.

"Did you look up a single law book in reference to the case?"

"Yes, Sir, a series of decisions of the Court of Appeals with reference to the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims."

"Tell me one," shouted Mr. Osborne.

Here again Mr. Littleton objected on the ground that it was immaterial, as Senator Allds was not on trial for having tried that case well or badly.

"Do I have to answer that proposition" retorted Mr. Osborne. "If you want to know what I am driving at, I claim that this money was not given to him because he was a lawyer at all. Now do I make myself clear?"

The witness finally was compelled to answer and gave two cases he had studied.

Allds's Memory Fails.

Then Mr. Osborne asked the witness when he had been retained. Senator Allds said he could not say; could not fix it even within three years.

"You mean to say that you cannot tell this Senate what time you were retained in a lawsuit which netted you such a fee as this?"

"With the lapse of time I have given you the best information I could," said the witness.

"Don't you think that your memory should be a little more alert regarding matters of this importance which happened only a short time ago, than about immaterial details that occurred in 1901?"

Mr. Littleton again rushed to the aid of his client. He said Mr. Osborne couldn't remember all the fees he had received himself in the last twenty years.

"I can tell you every hundred dollars I ever got in my life and the time and place," exclaimed Mr. Osborne.

"He is bluffing, that's all," said Mr. Littleton.

"If I can't do that I can show my little book," retorted counsel for Conger.

"Have you any way on earth to stimulate your memory so as to tell the Senate when you were retained in regard to that claim?" was asked of the witness.

"I could only tell approximately after I had consulted the date of the filing of the original claim, and that would only be approximate," said the witness.

"Now, what's the name of the man who retained you?"

Here Mr. Littleton objected, first on the ground that it was a confidential matter between counsel and client, and then on the ground that it was immaterial anyhow. When Mr. Littleton had done Senator Allds arose and turned to the presiding officer.

"If this has to do with any matter in which I had represented a member of my family I would feel authorized to answer that question because I would feel that they would waive every claim. In relation to other matters I am perfectly willing to give the general nature of the business done, and if in the judgment of the Chair and my fellow-lawyers in this circle I am called on to disclose the relation of attorney and client I shall have to abide by their decision."

Had No Retainer.

After there had been some more argument Senator Davis overruled the objection and Senator Allds replied that he had been called upon the telephone by Edward Murphy, 2d, a son of former United States Senator Edward Murphy of Troy. The younger Murphy was President of The Argus Company. Senator Allds said he could not state when he was retained.

Q.—Can you tell me whether it was four years ago? A.—I told you, Sir, that the best I could do was to say that it was some time prior to the drawing of the pleadings which were first filed, the first claim filed.

Q.—Did you consult with any lawyer after that? A.—Oh, yes; George T. Kelly, Esq.

Q.—George Kelly? Did you have a contract as to what your fee was to be in case he recovered? A.—No, we had no preliminary contract.

Q.—Did you ever have a contract as to what your fee was to be? A.—Now, I could not say definitely about that.

Q.—As a lawyer, do you mean to tell the brother members of this committee here that you cannot recollect what was your contract of retainer that you had with regard to this claim? A.—No, Sir; I mean to say just that I cannot at present recollect.

Q.—Was it a contingent fee?

Mr. Littleton again interposed the objection that the privileged relations between client and counsel made that question improper. The objection was overruled, and Mr. Allds replied that the arrangement called for a per diem payment for the preliminary work, and that the other part was left open for the future.

Q.—Now, did you receive any retainer in cash? A.—Oh, no, Sir.

Q.—Did you ever send him a bill? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Never did? You never sat down and wrote him a letter that you would like to have a little on account at any time? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—And you waited until the case was finally settled, and then you got your part, did you? A.—I waited until the case was settled before I received my compensation.

Tells of Work He Did.

Q.—Did you write a brief and hand it into the court? A.—Why, no, the matter—

Q.—Did you? that is all. A.—There was no brief in the case; the Court of Appeals had decided it already.

Q.—You did not hand in any brief of any sort? A.—I had a brief with the Attorney General.

Q.—Did you file a brief with the Attorney General? A.—Not file it, no.

Q.—Did you hand him one; I do not care whether you call it filing it or not? A.—I submitted to him my point of view of the law.

Q.—That is you went and talked with him; is that what you mean? A.—Oh, no, it was a written memoranda of these cases involved in the proposition.

Q.—Did you make written memoranda? A.—I think so; yes, Sir.

Q.—Is that the best answer that you can make, that you think so. Will you state now under oath that you handed in any paper whatever to the Attorney General? A.—I did not hand in anything to the Attorney General. We consulted together day in and day out; this thing took two weeks, four weeks, to thresh out.

Q.—That is, you threshed it out with conversations with the Attorney General? A.—Oh, no; there is where a Deputy Attorney General that is assigned to the claims matters goes over the proposition, the evidence, and the figures. You see, this was a long-standing account, which involved among other things, thousands upon thousands of items and payments, and it took us three or four weeks to thresh the thing out to him and the arrangement where we finally compromised and released part of our claim as originally filed.

Q.—Then, as I understand it, the work you did was in going to see the Attorney General—is that it, the Deputy? A.—And sitting down with the Attorney General and going over the various questions with the expert, the printer expert.

Q.—Now, when was the money paid to you? A.—I could not tell you what day.

Q.—Where was it paid to you? A.—In Troy.

Q.—Who handed it to you? A.—Mr. Murphy.

Q.—Did he hand it to you in bills? A.—It was in bills.

Q.—How many thousand dollars did he hand you in bills? A.—I could not tell you now.

Q.—Was it $6,000 or $7,000? A.—It ranged if you give me the amount of the judgment I could tell, I think, possibly, but I do not know.

Mr. Osborne offered in evidence a certified copy of the judgment.

"Now the amount of the claim recovered was $21,500; does that refresh your memory as to the other part I asked you?" asked counsel.

"It would not refresh it as to the exact amount which I received, but it would refresh it as to approximately what was received by Mr. Kelly and myself. I should say that approximately it would be around $8,000, from that sum that you have mentioned," said the witness.

Q.—How much did you get? A.—I could not tell you exactly, somewhere between $6,000 and $7,000.

Q.—And did you ask Mr. Murphy to give it to you in bills, or was that his suggestion? A.—I do not think there was any suggestion about it at all.

Q.—Did you give him a receipt? A.—It would be my impression.

He Gave No Receipt.

"Answer my question—did you give him a receipt?" shouted Mr. Osborne. "Did I understand you to say that you did not?"

"I do not think I did; no, Sir," said Senator Allds.

"Was there a single paper on record, either by way of receipt, check, voucher, affidavit, to indicate that you had any connection with this litigation?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"I could not answer that question fairly either yes or no," said Senator Allds.

"At this time can you think of any paper or record, anything in writing of any sort in any public office anywhere, that indicates that you had any interest in the case?"

"I could not definitely draw your attention to one that is definitely in my mind," said the witness.

"Have you any paper or book of account showing the services that you rendered in this case?"

"No, Sir; I do not think I kept a book of account. I do not think I disbursed any money in this case, consequently it would not appear on the little book where you keep accounts of money you spend for clients."

Mr. Osborne called the attention of the witness to the passage of a bill amending the code so as to make it possible for The Argus Company to collect his claim. It was a general bill passed at the recommendation of Gov. Hughes after special acts covering merely The Argus case had been vetoed first by Gov. Higgins and afterward by himself.

Allds said that he could not recollect whether he voted for the bill, but thought that if he had been opposed to it he would recollect.

"Do you think that it is ethical in a Senator or any other member of a Legislature to be present in the Legislature and acting on legislation which affects claims in which he is a counsel?" asked Mr. Osborne.

Mr. Littleton objected on the ground that this was an unfair question to ask.

"I propose to show that one enabling act after another was necessary to be put through before that claim could be recovered against the State and during all this time this gentleman was on the floor of the House, acting as attorney or counsel for the claimant," said Mr. Osborne.

"I am going to protest against those poisonous insinuations made by counsel regarding the witness on the stand and regarding his conduct in this particular matter," said Mr. Littleton wrathfully. "If he has anything to prove, let him offer it. And I insist that when he makes those statements the atmosphere is poisoned, which comes alone from the venom of the other side."

"While these claims were pending in the Court of Claims, there were several enabling acts from time to time presented to the Legislature, were there not?" asked Mr. Osborne.

"Well, now there might have been, but I have not any present recollection about the enabling acts," said Senator Allds.

Q.—Why, you were the principal counsel in the case, were you not? A.—I was counsel.

Q.—And do you mean to tell the Senate you don't know anything about the various enabling acts that were presented, to enable your claimant to enjoy the proofs of his claims? A.—I remember that I advised Mr. Kelly that I had grave doubts whether the court had or had not jurisdiction. It was left open by the previous decision, and that to cover that contingency, if he could get a claim bill passed, it would be wise.

It appeared that attempts to pass such legislation had been made in 1905 and 1906, but the bills were vetoed by Gov. Hughes. The proposition was then put in the general form finally approved by Gov. Hughes.

Attorney Osborne concluded Allds's cross-examination at 3:08, and Attorney Littleton began his redirect examination. He had his client account for the big deposit he made with his New York brokers, Colgate & Co., on May 3, 1901. Allds said he sent the broker a draft from the Albany Savings Bank for $4,000, thus covering the whole sum. It appeared that the money was entered on the recipients' books as "cash."

Other witnesses besides Senator Allds and Hamilton, the handwriting expert, were U. D. McLean, a bookkeeper of the Albany Savings Banks, and W. A. Smyth, the Owego editor who asked the late Senator Platt to interevene for the defeat of the Highway bill on which the Conger charges are based. When Mr. Smyth was on the stand Senator Caffrey of New York asked him a series of questions, bringing out the fact that the witness had not informed either of the Congers that Senator Platt had succeeded in killing the bill.

To-day's Battle of Experts.

To-day will be given over to the testimony of the handwriting experts. Mr. Littleton, besides the Auburn man, has retained David N. Carvalho. Mr. Osborne has retained A. S. Osborne of Rochester, an expert who has figured in many important cases in the New York courts.

The substance of the expert testimony to-day was that testing acids had been used on many of the exhibits, presumably indicating that the counsel for Conger felt somewhat dubious of the genuineness of the documentary proofs put in evidence.

Mr. Hamilton also testified that the "Albany matter" entry had been made in an aniline ink which was not in use nine years ago when the check and drafts were made, and that the test solutions used on the exhibits had clearly demonstrated through its different effect on different portions of the writings that the ink in some portions was so old that the acid had no effect on it, while on the other portions the ink had dissolved under the acid, showing that the writing was more recent.

Mr. Littleton will assert that changes were made to suit the allegations made in the investigation. The hearing will be resumed to-morrow.

TAFT RAILROAD BILL HAS NO DEFENDERS

Continued from Page 1.

ing of bills the passage of which he recommended, and then referred to the many messages from Mr. Taft, nearly all of which ended wih the announcement that a bill on the subject had been prepared by the Attorney General and was subject to the call of the appropriate committee.

"I do not speak of the loss of dignity and honor and power of this body as the result of this policy of the President," said Mr. Cummins. "That is incidental. But I do speak with the greatest seriousness of the loss of responsibility arising when the bills come in full from another source with the simple request that they be passed intact by this body."

Cummins's Objections to It.

After reciting the history of the bill at the hands of the special commission and in committee, in which he asserted that it had been changed at Attorney General Wickersham's suggestion, so as to omit specific provision that the jurisdiction of the proposed Court of Commerce should be no greater or different than that of the Circuit Courts at present. Mr. Cummins took up the detailed discussion of the provisions of the bill. His speech will probably last three days, and to-day he touched on only two of his objections to the measure.

First, he opposed entirely the institution of the Court of Commerce as unnecessary and expensive. He asserted that not to exceed seven or eight cases a year would come before the court, and that the cost would not be much short of $100,000 per annum. He also argued that any court created for the trial of railroad cases alone would be unwise, because of the influences that would surround the selection of members of the court, and because of "the tremendous power of the railroads."

Mr. Cummins also pointed out the possibility of an enlargement of the jurisdiction of the proposed court over that now exercised by the United States Circuit Courts. He thought the jurisdiction should be made as specific as possible.

Where It Hits the Shippers.

Second, the Senator attacked as "more serious and disastrous than any of these objections, the blow dealt the shipper in the bill" by the section prohibiting the complaining shipper from being represented by counsel in conjunction with the Department of Justice in cases before the Court of Commerce.

Such a course, he contended, would have the effect of giving the Department of Justice the power of secret review, from which there could be no appeal or redress. This course, he thought, must necessarily destroy the effectiveness of the law.

Mr. Elkins defended the provision for the utilization of the services of the Attorney General, but he was antagonized by Senator Bailey, who said that if the provision were retained the railroads would be more interested in the selection of an Attorney General than of the President himself.

Senator Bailey declared that he for one did not care what the Republicans did with the bill so they did not pass it. Mr. Bailey is far from having the solid support of the minority, but his declaration against the measure means that there will be quite a number of Democrats who will also oppose the measure on the final vote. The insurgents are expected for the most part to vote for the bill in the end, after fighting for the amendments.

Amendments by Bristow.

Senator Bristow of Kansas offered a long list of amendments to the bill, the most important of which looks to the complete elimination of the proposed Commerce Court.

Other amendments offered by Mr. Bristow look to the continued representation of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in any proceedings in which the commission may be interested; providing against the granting of an injunction staying the orders of the commission except by a full court and after a hearing, and requiring that the traffic agreements authorized by the bill shall not become effective until approved by the commission. Another amendment authorizes the commission to fix a minimum as well as a maximum rate.

In spite of the fact that the debate will be largely one sided, it seems now unlikely that the insurgents will get the upper hand. The inertness of the regulars comes from an inherent dislike for all railroad control, but that dislike would be aroused to open activity should there be a chance for the insurgents to put iron teeth into the Administration measure.

The regulars have accepted the President's bill as modified as the easiest way for them to get out of the railroads, but they will do all in their power to prevent the bill from increasing in severity as it passes through Congress.

Aldrich Got Taft's Ear Last.

When Senator Cummins referred to the manner in which the bill had been changed by Attorney General Wickersham so as to omit the specific provision that the jurisdiction of the proposed court of commerce should be no greater or different than that of the circuit courts at present, he stopped just short of a most interesting disclosure.

The rules of the Senate make it improper for a Senator to refer on the floor to what has occurred in committee room, and that probably accounts for Senator Cummins's failure to go into the details of what occurred on the occasion to which he referred. But it was learned this evening that what happened at that time was substantially this:

Mr. Wickersham had expressed his own willingness to include the specific provision as to the jurisdiction of the Commerce Court and Mr. Aldrich had objected. Nowithstanding Mr. Aldrich's objection Mr. Wickersham had written in the amendment. But when the next committee print appeared that amendment was omitted. At the next meeting there was some question as to why it had been left out. Mr. Wickersham is reported to have said again that he was in favor of it, and that the President also was willing to have it in the bill. Thereupon, it was reported to-night, Senator Aldrich retorted:

"No, he is not. I have seen him since you have, and I know where he stands."

Among the Republican opponents of the bill as it stands this conversation is regarded as extremely significant.

House Amends Townsend Bill.

Two vital amendments to the Townsend bill were adopted by the House Committee on Inter-State Commerce to-day. The amendments as announced by Chairman Mann of the Inter-State and Foreign Commerce Committee are as follows:

"The amendments to Section 12, agreed to by the committee, forbid a railroad corporation from acquiring the capital stock of any water carrier corporation as well as any railroad company which is directly and substantially competitive, and also forbid a water carrier corporation from acquiring the stock of a railroad or water carrier line which is directly and substantially competitive, and also forbid the acquirement by one common carrier of the stock of a competing railroad or water carrier where any suit is now pending under the Sherman anti-trust law. The amendments also prohibit the same person from acting as an officer or director of two railroad companies which are directly and substantially competitive.

"The amendments to Section 14, agreed to by the committee, provide that in case of the reorganization of any insolvent railroad corporation or in the case of a merger of any non-competitive railroad lines, there shall not be issued stock in excess of the value of the recognized or merged companies in excess of the fair estimated value of the property of the reorganized or merged corporations as ascertained by the Inter-State Commerce Commission."

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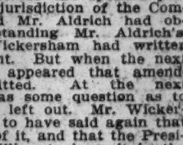

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TAFT FOR HARMONY IN PLEA TO EDITORS

Urges Republican Newspaper Men of Illinois to Stand by His Administration.

CANNON DEFENDS TARIFF

Best Ever Devised, He Says—But Senator Cullom Has Fears of a Democratic Victory.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 15.—Harmony was the keynote of the annual convention of the Illinois Republican Editorial Association to-day. The convention was attended by about 100 Republican editors outside of Chicago.

Harmony and standing by the party were urged in a telegram from President Taft, and in a letter from Senator Cullom the Senator said that unless factional differences were adjusted he foresaw defeat for the party. Speaker Cannon sent a letter explaining and defending the Aldrich-Payne tariff law.

The tariff law and the National and State Administrations were indorsed in resolutions unanimously adopted. Speaker Cannon's application of the present rules of the National House of Representatives was also indorsed.

President's Taft's telegram, addressed to George Rankin, President of the association, was as follows:

Sincerely hope that you will have a full meeting; that there will be harmony, and that the Republican editors of Illinois will stand by the action of the Republican Congress and Republican Administration in reference to the tariff bill and other progressive legislation. The expression of a meeting like the one you have called, arising from a normal, sane, and patriotic Republican attitude, will have much influence for good in Illinois and the rest of the country. WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Speaker Cannon's letter renewed his attack on the "insurgents" and declared that all the pledges of the platform will be kept by the Republican Party if it has the continued support of the people. The letter in part said:

The Republican Party has not discarded any of its principles nor has it sought new issues simply for the purpose of catching the crowd ever ready for novelties. Where it has added new planks to its platform it has kept its pledges. Republican majorities in the House and Senate, co-operating with the President, placed the Payne tariff law on the statute books Aug. 5, or within less than five months from the beginning of the session.

Within six months after its enactment that law has demonstrated that it is the best revenue producer as well as the most scientific adjustment of protective duties we have ever had, fully justifying the President's declaration that it is the best tariff law ever enacted. The Republican Party did not promise a free trade tariff, not a downward revision, but a revision in which should be recognized the principle of protection.

In his letter Senator Cullom said:

It seems strange to me, but the Republican Party, with its magnificent record, is in danger of defeat unless we harmonize our differences and present a solid front to the enemy in the coming campaign.

No differences of opinion on the tariff or any other question should be allowed to divide the party, which would surely result in the election of the Democracy.

If we are to be victorious in the coming election the attacks by Republicans on Republicans must cease. The party should uphold its leaders and stand by its principles. No man should be made an issue.

The letter praised the courage and ability of President Taft, saying that his sole aim has been to do what is best for the interests of the whole people.

BLOCK PEARY RECOGNITION.

Naval Affairs Committee Stands by Demand for Full Proofs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—An unsuccessful attempt to discharge the Subcommittee of the House Naval Affairs Committee from further consideration of the various bills to have Congress reward Commander Robert E. Peary for his north pole discovery was made to-day by Representative Englebright of California.

The committee voted that the subcommittee should continue its investigation of the Peary claims, which means that until the explorer submits to it his original proofs of the discovery of the pole action upon pending bills before it will be delayed.

Better Times for Telegraphers.

The officers of the New York branch of the Commercial Telegraphers Union reported yesterday that since the new night rate for telegrams went into effect the demand for telegraphers is increasing and all the men who were on part time are by degrees being put on full time. National President S. J. Konenkamp of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union came here from Chicago recently and reported that the telegraph business is improving everywhere.

ASSAILS OIL TRUST AS BUSINESS PIRATE

If Unchecked Will Control the Country's Business in Five Years, Declares Kellogg.

PAVING WAY TO ANARCHY

Milburn Admits Possible Wrongs, but Pleads for Consideration Because of the Standard's Trade.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Holding the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey as a danger to the country, and that its organization, as a commercial precedent, must be eradicated from the business world, Frank B. Kellogg to-day arraigned the corporation before the Supreme Court of the United States with all the power of his eloquence. It was the Government's turn to be heard in the argument over the dissolution of the Standard Oil Company as decreed by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Missouri.

Except about twenty minutes that John G. Milburn consumed at the beginning of the sitting in the conclusion of his opening address, and about an equal length of time occupied by D. T. Watson at the close of the day, both in defense of the Standard Oil, all the time was taken up by Mr. Kellogg.

His object was to give a history of Standard Oil and its activities, which he denominated as monopolistic. He charged that the company had "waved the black flag over the land as others have done over the ocean," and that if permitted to go unchecked "it will control every industry in this country in five years."

Mr. Kellogg seemed inclined to leave many of these points of law for the discussion of Attorney General Wickersham, who is to close the case for the Government to-morrow. John G. Johnson will close for the company.

Suit Unjust, Says Milburn.

In Mr. Milburn's closing argument for the company he devoted himself to some observations on the income of Standard Oil. He complained that the Government unjustly computed the percentage of permits on the original capital. He argued that capital assets should be the basis of this computation. This would show the net profit to be 25 per cent. per annum during the years 1900-1906, when there was such a great development of the by-products. He also spoke briefly of prices, asserting that tables he presented showed there was no arbitrary action.

"This company has been under search as no other concern has ever been," said Mr. Milburn. "The power of the United States Government as it exists has reached right into the vitals of this organization.

"Here is an organization that has had a continuous life of forty years. I don't say the men in it have never done anything wrong. Judge us, I ask you, by human standards. I have no doubt it has done things that it has had no right to do. But it has done this: It has fought for the marketing of an American product; for the delivery of an American product all over the inhabitable globe. It has built it up with capital and undaunted courage. We beg of this court that if we are found to be doing wrong, enjoin us from doing that, but in the name of justice do not destroy the organization which has accomplished such results unless there is nothing else to do."

Kellogg Begins His Attack.

The next moment Mr. Kellogg began his argument on behalf of the Government.

"If your Honors please," said Mr. Kellogg, "this is the second time I have listened to that passionate appeal to protect American foreign commerce. It has always been the slogan in this case. As a matter of fact the Standard Oil has not increased American percentage of exports of this product. The percentage exported previous to 1871 was greater than it has been since." He then quoted figures to support this statement.

"For many years the Standard did not create a market," continued Mr. Kellogg, "or increase it. Those markets were made by independents by struggling in competition for the commerce of the world."

With this as an introduction Mr. Kellogg launched into the history of the Standard Oil as discussed by Mr. Milburn, and concluded by telling of the purchasing and closing up of refineries.

"That was the genius of Mr. Rockefeller," shouted Mr. Kellogg, turning to Mr. Milburn, whose words he quoted.

Pausing for a moment, Mr. Kellogg then made his bitterest attack on the men behind Standard Oil.

"They have waved the black flag over the land as others have done over the ocean," he said. "Do I deny they have demonstrated their ability? No. They have competed with an ability unequaled in this country.

"With the Standard Oil Company's ramifications, its influence, and its money power, give it carte blanche, let it combine, as Mr. Watson suggests, and let it cut prices as Mr. Milburn speakes about, and I predict it will control every industry in this country in ten years, yea, in five years."

But a Step to Anarchy.

"What makes a great country?" he asked. "Not great corporations. It is the individual; the independent proprietor with the star of hope that has always been held out to man before him. Your Honors, it is but a step from combination to Socialism, and but another from Socialism to Anarchy."

Justice Lurton asked Mr. Kellogg if he would not reply to the claim that all the Standard Oil properties had always had common owners. The Standard Oil attorneys contend that the property having common owners, there was no restraint of trade in the reorganization of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey in 1890.

"I get the idea," said Justice Lurton, "that the body of the stockholders has always been the same, at least the controlling proportion."

"I think it has not," replied Mr. Kellogg. "The number of stockholders has increased from three to many thousands."

Justice Lurton said he wanted to ask Mr. Milburn just what his claim was.

"It was a body of common owners from the beginning. The individuals changed. A man might sell his interest to another man and the court so finds it," Mr. Milburn replied.

Justice White wanted to know if it were true that the increase of the Standard Oil since 1879 was due to accretion and not to the purchase of new companies.

Mr. Kellogg replied that since that year the Standard had acquired forty-five refineries and fifty-five marketing companies.

"We demanded of the Standard a full list of its acquisitions," said Mr. Kellogg, "but they never produced it."

He recalled Mr. Milburn's statement yesterday that the Standard Oil of Ohio had not dismantled refineries purchased.

Refineries Dismantled.

"Mr. Milburn has not been connected with this case since its beginning as I have," said Mr. Kellogg. "He is not informed on this point. In 1888 Mr. Rogers testified they had dismantled fifty refineries. I may say without exaggeration that Pennsylvania was strewn with dismantled refineries."

In answer to the argument that the corporations which went into the combination in 1890 were non-competing, Mr. Kellogg declared if they were not competing it was because they were in a trust that was void. But this trust, he added, Mr. Rockefeller had testified, had been dissolved pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of Ohio, and it did not lie in the mouth of the Standard Oil to deny that now.

Mr. Milburn said he did not deny it; that he merely asserted the property had common owners.

Just before the court adjourned at noon Mr. Kellogg touched upon some of the methods of competition and management of corporations. He told the court that to meet the purposes of the Standard Oil two balance sheets were kept in one pipe line company. On one of these an employe was credited with a receipt of $22,000,000. He said the employe never got it, and that the Standard declined to tell who did.

"Did they distribute it?" inquired Justice Lurton.

"We don't know. When I asked Mr. Milburn he said he would not gratify my almost feminine curiosity."

502 Per Cent. Profits.

After the recess Mr. Kellogg took up the question of profits. He recited a long list of subsidiary corporations and the profits he said they had earned. The Colonial Oil Company, he said, in 1906 had earned a profit of 502.7 per cent. on its capital stock—

"What?" interrupted Justice White.

"502.7 per cent. on its capital stock and 41.2 per cent. on its net assets," replied Mr. Kellogg.

Mr. Kellogg next discussed the price of oil as compared with other articles and then turned to the pipe line business.

Mr. Kellogg charged that the Standard since its pipe lines had been made common carriers had established delivery stations at "outlandish places, where nobody ever had a refinery. Its rates were prohibitive, the counsel said, and that was the reason applications to use the pipe lines had not been made by independents.

Railroad rates as a means of unfair competition was next considered. He spoke of the number of Standard Oil officials in many railroads.

From the railroad question he returned to what he called the unfair methods of competition were next considered. He the Standard Oil Company selling oil at a loss in Los Angeles, where there was competition, and at a profit in Portland and Seattle, where there was no competition.

Such Competition Dangerous.

"They may say that is only competition, but we say it is competition that is dangerous in the hands of a corporation spreading all over this country."

Bogus independent companies organized by the Standard were likewise classed as dangerous competition.

Mr. Kellogg then turned to a discussion of the purely legal phases of the controversy. Under the common law he urged that the combining of the Standard was before 1899. He argued that the Northern Securities case applied squarely to the present case.

In touching on the claim of common ownership he said at times when it was convenient the opposition dwelt upon corporate entity, but in the present instance they were anxious to go beyond the corporations to the individuals. He urged that the action of the corporations was before the court.

Mr. Kellogg gave way to D. T. Watson for the Standard Oil. Mr. Watson argued that the only thing the Circuit Court below held to be in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law was the combination of 1899. Inasmuch as the Government had not appealed from the decree of the lower court he maintained no other point was before the Supreme Court, and, as he described it, "the things Mr. Kellogg has spent three-fourths of his time talking about have nothing to do with the issue."

LAUGHLIN LEFT $1,500,000.

Widow Gets Personal Belongings and $100,000 Cash—Estate for Children.

PITTSBURG, Penn., March 15.—A Coroner's jury to-day rendered a verdict of "death due to a bullet wound, self-inflicted" in the case of Thomas K. Laughlin of Pittsburg, brother-in-law of President Taft, who was found dead last Thursday by servants in the basement of his palatial home, and whose demise was not made public until Friday afternoon. According to the Coroner's investigation, Mr. Laughlin shot himself about 5:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

The will of the late steel manufacturer was filed in the County Courts to-day. The will disposes of an estate valued at $1,400,000 in personal property and $100,000 in real estate. The instrument bequeaths all personal effects to the wife, Lucy H. Laughlin, including the Woodland Road home, and furnishings, automobiles, books, and valuable paintings, as well as $100,000 in cash. Dr. Thomas M. P. McKenna, his cousin and attending physician, receives $2,500. A sword left by Mr. Laughlin's father and carried by him through the civil war, with some personal jewelry, is left in trust to the Laughlin children.

The residue of the estate is to be held in trust until the youngest surviving child reaches 27 years of age, when it is to be divided share and share alike between the wife and the children.

The will appoints the wife, Lucy H. Laughlin, as sole executrix of the estate, without bond, as trustee, and was executed in February, 1909, with W. C. Moreland and Willis L. King, attorneys, as witnesses.

FAST TRAIN JUMPS TRACK.

Three Trainmen Injured When New York Express Is Wrecked.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 15.—Two mail clerks and an engineer were severely injured to-day when the New York express for Springfield on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad jumped the rails at the Pecowsic curve in the southerly end of this city. The engine rolled down a steep bank to the edge of the Connecticut River, and two mail cars, the baggage car, and one passenger car went off the track, but did not turn over.

The three injured men were taken to the Mercy Hospital here. They are Daniel Ryan of Lynn, a mail clerk; F. F. McAuslan of Boston, a mail clerk. The engineer, Lyman E. Estabrook of New Haven, was the most seriously injured of the three men. All, however, are expected to recover.

The fireman, William Beaupre of Hartford, who jumped from the cab window into the river, had a narrow escape from drowning, but was rescued by two Boston men, who were passengers on the train. They plunged into the river and dragged him out.

The train was on time, and is said to have been running at high speed when taking the curve. None of the passengers was hurt, although every one on board the train was more or less shaken up.

The train left the Grand Central Station, New York City at 9:15 A. M., and was due here at 12:38 P. M.

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CORPORATION TAX DEFENSE PUT IN

It Is an Excise Tax, Not a Direct One, Says Solicitor General's Brief.

NO CONFLICT WITH STATES

In No Way Infringes on Their Power to Authorize Corporations, Government Contends.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The Government's defense of the constitutionality of the corporation tax provision of the new tariff law was submitted to-day in printed form to the Supreme Court of the United States. It is the work of Lloyd W. Bowers, Solicitor General, but bears also the signature of his chief, Attorney General Wickersham. Upon it the Government will shape its oral defense of the law when the corporation tax cases come up for argument, probably on Thursday.

The first point sought to be made is that the tax is not a direct tax upon property, but is an excise tax upon "the carrying on or doing business." The declarations of the statute, as well as decisions of the courts, are relied upon to support this point.

As to the statute, Mr. Bowers says in his brief that it shows the transaction of business to be the subject of the tax, and that the income of business is used merely as measuring the amount of tax, "which rests not upon that income, but upon the occupation from which it is derived."

These reasons, together with the decision of the Supreme Court in the Spreckels case, which the Solicitor General explains as holding that a tax declared in the statute to be laid on business in an amount equivalent to a certain percentage of income is an excise tax on the business, are taken by him as sufficient to show that the corporation tax is an excise on the transaction of business.

However, he proceeds to cite cases to prove that although the tax were laid on the income of business, it would still be an excise upon the business. A list of inheritance tax cases are cited to show it is an excise tax.

"If a tax upon the exercise of the right to receive property, personal or real, by inheritance is not a direct tax on the property, though (as was true of all the Federal inheritance tax laws) the inheritance tax is measured by the value of the inherited property," said the Solicitor General, "it must be equally true that a tax upon the exercise of the right to use property in one or another kind of business—especially under the peculiar conditions and advantages of corporate business—is not a direct tax."

In his consideration of cases bearing upon the point of whether the corporation tax was a direct tax or an excise, Mr. Bowers refers to the famous income tax cases. He says these cases have been interpreted, undoubtedly with the concurrence of the entire Supreme Court, as referring to a tax imposed upon property solely by reason of its ownership.

"That must mean," says the Solicitor General, "a tax upon property by reason of its mere existence or ordinary enjoyment, though the property is not put to some special use. A tax upon business is not a tax imposed upon property 'solely by reason of its ownership,' for, if the property is not put to business use, no tax falls upon it or its income."

Not a Franchise Tax, Bowers Says.

It is in the argument that the tax is not a direct one that Mr. Bowers first considers the assertion that, inasmuch as the tax is not levied on partnerships or individuals but is put on corporations and joint stock companies, it is therefore assessed on franchises. The distinction between partnerships and individuals on the one hand and corporations and joint stock companies on the other is explained as not proceedings from the presence or absence of franchises, "but from the wide and important diversity of legal rules affecting the two kinds of business" of these two groups.

"Even if this tax were regarded merely as a tax upon the exercise or use of franchises," continues Mr. Bowers, "instead of being a tax on the entire conduct or transaction of business under many special conditions, it would be altogether different from a direct tax on the franchises themselves. A tax upon the use of franchises in business is no more a direct tax upon the franchises than a tax upon the use of property in business is a direct tax upon the property so used."

Finally, on this point, Mr. Bowers contends that franchises cannot be the specific subject of the tax, as no tax is imposed in any way unless business is actually done.

Also Not a Tax on Shareholders.

The second point Mr. Bowers seeks to make is that the tax is not a direct tax upon the shares of the stockholders, nor upon their income. The reasons given for the tax not being a direct tax on property is held to apply to the assertion that it is not a direct tax on the shares or income of stockholders.

The third point is that the tax does not become direct in the special case of a company engaged in the business of handling or dealing in real estate. Five of the fifteen cases for consideration by the court involve such corporations. Mr. Bowers asserts that they raise no constitutional question, but only the query as to whether they are engaged in "carrying on or doing business." If any corporation is so engaged it is not reached by the statute, he argues.

The fourth point Mr. Bowers seeks to establish is that the tax is not an infraction of the general power of the States to authorize the formation of corporations and stock companies. Even if the tax were on franchises of a State corporation, he says, instead of being on the use of the franchises, it still would not be a tax on the legislative power of the State. Corporate franchises, he adds, grow out of an offer by the State and the act of free choice of election by the persons to whom the offer is extended. Hence, he concludes, franchises are created not by the State, but by the persons who accept them.

No authority exists, Mr. Bowers continues, that holds or "even suggests" that the United States cannot tax the franchises of a State corporation, established for ordinary business purposes, on the theory that such Federal tax will interfere with legislative independence of the States in their own sphere.

"It does not follow, and is not true," he contends, "that the United States may not put by taxation burden or hamper the operations of a State law because a State may not by taxation burden or hamper the operation of a law of the United States."

This statement is explained on the ground of the asserted supremacy of each power of the National Government over all powers of a State, whenever the two meet.

The several objections to the law as an excise tax because of its alleged lack of uniformity are considered by Mr. Bowers. The constitutional requirements are met, he asserts, if the tax is geographically uniform. In this connection he cites cases to substantiate the assertion that an excise tax admits of the greatest freedom of classification of any taxes imposed by Congress.

The Solicitor General urges the point that the tax does not subject the corporations to unreasonable search or seizure by reason of its publicity feature. Neither the making nor the publication of the returns can by any possible view be interpreted as a search or seizure, he contends.

Finally, it is contended that the tax may properly be collected in 1910. This is based on the argument that the tax is not laid on the income which was received before the law went into effect Aug. 5, 1909, but is merely measured by that income.

CANNON NOT PEOPLE'S IDOL.

Country's Most Unpopular Man, Says Dr. Hillis, with Aldrich Next.

DETROIT, March 15.—"I find Speaker Cannon the most unpopular man in the country to-day; Senator Aldrich the next most unpopular man, and I know a vast majority of the voters of the county feel that President Taft has failed lamentably in his effort to run a race with two such weights as Aldrich and Cannon tied to his feet. Roosevelt stripped for the race, but evidently Taft got it into his head that he was too much of a physical and intellectual giant to need the training that Roosevelt gave himself," declared the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis of New York here to-day. Dr. Hillis is on a lecture tour and is making close observations of public sentiment.

"In this year, when Providence has dealt so beneficently with the people in the matter of harvests, when our factories and our mills are turning out more comforts and luxuries for our people than ever before, America, which should be the most contented of nations, is the most discontented," the clergyman continued.

"I feel confident that it is the existing tariff and the high prices for everything that enters into the maintenance of life that have wrought the present discontent of the people. Whether they are right or not they attribute the high prices to the tariff, and they are going to smash the tariff—make no mistake about that."

ONLY ONE WOMAN FOR VOTE.

Dana Canvasses 24 Houses in His District with This Result.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 15.—The recent demonstration of suffragists before the Assembly Judiciary Committee did not convince Assemblyman Charles A. Dana that there was an overwhelming demand on the part of women for the ballot. He said to-day that he had employed a canvasser to make a house-to-house visitation in his district, the Twenty-seventh of New York County, and as a result he made public figures which are discouraging to the women who are demanding "equal privileges."

In twenty-four houses on one of the streets between Fifth and Sixth Avenues Mr. Dana's canvasser found just one woman who wanted the ballot. Ten women were out of the city, five refused to answer, two were not interested, one was considering the question, five answered "no," and one "yes."

The canvasser then took a block of houses on Third Avenue in the same Assembly District. He inquired of each woman tenant as to her interest in woman suffrage. All of them, it is declared, answered that they were not in favor of the extension of suffrage to women. The women were earning their own living or were the wives of men who work at manual labor.

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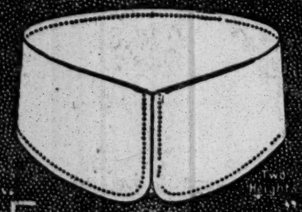

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COUNTESS BLAMES MURDER ON LAWYER

Accused Russian Woman Dramatically Tells Venice Court Prilukoff Ruled Her Soul.

GAVE NO ORDER FOR CRIME

Took Cocaine to See Her Only Love—Duke of the Abruzzi an Interested Spectator.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VENICE, March 15.—The Duke of the Abruzzi was an interested spectator today at the murder trial of Countess Marie Tarnovsky. The Russian Countess is accused of a successful plot to kill her second husband, Count Kamarovsky, and her maid, Marie Perier; a Moscow lawyer named Prilukoff, and a young Russian official named Naumoff are on trial with her, Naumoff having confessed that he was the actual assassin.

Countess Tarnovsky took up her story from the death of Borgensky, whom she had named as her "first and only" love. After he had died in her arms from a bullet fired by her first husband, Count Tarnovsky, her grief was such, she said, that she acquired the cocaine habit as the only means of getting relief. Under the influence of the drug, she declared, she could seem to see Borgensky, and so she kept it up.

It was soon after the death of Borgensky that Prilukoff entered her life, because of his activity in the trial of Count Tarnovsky for killing the young man. Later, she explained, she fell in love with young Naumoff because he seemed to be in despair and because he was good and affectionate to her. About this time Prilukoff persecuted her with the most extraordinary letters.

"What a power Prilukoff had over my very soul!" she cried.

The people in the courtroom gasped with astonishment at this declaration, for they realized at last the bold line of defense which the Countess was about to follow—she to be the victim and Prilukoff the tyrant; she the weak, fascinated woman, and he the strong, compelling man. It was an astonishing reversal of their rôles.

The Presiding Judge said: "Then you were at this time seeking to keep the love of all three men, Naumoff, Prilukoff, and Kamarovsky?"

She replied in trembling tones: "I was seeking some one who would be good and kind, who would help me morally as well as in other ways."

Coming to the actual tragedy, she firmly denied that she had ordered either Naumoff or Prilukoff to kill Kamarovsky. Her tale then became confused, and it was impossible to follow her account of the dispatch and receipt of letters and telegrams to the three men, but on the whole her confession was made with firmness and certainty. She reiterated that she was the rabbit in the cage and Prilukoff was the snake and that she was absolutely subdued by the tyrannical, stronger will. It was evident that she sought to do Prilukoff harm and in some degree to shield Naumoff.

GERMAN ASSAILS PAYNE LAW.

Thinks Germans Should Not Submit to the High Rates.

BERLIN, March 15.—Count von Kanitz, Conservative member, speaking on the subject of appropriations for the Foreign Office in the Reichstag to-day, deplored the fact that Germany submitted to the terms of the Payne tariff law. The balance of trade between the two countries showed, he said, nearly $200,000,000 in favor of the United States, which had exhibited no spirit of reciprocity toward Germany, the position of which was most unfavorable.

"The Americans first impose higher tariffs and then say that they cannot be altered because that is the law," he said. "Perhaps Germany could act similarly and introduce a higher tariff, subsequently saying, 'That is our law.' Our Government, however, was in a bad position. Some sort of an agreement with the United States was necessary. Almost our entire industry recognized that we must submit to the Payne tariff. Nevertheless my party cannot dismiss the fear that our exports will suffer under the agreement reached. Other lands like France have not been frightened by the American tariffs, and I believe that France in the new agreement with the United States will not go so far in concessions as has Germany."

Replying to an inquiry by Prof. Richard Eickhoff, Radical-Liberal, Foreign Secretary von Schoen said that negotiations with the United States looking to a German-American arbitration treaty had in no sense been broken off.

"Our propositions relative to such an arbitration treaty have been presented to the Federal Government at Washington, which as yet has not replied," said the Secretary.

TO LIMIT KAISER'S POWER.

Reichstag Votes to Make the Chancellor Responsible to It.

BERLIN, March 15.—Following a discussion of the appropriation for the salary of the Imperial Chancellor the Reichstag to-day adopted by a small majority the motion of the Socialist member, Herr Ledebour, demanding the introduction of a bill making the Chancellor responsible to the Reichstag for his official acts, and also extending his responsibility to cover all of the acts and documents made by the Emperor for which responsibility he shall be answerable in a court of law.

This motion was the outcome of the discussion of the responsibilities of the Chancellor at the time of the Emperor's famous interview in the Fall of 1908. In this interview, which was published first in The London Daily Telegraph, Emperor William was quoted as reproaching the English for their suspicions of Germany, and with saying, among other things, "You English are mad, mad, mad as March hares. My actions ought to speak for themselves, but you listen not to them but to those who misinterpret and distort them. That is a personal insult, which I feel and resent."

The publication caused a furor and the Radicals, Liberals, and Socialists of the Reichstag argued that some measure of legal responsibility should be imposed upon the Ministers.

By a narrow margin the Reichstag adopted the resolution of the Alsatian member, Preiss, asking for a bill making Alsace-Lorraine a Federal State, with the same status as other States of the empire. Dr. Gregoire, another Alsatian member, offered an amendment, which was adopted, providing that in the event of an Alsatian Parliament being formed its members should be elected by universal, equal, direct, and secret ballot.

Calhoun Sails for China.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—William J. Calhoun, United States Minister to China, accompanied by his wife, sailed today on the steamer Tenyo Maru for his post in Peking.

PEARY'S BOOK IN GERMAN.

Arrangements Made for Its Publication by a Royal Publisher.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 15.—Negotiations were closed in Berlin to-day for the German publication of Commander Robert E. Peary's book, which will be brought out by Wilhelm Suesserott, royal publisher to the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin. Mr. Suesserott also is publishing the German edition of Sir Ernest Shackleton's book on the antarctic expedition. Commander Peary's work is expected to be on sale in the German market in September.

I learn that May 14 is now the date tentatively fixed for Commander Peary's lecture before the Berlin Geographical Society, so it is possible that Messrs. Roosevelt and Peary will meet in Berlin.

WRIGHT PATENTS ATTACKED.

French Syndicate Declares That the Law Has Not Been Obeyed.

PARIS, March 15.—The French aviation syndicate to-day brough suit for the annulment of the Wright patents in France. The petition after setting up the general claim that the Wright brothers, both in America and in France, are trying to obtain a monopoly in mechanical flight, declares that the petitioners are prepared to prove that Patent 342,188, granted in France to the Wrights on March 24, 1904, has been forfeited under the law requiring the exploitation of an invention in France within three years of the date of patent. The petition also asks the annulment of two subsequent patents taken out on Nov. 18, 1907, on the ground that other patents had priority.

When Wilbur Wright was told last evening of the action taken by the French aviation syndicate, he declined to make any comment on the ground that he was not familiar enough with the situation in France to warrant a statement. He believed that the litigation instituted by the syndicate was in all probability in answer to suits previously inaugurated by the French Wright Company against Farman, Blériot, Voisin, and other French aeroplane manufacturers for alleged infringements of the Wrights patents.

These suits, said Mr. Wright, were within the sole province of the French Wright Company, just as those recently brought in Germany were under the guidance of the German Wright Company. When these foreign corporations and the American Wright Company were formed, he explained, each took upon itself the task of defending the claims of the Dayton inventors in the courts of their respective countries.

MAY NOT LET PAULHAN SAIL.

Manager Cleary Invokes Court Aid to Save His Aviation Contract.

Louis Paulhan, the French aviator who has been in trouble ever since he landed in the United States last January, may not after all return to France on the liner Provence when she sails to-morrow, as was his intention. During the two months he has been in the United States Paulhan has received 30,000f. weekly and his expenses under a contract between Edwin Cleary, his manager, and himself, which has still five months to run and is renewable for three months more.

On Saturday Paulhan drew his usual weekly stipend in cash, and then purchased steamship tickets to France for his wife and himself and many of his entourage. On Monday he informed Mr. Cleary that he refused to make further ascents either here or abroad for him. Yesterday it was reported on good authority that Mr. Cleary would appeal to the courts to prevent Paulhan sailing, and would probably be able to do so.

H. A. Toulmin and Pliny W. Williamson, as attorneys for Wilbur and Orville Wright, signed a stipulation yesterday with Clarence J. Shearn, representing Paulhan and Cleary, in the Wright patent suits against the French aviator, by which Mr. Shearn abandons his motion for a reargument of the Paulhan case. Consequently, Judge Hand's decision, granting an injunction restraining Paulhan from making any flights in this country, stands as originally rendered. It was said that Mr. Shearn's next step would be to appeal from this decision at an early date.

PLAN TO REFORM LORDS.

Liberals Would Have a Second House Elected by the People.

LONDON, Wednesday, March 16.—According to The Chronicle, (Liberal,) an organ of the Government, the plan for the reform of the House of Lords upon which the Government will appeal to the country if defeated, provides for the constitution of a second chamber of from 200 to 240 members, elected for a term of seven or nine years, peers or Commoners above the age of 40 years to be eligible for election, which will be by the present Parliamentary voters grouped in larger constituencies. The plan further provides that the new chamber shall have no power in finance, but a revisionary and delaying power in legislation, and that the differences between the two houses shall be adjusted by joint sittings.

The House of Lords yesterday debated the resolutions presented by Lord Rosebery looking to the reform of the second chamber, but it is not likely that a division will be reached until late to-night, or probably Thursday.

FEARS TROUBLE WITH JAPAN.

Prof. Milukoff Declares Manchurian Situation Is Grave for Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.—During the debate upon the appropriations for the Foreign Office in the Duma to-day, Prof. Milukoff, leader of the Constitutional Democrats, sharply criticised the Far Eastern policy of M. Iswolsky, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Taking as a text Russia's rejection of Secretary Knox's proposal for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways and the construction of the Chinchow-Aigun Railroad, he declared that the situation in Manchuria was far more serious than that in the Balkans upon which public attention had been concentrated. The Minister, he said, had made a dangerous mistake in making common cause with Japan. Russian interests in Manchuria were too unimportant to justify the Government in antagonizing China on their points of difference, but Iswolsky's whole policy has been directed in this unfortunate channel. It was no wonder that the military chiefs were alarmed at the strategic situation resulting from the acts of the Foreign Office.

EXILE OF AGED WOMAN.

Mme. Breshkovskaya Refuses Offers of Assistance from Friends.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.—The verdict against Mme. Breshkovskaya, which was officially published to-day, condemns her to exile to the settlements in Siberia. She has refused the offer of her friends to pay for transportation and special privileges.

American Tourists in Montevideo.

The American tourists making the cruise to South America by the Hamburg-American Liner Bluecher had a reception given to them by President Claudio Williman of Uruguay at Montevideo yesterday, according to a cable dispatch received at the local offices of the company.

BARS LIVE EASTER CHICKS.

Humane Society Warns Storekeepers Not to Sell Them as "Favors."

Supt. Thomas F. Freel of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has sent a letter to the managers of all bird, animal, department, and five and ten cent stores warning them that they will be arrested and prosecuted if detected in selling live birds and chickens as Easter gifts or "favors." The warning is designed, Supt. Freel says, to "nip in the bud" any such prospective traffic.

AMERICAN SCULPTOR IS LAUDED IN PARIS

French Artists Say Barnard's Groups for Pennsylvania Capitol Are a Wonderful Success.

ARTIST FACED PRIVATION

State Stopped Payments and He Had to Sell Curios—Robert C. Ogden Went to His Rescue.

PARIS, March 15.—America is expected to furnish the sensation of the Spring Salon in two groups of figures representing "The Life of Humanity," which have been designed for the portals of the Pennsylvania State Capitol by George Grey Barnard, the American sculptor.

The completed marble works have just been transferred to Paris from his studio at Moret, where Mr. Barnard has spent six years in continuous labor. The groups, which consist of thirty-five figures from ten to eleven feet in height, are the most massive in the world. Several American art lovers, including Albert Shaw, Edwin Seligman, and Robert C. Ogden, who desired a French verdict before the groups were transferred to the United States, succeeded in arranging for them to be exhibited at the Salon.

MM. Boucher and Lefebvre, the noted French sculptors, who are members of the jury, after a four hours' examination today pronounced the work a wonderful success. M. Boucher declared that they would take rank with the greatest works of art in the world. He said it would be necessary to go back to the Greek sculptors to find such mastery of treatment. Both declared that the groups would have the position of honor at the Salon. Mr. Barnard says that they probably will be exhibited in New York before they are sent to Harrisburg.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHNA, March 15.—George Gray Barnard, when he took the contract with the State authorities for figures for the new Capitol, declared he would produce the greatest work of the age for his "beloved State." The contract, made early in 1905, was for $100,000, but Mr. Barnard declares Architect Huston, who will soon be tried on the charge of graft, had promised that the amount should be increased to $700,000. After working for two years on his figures, Mr. Barnard found that he needed more money; but the State had paid him $87,000 and no work had been delivered, and further payment was refused.

It was arranged, however, that he should be relieved of his bond and private help should be given. Robert C. Ogden of New York came to his rescue, and Mr. Barnard, early in 1908, returned to his studio at Moret, on the edge of Paris and completed his series of groups representing the "Life of Humanity."

In discussing his conception of the groups Mr. Barnard once said:

"These groups represent humanity in its largest sense. They represent Love and Suffering and Joy and Sorrow and Victory life itself. On the side of the doors we will place the four groups in bronze of the people who made the State —the Scotch-Irish and the Pennsylvania Dutch, and on the top the Triumph of Labor, the man who works the mines."

Mr. Barnard suffered great deprivation in 1905-'06. When the money promised by the State did not arrive his workmen refused to go out.

"I was fourteen months without work," said Mr. Barnard, "and twelve months of these I spent in the southern part of France collecting antiques to make a living. I have been in almost every village and almost every yard in France collecting fragments of broken cathedrals and taking them to merchants in Paris and selling them for what I could get."

Then Mr. Barnard came to this country and told his tale to the Capitol Commission and encouragement and financial help were given by Mr. Ogden.

AMERICAN ART IN BERLIN.

Crown Prince Will Open Exhibition at the Royal Academy To-morrow.

BERLIN, March 15.—Crown Prince Frederick William will open the American Art Exhibition on Thursday, representing Emperor William, whose other engagements will prevent his presence. The pictures were received some days ago and their arrangement in the galleries of the Royal Academy has been completed.

Prof. Walter Kampf, President of the Academy of Art, and Hugo Reisinger of New York, through whose efforts the exhibition was made possible, were assisted in the work of preparation by a committee of distinguished artists.

BIGAMOUS MARRIAGE LEGAL.

Because Parties Lived Together After First Wife Obtained a Divorce.

Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman decided yesterday that a bigamous marriage becomes a common law marriage if the parties continue to live together after the legal wife dies or obtains a divorce, and that this legitimizes the children of the bigamous marriage so that they may share in the estate of their father.

The decision was made in a contest over the estate of Edwin V. Welch, who contracted a bigamous marriage in 1891. His first wife obtained a divorce in 1898. He had four children by each marriage. Under Justice O'Gorman's ruling the children of the second marriage will share in a trust fund of $13,000 left by their father.

VICTORY FOR BRIAND.

French Deputies Uphold Ministry, Which Will Punish Grafters.

PARIS, March 15.—Far from causing a ministerial crisis the debate in the Chamber of Deputies on the scandal in connection with the theft of millions of dollars in the liquidation of the religious orders resulted to-night in the adoption by a vote of 343 to 79 of a resolution condemning in the severest terms the manner in which the liquidations were executed, but expressing confidence in the Government's promise to fix the responsibility and punish the guilty, whoever they may be found to be.

This was an overwhelming vindication of Premier Briand, who in a masterly speech made no attempt to plead extenuating circumstances for what had happened, but contended that the Government was not responsible for individual breaches of trust in the great work of the separation of the Church and State, which, he said, "had freed the country from ties which to-morrow other countries will be obliged to sever."

The result in no wise compromises the programme which the Premier has mapped out, which includes, first, the institution of appeals for the reopening of all liquidations in order that the State may save what is possible out of the wreck, and, second, the immediate transference of unadjudicated liquidations into the hands of official administrators, who will examine all accounts and procure testimony for the correction of irregularities and the punishment of the guilty. In his speech M. Briand pointed out that Church property valued at $80,000,000 had been transferred to public charity by this method without scandal.

M. Jaures led the Socialistic attack on the Ministry and did not mince his words of denunciation at the long delay in bringing Duez to book. The members of the Catholic Right, who were expected to seize the opportunity to make capital for the coming elections, held aloof, contenting themselves with derisive interruptions. Only Deputy Gauthier entered the arena to ridicule the promises of the Government, saying that these, as in the days of Panama, would evaporate when the extent of the scandal was exposed.

M. Binet especially singled out M. Millerand, the Minister of Public Works, declaring that the Ministetr had obtained fees amounting to about $20,000, while his secretaries had received "monstrous honorariums."

"Do you intimate that I divided with my secretaries?" asked the Minister.

"No," responded M. Binet, "your own fees sufficed."

This occasioned great laughter, but the Premier, in behalf of the Government, said that the Cabinet stood with M. Millerand in what he had done.

M. Barthou, Minister of Justice, took occasion to correct the impression made yesterday, saying that he had no intention of attacking the Magistracy, but only the corporation and judicial receivers. M. Bouvray, brother-in-law of the former liquidator, M. Duez, was a voluntary witness to-day before M. Albanel, the examining Magistrate. He explained the stock losses which Duez had sustained and which he declared would not exceed $200,000. A woman testified that she had received $100,000 from Duez in the last ten years.

The Public Prosecutor has decided to indict M. Duez, the former liquidator of Church properties, for forgery and breach of confidence, which charges involve criminal penalties. The trial will be in the Assize Court. Other arrests are anticipated.

The anti-Clerical papers charge that the religious orders were in collusion with Duez and profited largely by corrupt bargains. The Aurore even says that Duez and his wife were received by the Pope in 1905. The Patrie claims that the official records show that the secretaries of M. Millerand, Minister of Public Works, Posts, and Telegraphs, received fees totaling $58,890.

HURT IN BELMONT AUTO.

Servants Took Machine Without Leave —One Badly Hurt in Upset.

Special to The New York Times.

BABYLON, L. I., March 15.—One of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont's automobiles was taken out last night by the chauffeur of August Belmont, Jr., who had with him as fellow-riders out of Central Islip, where Mr. Belmont has a country place, Harry Hopkins, a coachman, and Clark Smith, a kennel boy. The ride ended early this morning near here when the automobile turned turtle.

The chauffeur escaped with slight injuries. Smith was caught underneath the machine, and got out only when another party of automobilists came along the Merrick Road. Hopkins had his collarbone broken and suffered possible internal injuries. Smith's skull was fractured. Both were sent to the Nassau Hospital at Mineola. It was said there to-night that Smith may not live.

GIVES LECTURE FEES AWAY.

Baron Kikuchi Will Send Civic Forum Check to Kioto University.

Baron Dairoku Kikuchi, who arrived in this country early in January to deliver a lecture at Carnegie Hall under the auspices of the Civic Forum and to study the educational system of this country by order of the Japanese Commissioner of Education, is now visiting American universities. He sails for Japan early in April.

Yesterday he was at Cornell, and from there he wrote a letter to the Civic Forum, which had sent him $1,000 to pay his expenses for the Carnegie Hall lecture, saying that he would give the money to the Imperial University of Kioto to be used as a fund to provide prizes for deserving students, to be called the Kikuchi-Civic Forum prizes, or something to that effect.

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We direct your special attention to these new silk weaves now being chosen by the foremost modistes for those stunning Costumes that are admired because of their individuality.

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The 43 inch Shower Dot Imported Faconne Foulards, in seven new French color grounds and white, also black and white.

Specials for Today:

26 inch All Silk Rough Shantung. All new street shades and black.	55c
42 inch All Silk Marquisette. New French shadings.	$1.00
40 inch Colored Crepe de Chine	$1.25
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Main Floor, Greenhut and Company,

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

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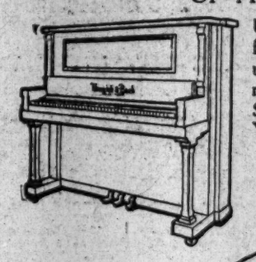

Upright—Puritan Model. In finest mahogany. The only upright containing the famous "Violyn" Plate. Price $450.00. Sold on Three Year Payment Plan.

KRANICH & BACH PIANOS

Small Grand—in finest mahogany or walnut. The only Grand fitted with the world-renowned "Isotonic" Pedal. Price $700.00. Sold on Three Year Payment Plan.

¶ Several slightly used instruments, fully guaranteed, offered at specially inviting figures.

Liberal allowance for old pianos taken as part payment.

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ARE SHOWING AN EXTENSIVE LINE OF BOTH TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED

SPRING MILLINERY IN FASHIONABLE STYLES

INCLUDING MANY PARIS MODELS, ALSO DESIGNS FROM THEIR OWN WORKROOMS.

WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

OSTRICH AND FANCY FEATHERS, FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE, BRAIDS, BUCKLES, ETC. AUTOMOBILE HATS.

THERE WILL BE OFFERED AT A SPECIAL SALE PRICE, THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY),

10,000 YARDS OF RIBBON

INCLUDING PLAIN TAFFETA, SATIN TAFFETA AND MOIRE EFFECTS, IN BLACK, WHITE AND COLORS, 5½ INCHES WIDE, PARTICULARLY ADAPTED FOR MILLINERY PURPOSES, DRESS TRIMMINGS AND CHILDREN'S WEAR,

AT 22c. PER YARD $2.00 PER PIECE OF 10 YARDS

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

To Overcome Stiffness

due to exercise or over-exertion, nothing equals an Allcock's Porous Plaster. It takes soreness out of overworked muscles and makes them strong and supple. A good way is to cut an "Allcock's" Plaster into strips and apply over the muscles, not merely of the back and chest, but of the limbs as well.

The best all-round athletes keep in the best all-round condition by regular use of

Allcock's PLASTERS

Very simple, but *it does the business.* Just put one on the spot that hurts and see how quick it does the work. *Always avoid imitations.*

LATEST FRENCH AMERICAN FASHIONS

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SPECIAL EASTER NUMBER

Out NEXT Sunday
Order in Advance

GAYNOR PURSUES HIS POLICE INQUIRY

Why Are There Plain Clothes Men and What Do They Do for Their Salaries?

ARE THEY PAID TO BE BLIND?

And Isn't It Natural for Them to Take Money?—A Series of Posers Submitted to Baker.

Mayor Gaynor invited Police Commissioner Baker, by letter, yesterday to answer two questions. Both had to do with the effort the Mayor has under way to make the police force of this city one of the best in the world. The first question concerned the so-called "plain-clothes" men. The Mayor wants a list of all there are in the city's employ. He also desires to know what they are doing to earn their salaries, and why they could not do it just as well in uniform.

"Have not many of them (the plain-clothes men) been used to collect money?" the Mayor asks. Then he adds this poser:

"If they are permitted to enter saloons and houses, do you not think it inevitable that they will take money to stay out or to see nothing wrong if they come in?"

The second question in the Mayor's letter concerns those policemen who are detailed to what is known in the Police Department as "special duty." The Mayor desires to know how many there are, their names, and the duty they are doing at present.

That this communication caused more of a sensation than any that have recently enanated from the City Hall concerning the Police Department goes without saying. The letter was made public a little after 1 o'clock, and in less than an hour everybody at Police Headquarters was talking about it. Commissioner Baker would not discuss it. He left Police Headquarters soon after it was received.

Four hours later Commissioner Baker had not returned. One suggestion was that maybe he had gone to some quiet spot to think over the Mayor's letter and how to work out an answer. Here is the letter:

Office of the Mayor, March 15, 1910.

Sir: Please be so good as to furnish me with the following information:

1. How many of the uniformed force are in plain clothes, what are their names, where are they stationed, and what are they doing? What do they do which cannot be just as well done by a man in uniform? Have not many of them been used to collect money? If they are permitted to enter saloons and houses, do you not think it inevitable that they will take money to stay out, or to see nothing wrong if they come in? Why should not all such service be done by men in uniform, so that every one may see and know that they are policemen?

2. How many of the force are assigned to what is called special duty, what are their names, and where are they stationed?

I have now come to the point in my constantly interrupted consideration of the Police Department where this information is necessary. Very truly yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

W. F. Baker, Esq., Police Commissioner.

On Monday Mayor Gaynor in his letter to Commissioner Baker ordering Policemen Cunningham and Keenan, the Westchester excise men, on trial to find out whether in making excise arrests on their days off "they were actuated by some motive other than zeal for the enforcement of the laws," mentioned a certain "large, even vast, sum of money" used by liquor dealers for Sunday protection. Certain students of police affairs thought they saw a connection with that part of the Cunningham-Keenan letter and the letter penned yesterday. That particular part of the Cunningham-Keenan letter read:

> Before I came into the office of Mayor I was informed of the large, even vast, sum of money in the aggregate which liquor dealers were paying for what is called protection on Sunday, and I have been slowly gathering the evidence of it since I have been here and getting ready to put a stop to it in a way which is open to us, and at the same time duly enforce the liquor tax law here in a safe and orderly manner, as well or better than it is enforced anywhere else in the State.

What the police would like to know is where the Mayor gets all his information. That it comes from sources not connected with the department is certain. As to the liquor dealers' Sunday-protection fund, the opinion around the City Hall is that the Mayor got his information from somebody within the Liquor Dealers' Association. Commissioner Baker said yesterday that affidavits in the Cunningham-Keenan case had been turned over to the Mayor by himself, but the Commissioner would not make these affidavits public. They are said to have been made by saloonkeepers who swore that they had lent money to Cunningham and Keenan which neither had repaid.

Commissioner Baker refused otherwise to discuss the Keenan-Cunningham case, but the understanding is that both policemen will be put on trial early next week. Commissioner Baker himself may hear the cases. If he does not, Deputy Commissioner Walsh will probably hold the trials.

It has been frequently reported that much of the excise activity in the Bronx may have been due to the enmity of certain policemen on duty up there to Inspector Flood, commanding officer of that district. Commissioner Baker was asked if Inspector Flood would be invited to answer charges growing out of the excise arrests in his district. The Commissioner answered that he would not, nor would Capt. Brennan, the precinct commander in whose territory Keenan and Cunningham made their raids.

Misquoted, Magistrate Breen Says.

Magistrate Matthew P. Breen, who is sitting in Morrisania Police Court, sent to the Mayor and Police Commissioner Baker yesterday a complete copy of the minutes of the hearing on the excise complaints made by Policemen Cunningham and Keenan.

The Magistrate says he did not reply to the plea that the cases be thrown out because the policemen made the arrests out of their precinct: "You might hand that to the Mayor or the Commissioner, but it won't go here." The stenographer's notes give the conversation as follows:

> Mr. Greenberg (for the defendant)—I move to dismiss. It seems to me the fact that these officers came up here shows that there must be some frame-up in this case. Why did they come up to 174th Street and pick out this defendant here when they could very easily and readily have made excise arrests in their own precincts?
>
> Magistrate Breen—That is the eccentricity of the police. Your argument would be all right addressed to either the Mayor or to the Police Commissioner.
>
> Mr. Greenberg (continuing)—I waive further examination.
>
> Magistrate Breen—I will hold this defendant in the sum of $500 for trial.

BAKER MAKES SOME CHANGES.

Reduces an Inspector, Transfers Two Captains, and Creates a New District.

Police Commissioner Baker yesterday reduced Inspector John F. Linden, recently in charge of the Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, to a Captaincy, and transferred him to the command of the Stapleton (S. I.) Police Station. Lieut. Frank Rathgeber got Linden's old place in the Bureau of Repairs and Supplies.

When Linden was reduced a new inspection district, to be known as the Sixteenth District, was created, and Capt. John J. Murtha of the Bridge Squad was elevated to an Inspectorship and put in command. The new district embraces the Brooklyn, Manhattan, Williamsburg, and Queensboro Bridges. Lieut. Edward Burke was made an Acting Captain, and assigned to command the Brooklyn Bridge Squad.

Commissioner Baker also transferred Capt. James McGlynn of the Mulberry Street Station to the Fulton Street Station in Brooklyn. Capt. Thomas Palmer of the Stapleton (S. I.) Station was brought over to command the Mulberry Street Station.

One policeman also was dismissed from the force by the Commissioner. He was James Lambert, who was found guilty of playing cards in a Brooklyn club while on post.

Aldermen Table Police Pay Increase.

Some two hours were devoted by the Aldermen yesterday to a discussion of the proposed issue of $194,000 in special revenue bonds to cover the increase in salary of $250 a year voted to the Police Lieutenants last December by the Board of Estimate. The question was purely parliamentary and became so involved that it was impossible to disentangle it. Vice Chairman Bent finally ended the discussion by refusing to entertain any motions or amendments that did not come from the majority side.

SEWING EXHIBIT AT THE PLAZA

Franciscan Missionary Sisters Display the Work of Their Protegees.

The Franciscan Missionaries of Mary, who managed a free day nursery and sewing school at 225 East Forty-fifth Street, are giving an exhibition and sale at the Hotel Plaza until March 19 of articles made in their workrooms in New York and in different countries of Europe.

The Franciscan Missionaries of Mary came to this country from Canada three years ago. Their special work is the care of children whose mothers go out to work, and the training of young girls, free of charge, in the art of needlecraft. They have now twenty-five girls in their sewing school, all earning a good living amid pleasant, healthy surroundings.

The handsomest piece of work in the exhibition, and one well worth seeing, is a copy of a bedspread that adorned the couch of Marie Antoinette in her happy days, the original of which is in the Musee Carnavalet, Paris. It is embroidered in colored silks on a foundation of deep cream moire silk. Thirty persons worked on this copy for nearly two years, and it is valued at $5,000.

The sale is held in the reception room, on the main floor, near the Fifty-eighth Street entrance. Its object is to make the work of the Sisters more generally known.

SEARING HOPES TO SETTLE.

And Bankruptcy Proceedings Against the Firm Are Held Up.

Frank Searing, a member of the banking firm of Searing & Co., which failed about two weeks ago leaving a horde of small depositors hungry for their money, appeared before United States Commissioner Alexander yesterday and got a postponement of the hearing in the pending bankruptcy proceedings on the ground that between now and next Monday a settlement with creditors may be arranged.

Some difference of opinion as to the settlement prospects has developed. John S. Shepard, the receiver of the Searing firm, stated that there is no prospect of paying the debts of the firm with any assets that have been discovered. Searing's counsel, on the other hand, say that friends of Searing are going to settle the claims and take over the promotion of the Delaware & Eastern Railroad, which was largely responsible for the failure.

It is expected that the composition to be offered to creditors will comprise about 10 or 15 per cent. in cash and the balance in time notes secured by some of the firm's assets. As there are very many small depositors the prospects that such a settlement will find an early acceptance are not very bright.

SISTER WINS WEALTH OF ECCENTRIC MISER

Justice O'Gorman Arraigns Fortune-Seeking Mrs. Thoma, in Whose Home Rodgers Died.

HAD $50,000 IN BANKS HERE

Old Man Always Walked from Long Branch to Make Deposits—Did Odd Jobs for Food and Clothes.

Justice O'Gorman, in a statement in which he termed as "suspicious" the assertions of Mrs. Katharine B. Thoma, yesterday dismissed her suit to recover $10,000 deposited in the Irving Savings Institution by "Old Bill" Rogers, known before his death as "The Miser of Long Branch, N. J." The dismissal will act as a bar to the prosecution of similar actions to obtain $40,000 deposited in other savings banks by Rodgers, who died in Mrs. Thoma's house.

Mrs. Thoma claimed the money on the strength of an assignment which, she said, Rodgers had signed on the day of his death. Henry Spitz, known as the "millionaire cop" of Union Hill, N. J., unearthed evidence tending to show that the alleged assignment was a forgery. Spitz had been engaged by Agnes Rodgers, a sister of Rodgers.

"As to the assignment which, it was alleged, was prepared the night before the decedent died and executed on the morning of his death," said Justice O'Gorman, "the evidence does not satisfy the court that it was made as the plaintiff claims. The language shows a familiarity with legal requirements, and the story that it was dictated by the dying man seems too improbable to believe. Two men, Squire Pitcher and the Postmaster, Woolley, had been sent for by the plaintiff, and had he had the desire to make an assignment he had the opportunity then to do so. He told them he had no intention of making a will.

"The narrative about the making of the assignment the court must absolutely disregard. The whole atmosphere about this case is one of suspicion. It is extremely remarkable that the decedent should reject the services of the Squire and the Postmaster and then accept the services of the plaintiff. The claim made is neither substantiated nor meritorious. The suspicion is that the plaintiff concocted the whole plan."

When the Justice concluded, Miss Rodgers rushed up to thank the lawyers and Detective Spitz. She asked H. C. Taylor, representing the bank:

"Can't something be done to punish these false swearers?"

"Oh, be generous," he replied. "You have won your case. The money is yours. Don't rub it in."

Sidelights on the miser's life were revealed in testimony introduced to show that he was irrational. He used to bring his money to New York wrapped up in old newspapers. He never paid for anything to eat or to wear, but did odd jobs for which he received money, meals, and cast-off clothing. He always walked from Long Branch to New York to make his deposits, sleeping in barns, outhouses, and the open fields on the journey.

STOLE TAPESTRIES.

Expert Decorator Who Robbed His Employer Sent to Sing Sing.

Herbert C. Atkins, recently employed as an expert decorator with B. Altman & Co., was sentenced to Sing Sing by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday for thefts he committed during the eighteen months he served in that capacity. It is understood that he took embroidered tapestries worth $4,000, most of which have been recovered. Two gloomy pawnbrokers yielded several large bundles yesterday.

A plea was made in consideration of the family of eleven that Atkins had to support at 204 West 149th Street, including an invalid wife, two children, and all his wife's family. Judge Mulqueen, however, declared that $50 a week is a splendid income.

Atkins was brought back from Minneapolis, where he had taken a new place. He was indicted for the theft of some portieres in November, 1908. He was sentenced yesterday for not less than one year nor more than two years and six months.

BRYAN OUT, SAYS MACK.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 15.—Chairman Norman E. Mack of the National Democratic Committee to-night denied reports that the councils of Democratic Party leaders held here were to "freeze Bryan followers out of party affairs."

Mr. Mack explained that Mr. Bryan had made it so plain that he would not again attempt party leadership that an attempt to throttle his influence would be unnecessary. Mr. Mack said he believed that the Democrats were a unit in wanting only the strongest man for leader, and that when it became apparent who was the best man the Democrats would unite in his support.

Morse Petitioners Open Headquarters.

Permanent headquarters were opened yesterday at 428 Fifth Avenue by the Morse Petition League to continue the quest for 100,000 signatures to the petition to be presented to President Taft for the release of Charles W. Morse, the banker convicted recently of violation of the Federal banking laws and now in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga. The league hopes to have the list ready by May 15.

1887 Brill Clothes—Ready to Wear 1910

NEW SPRING CLOTHES and a new business policy

BY SAMUEL BRILL

Each year you see a new offering of Spring Clothes; but **—a change of policy is an event.** Our friends tell us it needs a lot of courage and a lot of money. Most things worth anything do require one or the other. We have enough of both. But they omitted one of the essential needs—faith in man's common sense, and in his quickness to respond to a frank proposition squarely put up to him. We have that too. In a nutshell—

We're Going to Sell Better Clothing.

We've been climbing the big business ladder for 22 years, and the bottom rung is now very far below. The top rung is nearer, and that's our goal. AND WE'LL REACH IT—by giving full measure of value in high-grade, dependable ready-to-wear clothing priced on the basis of a very close margin of profit—the only way in which the biggest volume of business ever was or ever can be achieved.

We are ready to make good to any man who is dissatisfied with a past purchase; who, perhaps, has formed a snap judgment of us based on an oversight or a salesman's mistake; and we are ready to-day, with our Spring styles, to demonstrate to men and to young men, and to mothers of boys, the BIG, PRACTICAL MEANING OF OUR NEW BUSINESS POLICY.

Spring Suits and Overcoats for Men and Young Men

In the new styles, evidencing in line, balance, and distinctive appearance, thought and good workmanship; in variety and quality of pattern, discriminating good taste; and in price, the desire to give full measure of value. Our responsibility goes and stays with every garment, the specific prices being: $12, $13.50, $15, $17, $20, $25, $30, $35.

Spring Clothes for Boys

Communion and Confirmation Suits; Russian Suits, with military or sailor collar; Sailor Suits, single and double breasted; Norfolk Suits, single or double pleated; reefers, top-coats, blouses, and single or double breasted suits, with 2 or 3 button effects. Price-range $2.95 to $9.95. Each garment is good, and worth the price, and we hold ourselves responsible for its reliability in service.

Spring Furnishings and Hats

We've builded these two departments on the basis and to the end that a man may find in them what he seeks and be satisfied with the quality and the price. All Spring styles in haberdashery; and all the new shapes and shades in Stetson hats and in hats imported from England and Austria.

Brill Brothers

Four Convenient Stores. Harlem Store Open Evenings.

279 Broadway, near Chambers St.
Union Square, 14th St., nr. Broadway.
125th St., corner Third Avenue.
47 Cortlandt St., near Greenwich.

31 Years Leaders of Fashion

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

Continuation of the Easter Opening To-day

Presenting Our Own Importations of Millinery, together with charming adaptations. Also Gowns, Costumes, Tailored Suits.

And in addition:

Beautiful Waists, Paris-made Blouses, Wraps, Dainty Neckwear, Exquisite Robes, Gloves, Hosiery, Silk Petticoats, High Grade Footwear and Fashionable Textiles for the

Spring and Summer of 1910.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Huyler's

Cocoa

Made from Cocoa Beans of the Highest Grades only.

THE ACKNOWLEDGED BEST IN THE WORLD.

Quality Higher than Price

Price within the reach of all.

Huyler's Cocoa sold by dealers everywhere in 25c, 15c and 10c cans.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th St.

Everything for Baby

Second Floor, 34th St., rear

If you don't think the baby is an important factor in retailing, visit the department where Baby Clothes and Fixings are sold. No end of beautiful things—fascinating styles, sheerest, softest, filmiest materials, and all at prices that women who have plied the needle for a baby are best able to appreciate.

The following quotations indicate the scope of the stock:

A Baby Miscellany

Imported Hand-made Nainsook Short Skirts, hand-embroidered, 6 months to 2 year sizes; 79c, $1.39, $1.79, $1.98, $2.59, to $14.89.

Infants' Hand-embroidered Cashmere Sacques, $1.39, $1.98, $3.59, $3.96 up to $5.94.

Infants' Hand-embroidered Cashmere Wrappers, $3.49, $3.96, $5.49, $6.94, $9.94 up to $11.89.

Infants' Cashmere Hood Shawls, hand-embroidered, $3.96 to $6.49.

Infants' Crepe de Chine Hood Shawls, hand-embroidered, $8.24, $9.94 up to $11.89.

Imported French Caps, infants' size up to 4 years—tucked and feather-stitched, 59c, 79c and $1.39.

Hand-embroidered, $1.39, $1.79 to $5.94.

Imported Hand-embroidered Lingerie Coats, 6 months to 2 year sizes, $3.96, $7.94, $10.89, $12.89 up to $21.24.

Imported Hand-embroidered Pique Coats, 6 months to 2 year sizes, $3.96, $4.96, $6.24 up to $14.89.

Infants' Cashmere Short Coats, trimmed with braid; 6 months to 2 year sizes, $3.96 and $4.96.

Other styles and materials up to $35.89.

Infants' Cashmere Long Cloaks, $3.96, $4.96 and $5.94.

Other styles ranging up to $31.34

Pique Bibs, hand-embroidered, 24c, 39c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Pique Bibs, hand-embroidered and trimmed with Irish lace, $3.19, $3.49 and $3.79.

Nainsook Bibs, hand-embroidered, 84c, 99c, $1.39 up to $6.89.

Straw Hats, trimmed with ribbon, 2 to 5 year sizes, $2.97, $4.96, $5.49 up to $7.94.

Straw Bonnets, various shapes and braids, 2 to 5 year sizes, $2.97, $3.96, $4.96 up to $7.94.

Infants' Pique Shoes, hand-embroidered and trimmed with ribbon, 99c, $1.39, $1.59 and up to $1.98.

Imported Pique Afghans, hand-embroidered, $1.79, $1.98, $2.49, $3.79, $4.96, $5.74, $6.94, $7.59, $8.49 up to $11.24.

Imported Pique Afghans, with hand embroidery and Irish crochet, $9.94, $10.89, $11.24 and $12.89.

Lingerie Hand-embroidered Afghans, $3.79, $6.94, $7.24, $8.94, $9.94, $10.89 to $12.24.

Pillow Covers, hand-embroidered and trimmed with lace, $1.39, $1.98, $2.49, $3.96 to $14.24.

Crib Sheets, hand-embroidered, 59c, 79c, 99c, $1.39, $1.79, $2.49 up to $3.49.

Infants' Pillow Cases, hand-embroidered, 59c, 79c, 99c up to $3.49.

Trimmed Baby Baskets, $3.59, $3.96, $4.96, $5.94, $9.49 and up to $22.49.

Trimmed Hampers, $18.34, $20.24, $22.49, $30.89 up to $35.89.

Imported Wash Stands, $5.94, $8.49, $10.89, $15.89 up to $31.24.

Infants' Ribbon Boxes, Sachets, Rattles, Hangers, Racks, Banks and Hot Water Bags.

Infants' Silk Hose, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Cashmere Hose, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Lisle Hose, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Cashmere Bootees, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Silk Bootees, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Lisle Bootees, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Bootees, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Mittens, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Sacques, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Knit Shawls, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Knit Caps, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Leggings, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Bands, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Jackets, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Knit Sets, 49c, 74c, $1.14 up to $2.97.

Infants' Knit Bibs, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Pants, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Vests, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Drawers, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14.

Infants' Knit Undershirts, 19c, 24c, 39c, 49c, 74c up to $1.14

'COLLIER'S WEAKLY' STARTLES BROADWAY

Editors of the Real Magazine Were Perplexed Till They Realized the Joke Was on Them.

DECIDED TO LAUGH IT OFF

Actor's Skit Pokes a Little Sarcastic Fun at the Absence of Commercialism from the Stage.

When Norman Hapgood, Albert Lee, and some of the other editors of Collier's Weekly reached their offices yesterday morning what looked like a new number of their periodical was lying on their desks. On the cover was the figure of a young man in mining costume, and just over his left shoulder a crimson star. None of the editors recalled ever having seen an artist's proof of that illustration. Moreover, it wasn't the day for a new issue of Collier's.

Then Mr. Hapgood looked closer and saw beneath the name "Collier's" in bold-faced letters the words "The Irrational Weakly," and at the bottom of the front page the date April 1. Also below the figure of the young man in miner's attire they read "Not drawn by Maxfield Parrish," and still lower down, "Given Away—For Ton Cents." They hastily scanned the sixteen pages of Collier's Irrational Weakly, and a light dawned upon them. It was not their magazine at all, but a clever burlesque, published by William Collier, the actor, not entirely in a spirit of fun, but as a daring means of getting back at Collier's Weekly and some of the other magazines for their recent attacks on the commercialism of the American stage. It was Collier's picture in mining costume which appeared in startling colors on the cover page.

For a while, after scanning the pages of Collier's Irrational Weakly, Mr. Hapgood and Mr. Lee and the other editors of Collier's Weekly were uncertain whether to take the burlesque in a spirit of fun or otherwise. They talked it over and laughed at some of the sallies, then decided to accept The Irrational Weakly as a joke and let it go at that. Robert J. Collier, owner of Collier's Weekly, was communicated with in Bermuda. He also thought it a joke, so there is not likely to be trouble for Mr. Collier over copyright matters, in spite of the fact that 15,000 copies of Collier's Irrational Weakly have been struck off and the American News Company is distributing it throughout the country.

Copies of The Irrational Weakly were in circulation among theatrical folk yesterday, and they voted it one of the most daring bits of sarcasm ever attempted on a magazine here. The new periodical announces William Collier as publisher and editor, and Willie Collier as assistant editor.

The editorial page of The Irrational Weakly confesses that the publication is entered "in the waste basket as second-class matter." The "feature" article is "The American Stage Exposed," by "A. Muckrake," in which the author tells of an investigation of the American stage with the result that he finds it shockingly commercialized and the actors actually accepting real money for their work. Even playwrights write for money here, and the managers themselves were caught with the goods, as the author sets forth in a wealth of detail. There is an introductory note to A. Muckrake's exposure which says:

> The subjoined article is the result of "Collier's" investigation into the commercialism of the American stage. We may say that it is more than a journalistic enterprise. It is public service. There will be some racy reading in the next installment. Place your orders now with your newsdealer. Mr. A. Muckrake, our chief agent in this great work, sets forth below the evidence which he has gathered in the face of sensational difficulties. No reasonable man can peruse it and doubt that we have submitted complete moral proof that actors act for money. Such being the case, what is the American public going to do about it?—Editors.

The article explains that a thorough investigation of the workings of the American stage was privately held; John Drew, Francis Wilson, Otis Skinner, and other actors were put on the stand and damaging admissions were forced from them to the effect that they had been parties all along to the commercialism of the stage. On a certain Saturday night, writes A. Muckrake, thirty-six theatres in the Broadway district were raided and $2,300 in actual money found in the box offices. The article says that because of this startling exposure Augustus Thomas and William Gillette, both suspected of being second offense men, have left the State. The article is illustrated by photographs showing various stages of the investigation. One photograph shows Francis Wilson swearing he will never betray Charles Frohman.

Several departments of Collier's Weekly are paroled in The Irrational Weakly. The feature known as "What the World is Doing" appears in The Irrational Weakly under the caption "Whom the World is Doing," and under it such burning questions as the price of chops vs. marrons is discussed, also an illustration by word and picture of what vaudeville has done for tragedy. The views of Actor Collier and his assistants on the world in general are these:

> The world has done no one more good than the people who live in it. How could we get along without it? Yet, are we as grateful as we ought to be? This is one of the things which Collier's THE Weakly would like to impress upon its readers. Gratitude to the World!

There is also an article by A. Rule on "The Home Life of an Actor." John Drew, armed with bow and arrow, is shown in his private deer park as an example of the untold wealth accumulated by actors who perform on a commercialized stage. In the same article there is a picture of William Collier's shooting box on Long Island. The photograph shows a castlelike building with broad gardens. It was taken in Havana, and represents one of the public buildings there. The same liberties have been taken by the editors of Collier's Irrational Weakly with other pictures used to illustrate the articles concerning the reputed wealth of some actors.

National affairs are also dealt with in The Irrational Weakly in a manner which seeks to poke fun at the department in Collier's Weekly under that head. Under the heading "Comment on Congress by John L. Sullivan" appears:

> The week in Congress, as in other American Legislatures, usually begins on Tuesday or Wednesday and ends on Friday, as the great American institution is home life. Congressmen whose homes are too far away for these week-end reunions go to New York. Several Broadway restaurants aim to supply the comforts and atmosphere of home to these unfortunate men. Saturday night is bath night in Congress, as in New England.

That five-foot book shelf and "The Harvard Classics" of Collier's Weekly finds a counterpart in The Irrational Weakly under the title, "The Yale Classics, a Literary Symphony, or the Roygrafters Rut to the Bad." A classic is announced as a book that everybody talks about but no body reads. Here are the Yale classics:

Did Bacon Write Henry James?
Nick Carter in 41144 Vols.
Deadwood Dick.
Old Cap Collier.
Jack Harkaway.
Shortey Stories.
Buffalo Bill's Last Biff.
Calamity Jane.
Working Girl's Revenge.
Beans I Have Eaten in Boston.
The Noisy Streets of Philadelphia.
Actors Who Tell Their Real Salaries—¼ Volume.
Who's Who in Whappinger's Falls.
What's What in Elmira.
Vulgarity As An Aid to Con-Men. By Old Mother Hubbard. (Bound in extra limp leather ooze.)
It's It In Ipswich.
Julius Cahn's Guyed Book.
Three Weeks from Next Friday.
Sanford Ink and Merton Mush.
Hoyle on the Blink.
Custer's Last Slide.
Chicago Sun Sets.
An American at Home. By William Waldorf Astor.
Plays, Punk, and Piffling. By O. Shaw.

William Collier, the actor-publisher, admitted last night in his dressing room that, having thoroughly investigated the commercial depravity of the stage and finding it guilty, he felt that his literary labors for the season were partially fulfilled at least and that he had returned to his first love—the stage—with, as he expressed it, "malice from none and charity from all."

DIED AS LEGACY FELL DUE.

Mrs. Fox-Strangways Inherited $10,000 as She Lay at Death's Door.

Half an hour after Henrietta Sarah Fox-Strangways died in Bellevue Hospital of what the physicians believe was poison, a letter arrived at the office of her lawyer, Mrs. Gabrielle S. Mulliner of 320 Fifth Avenue, requesting her to call at the office of the British Consul, sign a release, and obtain her share of a small fortune amounting to about $10,000.

Mrs. Mulliner said it was in anticipation of this money that the woman had sought credit. A few days ago Mrs. Mulliner received a letter from a woman in Canada saying she was a relative of Mrs. Strangways, and was prepared to do anything possible to rescue her. Mrs. Mulliner, who had been Mrs. Strangway's attorney only recently, hurried to the woman's bedside on Monday. She was semi-conscious.

Mrs. Mulliner told her that good news of her expected fortune from England was due at any moment, but the patient was too weak to rally. She died an hour later. Mrs. Mulliner left the hospital and went to her office. There she found the letter announcing that the estate to part of which Mrs. Strangways was heir had been settled.

Mrs. Strangways, according to Mrs. Mulliner, was educated at Girton, England, and was a distant relative of the Earl of Ilchester. Her parents died in her girlhood, and she was brought up by an aunt, Mrs. Jane Clarke, in Ireland. Mrs. Clarke died two years ago, and it was from her estate that the money was coming.

Mrs. Strangways's body is still in the Morgue at Bellevue. It will remain there until Mrs. Mulliner hears from the Canadian relatives what disposition shall be made of it. Mrs. Strangways had a brother, Henry, who is a metallurgist employed by a mining company in Peru, and a cousin, also named Henry, who lives in Bridport, Dorsetshire, England.

FLOY TRIPS IN BOND HEARING.

Engineer Contradicts Previous Arguments for More Third Avenue Capital.

Public Service Commissioner Maltbie neatly tripped Henry Floy, the consulting engineer of the Third Avenue Railroad bondholders' committee yesterday afternoon in the hearing on the reorganization plan proposed for that system. It was in the course of the cross-examination of Mr. Floy by Leslie Ferguson, attorney for the Knickerbocker Committee of Third Avenue stockholders.

Mr. Floy had declared that with the physical property of the Third Avenue Road worth $46,500,000—at which he estimated it—securities considerably in excess of that sum ought to be issued, inasmuch as they would sell at a discount of from 15 to 25 per cent.

Commissioner Maltbie asked Mr. Floy how this statement could be reconciled with the statements of the reorganizers that their scheme of capialization was so conservative in view of present earnings that the securities would at no very distant day be selling at par or better. Mr. Floy admitted that he couldn't reconcile it.

The next hearing will be on Monday, when it is expected that the opponents of the plan will have an inning. The stockholders' committee will undoubtedly ask to be heard, but John M. Bowers, counsel for the bondholders, made it plain yesterday that the bondholders are not paying much attention to the stockholders nowadays, when the foreclosure sale has legally wiped the stock out of existence.

$5,000,000 Edison Capital Approved.

The Public Service Commission granted yesterday the application of the New York Edison Company to issue $5,000,000 additional capital stock at par for cash between now and Jan. 1, 1911. Of the entire amount, the proceeds of $4,312,000 go to retire a like amount of the bonds of the Edison Electric Company of New York, which matured March 1, and the proceeds of $790,000 go to take up bonds of the Mount Morris Electric Company which are retirable. The balance, $247,000, is to be issued for extensions and additions.

STEVENS INSTITUTE GOT BOGUS PAINTINGS

President Humphreys Says Clausen, the Dealer, Admitted Selling Them.

DAWSON'S WORK IMPUGNED

Artist's Name Connected with Pictures In Doubt—Brownell Calls Evans's Two Purchases Spurious.

The name of Arthur Dawson, an artist, who has been mentioned in connection with paintings whose authenticity has been questioned, was brought into the trial of the action between William T. Evans, the art collector, and William Clausen, the art dealer, before Justice Page and a jury yesterday in the Supreme Court. Henry W. Ranger, an artist, called to the stand by Evans, said Clausen had exclaimed:

"Harry, I wish that I had killed Dawson the first time he came into my store." Ranger said this remark had been made during negotiations which he was conducting with Clausen on behalf of President Humphreys of Stevens Institute, Hoboken. He said Clausen had admitted that some paintings sold to President Humphreys were not genuine, and added:

"Harry, this greed for money is a terrible thing."

Dawson was in the courtroom and heard Ranger testify.

President Humphreys himself took the stand to testify that Clausen had admitted to him that he had sold him bogus paintings.

William C. Brownell, an art critic on the staff of Scribner's Magazine, was called. He told of an intimate acquaintance with Homer D. Martin, dating from 1872 to the time of his death. He accompanied Martin on a trip to Europe and saw him frequently at work in his studio here and abroad.

"Martin was not a prolific artist," Mr. Brownell testified. "His work was slow, experimental, and tentative. He was always striving for more expressive technique. He was one of those men who, like many geniuses, are only able to work when they have inspiration, while at other times they can do nothing. I think I know every picture that Homer Martin ever painted, and I never heard of 'Near Newport' or 'The Old Mill Near St. Cloud.'

"When I first saw 'Near Newport' hanging beside 'Newport Neck' at the Lotos Club, the contrast was great. I saw nothing in it that seemed to recall the work of Martin, except that it appeared to be a caricature of his style. Martin's work was distinguished by intellectual power and beauty, neither of which were in the canvas before me. I did not see Martin's characteristic treatment. There was an absence of variety, which was due to the combination of color and the elements of painting. The aspect of the canvas indicated speed. The sky was monotonous and seemed to have no thought except as to the idea of copying some one else. The imitator fails when he tries to originate anything new in Mr. Martin's manner."

"How can you tell the sky was not painted by Mr. Martin?" Justice Page asked.

"It lacks the thought and beauty of Mr. Martin's skies and the definition of form in the foreground," replied the witness.

"What is there about the 'Old Mill' to show that it is an imitation?" Judge Hatch of counsel inquired.

"Negatively, I should say, there is nothing. Positively there are several things. The arms of the mill try to catch Mr. Martin's manner of vagueness in the chief characteristics of the picture. The painter seems to have done his work with a scalpel, effecting a sort of low relief. It was very like another he had painted.

"When I saw the collection of alleged Martins in Clausen's gallery I got the painful impression that the overwhelming majority were fraudulent."

On cross-examination Jerome Eisner, attorney for Clausen, asked Mr. Brownell to differentiate between the two pictures about which Mr. Evans is suing and other pictures which he pronounces genuine.

"In the two pictures in question," he replied, "there is apparently an entire simplicity, instead of the combination of elaborateness and subtlety. It is the result of the application of one color. Mr. Martin's method of work was almost mosaic. He didn't mix his colors so much on his palette as on his canvas. He had an extreme knowledge of the art of drawing, and its application to natural objects, neither of which exists in these pictures."

The witness also testified that toward the end of his life Martin suffered from the degeneration of the optic nerve of one eye and the development of a cataract on the other.

Mr. Evans admitted that he had caused his entire collection of paintings to be revarnished. Dawson had retouched one of the pictures, he said. Several pictures by the artist Wyant, bought after his death, by his widow were unsigned, and it was brought out that Mr. Evans had caused them to be signed by Mrs. Evans before they were revarnished.

The trial of the action will probably occupy the week.

WOULD END GRADE CROSSINGS

But Estimate Board Leaves Manhattan Out of Consideration.

The hearing held yesterday by the special committee of the Board of Estimate, consisting of President Mitchel of the Aldermen and all the Borough Presidents except Mr. McAneny, on the plan authorizing the board to enter into agreements with traction companies for the elimination of grade crossings in all the boroughs except Manhattan, developed into an Eleventh Avenue discussion. President Mitchel wanted to know why Manhattan was left out.

"Could not a provision be introduced now to have the bill relate to Manhattan?" he demanded.

"It could be done, but the Public Service Commission has an Eleventh Avenue bill pending, and the two might conflict," explained Chief Engineer Lewis, who added that Manhattan had been left out of a similar bill last year because there was pending then an Elevtnth Avenue bill.

Presidents Gresser and Miller of Queens and the Bronx opposed the plan, saying that it was contrary to borough autonomy. They suggested that arrangements for the elimination of crossings should be made through the Presidents of the boroughs affected.

Counsel for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company stated that several of its subsidiary companies which would be affected are in poor financial condition, and demanded that the city stand the entire expense.

Indiana Daughters to Dine Fairbanks.

Ex-Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks, who will arrive here on Thursday from abroad, will be entertained at dinner on Friday evening at the Hotel Astor by the Daughters of Indiana. The Sons of Indiana will attend the dinner, and Col. James B. Curtis, their President, will make the speech of welcome. Col. Dan Ransdell, an old friend of the ex-Vice President, Sergeant at Arms of the United States Senate, will be one of the guests. Miss Mary Garrett Hay, President of the Daughters of Indiana, will be toastmistress, and there will be musid given by talented Hoosier State people.

FREE AUTOIST; BLAME LAW.

Justices Deplore Its Rigidity and District Attorney's Strictness.

Convicted of exceeding the speed limit as a third offense, Alfred Richards, a chauffeur employed by Adrian Iselin, was released under suspended judgment in Special Sessions yesterday, Justice Deuel dissenting. Richards was driving Mrs. Lewis Iselin and Therese E. Iselin into town from New Rochelle on the morning of June 23 last, and was arrested for going at 21 miles an hour along East 125th Street.

District Attorney Whitman has ruled recently that his assistants shall prosecute third offenders as such, accepting no pleas to any lesser degree, and the highway law prescribes as punishment for a third violation not less than $100, nor more than $250 fine, and imprisonment for not more than thirty days. This leaves the Justices no choice between sending the third offender to jail and fining him at least $100 or letting him go scot free.

Justice Olmsted voted for a suspension of sentence, openly protesting against the combined rigidity of the law as it stands and Mr. Whitman's present rule of adding to its rigidity. He declared:

"I deplore the loss of discretion which we should have in such cases. It throws us back on our inherent right of suspending sentence entirely."

Justice Hoyt said he thought the provisions of the law were absurd, as a first offender often should go to prison, while a third offense frequently is so slight in itself that it should meet with nothing more severe than a slight fine.

Hearing on Automobile Ordinance.

The Aldermen's Law Committee announced three public hearings yesterday. It invites the attention of the public to two proposed automobile ordinances, the first requiring the illumination of license numbers and the second better protection for chauffeurs of taxicabs from the weather. The hearing on this will be next Friday afternoon. On Friday afternoon, March 25, it will hold a hearing on the proposed ordinance for a standard loaf of bread.

CAR CREW BOUND AND ROBBED

Pittsburg Trolleymen Tied to Controller and Car Is Allowed to Run Wild.

PITTSBURG, March 15.—Albert Miller, conductor, and David Forsaith, motorman, of an Etna street car, were held up and robbed of jewelry and money amounting to about $75 as they were taking their car to the barns on their last trip early this morning. In a lonely spot about three miles from the city line two masked men got aboard their car. There were no passengers, and at the point of a revolver the two trolleymen were bound to the controller box and their pockets rifled.

The bandits then jumped from the moving car and let it run wild with the two bound men on board. The victims succeeded in working loose from their bonds after the car had gone a mile or more, and were able to bring it safely to the barns and report the robbery. This is the third robbery of the kind on this line within a few months.

"EVERYTHING FOR THE AUTOIST BUT THE AUTO"

Auto Apparel for Men & Women

Spring & Summer Models for 1910

Comparisons are sometimes helpful "to point a moral or adorn a tale." But as regards our Department for the Autoist, to draw comparisons with others is effort misspent. There is no parallel—either in extent, in multiplicity of styles or in the originality, cleverness and beauty of our models.

To "clinch" this statement it need only be borne in mind that in this special field we were pioneers. That we stand at the head today is due merely to rational and systematic development of our earlier—and lenghtier—experience than others.

We maintain a highly trained organization of designers and craftsmen and our productions are exclusively our own, with the exception of those highly specialized garments created in Paris, London and Copenhagen, for the makers of which we are sole American representatives.

AUTO COATS FOR MEN & WOMEN. DUST COATS FOR MEN & WOMEN
AUTO HATS FOR WOMEN. APPAREL FOR CHAUFFEURS
AUTO REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Wm. Knabe & Company

61ST WEEKLY

PIANO SALE

PIANOS and PLAYER-PIANOS

TO-DAY

We reiterate the fact that all Used Pianos offered in our weekly sales (every Wednesday) are guaranteed by the House of Knabe. Every instrument is practically new, having been placed in first-class condition by experts in our own factory. This Wednesday's specials are, indeed, unusual.

Specials in Upright Pianos

Knabe; mahogany; like new; was $600. Now $445
Knabe; rose; was $500. Now only... $375
Knabe; mahogany; was $500. Now only. $405
Knabe; rose; was $500. Now only... $240
Chickering; rose; was $500. Now only. $195
Haines Bros.; mahogany; was $450. Now only $260
Steinway; rose; was $600. Now only... $325
Weber; rose; was $500. Now only... $175
Jacobs Bros.; mahogany; was $300. Now only $125
Beethoven; was $250. Now only $55
Chickering; ebony; was $500. Now only. $185
Marshall & Wendell; mahogany; was $375. Now $235
Briggs; mahogany; was $375. Now only. $225
J. C. Campbell; mahogany $130
Swick & Kelso; was $250. Now only... $60

Specials in Player Pianos

Angelus; mahogany; was $725. Now only. $350
Stuyvesant; was $600. Now only... $250

Specials in Grand Pianos

Knabe; Mignon; rose; was $750. Now only. $530
Knabe Concert Grand; like new; was $1,500. Now only $450
Steck; Baby; rose; was $750. Now only. $310
Knabe; Baby; rose; was $850. Now only. $510
Knabe; Baby; rose; was $850. Now only. $395
Evard; Baby; rose; was $750. Now only. $275

NEW PIANOS (Selling elsewhere for $300) at only **$190**

Cash or $5 Down and $5 Monthly.

NEW PLAYER-PIANOS fully guaranteed **$390**

Terms to Suit Your Convenience.

FULL PAYMENTS allowed within two years on any piano bought here in exchange for a KNABE.

Wm. **KNABE** & Co.

Fifth Avenue and Thirty-Ninth Street

14,143 Miles of Trains

Handled by Grand Central Station last year with an average delay of only Twelve Seconds per train

World's Most Famous Station

GRAND CENTRAL STATION comprising 14 square blocks, between 42nd and 50th streets, is the very heart of New York, and always will be. Vast improvements are rapidly nearing completion.

Fourteen Thousand Miles of Trains

LAST year this busy terminal handled a train every three minutes, day and night. This means 20 trains every hour, 487 trains every day, and 177,802 trains for the year, or 14,143 miles of trains.

Most Active Spot on Earth

THERE are in the United States, 80 million people occupying 3,622,933 square miles, yet within the Grand Central Station, last year, a number equal to one-quarter of the population of the United States, or 20,216,000 passengers were handled with 20th Century precision.

And Here's The Record

THIS enormous human activity was handled with a total delay at the terminals of 36,563 minutes, or an average detention of only twelve seconds per train —99 5/10 % perfect—a record unequaled in the history of railroading.

Plus +

WHILE this remarkable record was being made, hundreds of work trains, steam shovels, etc., were busily engaged in making excavation for two track levels and preparing for the erection of the new station. The work trains are not included in the figures given above.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

From Grand Central Station the fastest Trains de Luxe carry you to Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, and the South and West

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Spring Clothes, Hats and Furnishings are ready.

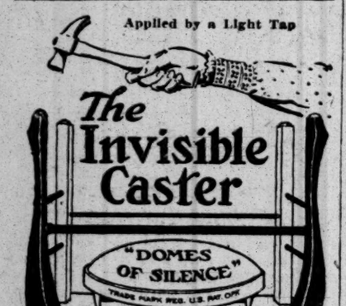
The Hat Department is a new addition—every Hat bears our name—a guarantee that the quality is up to our clothing standard.

Our Spring Overcoats and Suits embody the stylish lines and fitting qualities that impress one at first glance.

An unusual showing of uncommonly good fabrics and patterns.

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

Applied by a Light Tap



The Invisible Caster

4 for 15¢ 4 for 15¢

Glides easily and silently over rugs, carpets, tiles, stone or hardwood floors, and *will not scratch.* Made of steel, *guaranteed unbreakable.* Cheaper and better looking than wheels. The *ideal* caster for Mission furniture and dining-room chairs. Used by leading hotels and clubs.

4 sizes. At hardware, housefurnishing and department stores—or send 75c. for 4 sample sets—20 in all.

Matthews, Richardson & Co., 97 Water St., New York City. Attractive proposition to dealers.

"Greater Care, Longer Wear"

is applicable alike to Oriental Rugs. Give them the necessary care and they will give better and longer service. We have the very best facilities for repairing, cleaning, stretching and storing.

Phone 4894 Murray Hill.

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366-370 Fifth Av., cor. 35th St.

Second Floor. *Est. 1852.*

DIAMONDS

of rare quality in mountings of latest designs, solitaires, brooches, gentlemen's rings, lavallieres, etc., for sale at 40% less than jewelers' prices.

Money cheerfully refunded on goods not found as represented. Dealers' trade solicited.

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Quick ready cash at lowest rates. Goods kept one year in burglar and fireproof vaults, assuring absolute safety. We advance 75% to 90% of purchase price on goods bought here.

WM. GOLDSTONE, Est. 1869.

Loan Office, 103 Park Row, Block Above Brooklyn Bridge.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

An old friend of the family

ESTABLISHED 1866

American Bank Note Company

Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

CHRISTMAN PIANOS

When you buy a **Piano**, buy a good one while you are about it. At **Christman's** you can be suited with a **reliable**, new or used **Piano** at remarkably low prices.

BARGAINS TO-DAY.

Steinway, Weber, and Sohmer Upright; also a number of others.

CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 West 14th St., N. Y.

INDISPENSABLE

Dr. JOHN H. MEYER'S PURIFYING PLATE POWDER

Is the Ideal Purifier and Cleanser for Artificial teeth; absolutely destroys all forms of mouth bacteria and disease producing germs. A clean Plate fits better, keeps the mouth cool, sweet and wholesome and the general health is benefitted.

For Sale by All Leading Druggists.

WISSNER PIANOS

WAREROOMS

96 5th Av., Cor. 15th St., New York.

[illegible] Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SELENIUM CELLS TO FIRE CANNON

W. J. Hammer Tells How a Sulphuric Acid By-Product Could Be Used in Time of War.

SPARK PRODUCED BY LIGHT

Therefore, Electric Engineer Declares, Searchlights of Hostile Warships Could Fire Shells to Destroy Them.

William J. Hammer, a consulting electrical engineer of this city, explained to the students of Stevens Institute yesterday an interesting theory as to the value of selenium, a by-product of sulphuric acid, in time of war. By the use of this product, he declared, the moment the searchlights of an enemy's warship fell upon it a shot would be fired automatically down the path of light flashed by the approaching warship.

Selenium, which was first discovered in 1817 by Berzilius, who obtained it from crystals formed in the lead chambers of sulphuric acid works, possesses the remarkable property, Mr. Hammer said, of being an excellent insulator in the dark, but of becoming an excellent conductor to an electric current when exposed to light. Mr. Hammer used Newark as an example of a city which might be defended to advantage by cannon controlled by selenium cells.

"Cannon," he said, "equipped with a box on the carriage containing a selenium cell could be mounted on prominent earthworks, with their muzzles pointed down the bay. In the dark or the dim light from small reflectors the selenium cell would not conduct a spark from a battery in the box to the powder, but this would take place the instant a powerful searchlight from a battleship fell upon the cell, changing it from being a poor to an excellent conductor. The gun's aim would probably be correct, as the straight beam from the ship shone on it, with the result that the hostile war vessel would itself set off the charge, which would sink it."

Mr. Hammer then told the students that if any of them ever had any idea of going into the burglary business it would be well to ascertain if the bank safes had any selenium cells concealed about them, for an alarm might be given miles away the moment the intruder's bull's-eye fell on one of the cells. He showed how by means of selenium cells apparatus could be simply constructed for measuring light, X rays, radium rays, and in controlling electric and other machines, operating boats, turning on and off lights, automatically lighting and extinguishing buoys and street lights, closing buildings automatically in the event of fire, and doing many other wonderful things which the scientific world is just beginning to realize dimly.

Mr. Hammer said he could not help thinking of the possibilities of selenium when seeing an attendant in a downtown skyscraper laboriously closing the shutters at the end of the day. By means of a selenium cell an apparatus could be devised, he said, which would instantly and automatically close all the shutters at once as soon as darkness came. He also showed how distant lights in a village could be lighted without the use of wires simply by the fading daylight, and extinguished when the sun rose the next day.

COULDN'T SPARE THE BABY.

Though Only an Adopted Mother, She Changed Her Mind After Advertising.

A touching little tale involving a blue-eyed baby boy and a woman who changed her mind has been revealed through this advertisement printed yesterday in a Brooklyn newspaper:

WANTED—A woman would like to give a bright baby boy to board. Call at 219 Schermerhorn Street. Sampson.

At the Schermerhorn Street address there were found Mrs. Albert Sampson and "Freddie," the boy in the case.

"No, you can't have him," said the woman, taking the baby in her arms, at the sight of the reporter. "I am going to keep him. I have refused to give him to anybody, and many have called here to see him. He's just the dearest little chap in all the world."

After the visitor had explained that he had no idea of adopting the boy, Mrs. Sampson, apparently much relieved, told how she had come to change her mind. Freddie, she said, was the child of a poor Polish woman living in Manhattan. Some months ago Mrs. Sampson adopted him. Recently she decided that she would give up the baby and put the advertisement in the newspaper. But when childless matrons flocked to her home yesterday to have a look at Freddie Mrs. Sampson suffered an attack of remorse.

Although she had gone to the expense of advertising, the very idea of parting with Freddie made her weep. She permitted her visitors to admire and fondle the boy, but when they spoke of adopting him she snatched the little fellow from them and gave them an emphatic and tearful "No."

"I didn't know how much I loved the little dear," said she yesterday. Then, with a happy smile: "I know you'll say it's 'just like a woman,' but I'm glad I changed my mind."

FOR A WEST SIDE PLAYGROUND

Riverside Local Board Approves Ten Lots at 99th Street.

The local board of the Riverside District, consisting of Borough President McAneny and Aldermen Schloss, Becker, and Brush, approved a recommendation yesterday for the acquisition by the city, under either lease or purchase, of ten vacant lots on the north side of Ninety-ninth Street, between Amsterdam and Columbus Avenues, for a public playground. The board heard several speakers in favor of the proposition. Principal among them was Miss Peters, daughter of the Rev. John P. Peters.

"It is said that the percentage of boys arrested in our district is the largest in the city," said she, "and if this is true I am convinced that it is due to lack of sufficient playgrounds. Boys must play, and if they do it in the streets they are liable to arrest."

The local board of the Murray Hill district held a public hearing yesterday on the proposed plan to lower the grade of Fourth Avenue at Thirty-fourth Street. The majority of the representatives of property owners favored the plan, although there was some opposition.

FOREIGN NOTABLES HERE.

Canada's Chief Justice and Marquis Pallancini Among the Visitors.

Several foreign notables were registered yesterday at the hotels. Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Chief Justice of Canada, Lady Fitzpatrick, and Lady Reed are at the Waldorf-Astoria. The Earl of Lanesborough, Military Attaché to the Governor General of Canada; the Countess of Lanesborough, and Lady Eileen Butler are at the Plaza.

Sir George and Lady Cooper of London, with their three children, are also at the Plaza. At the St. Regis is the Marquis Pallancini, who is here to act as best man at the wedding of Count Sigray to Miss Harriet Daly.

Count and Countess Bedoyere of Rosmead, Ireland, are registered at the Wolcott under the name of C. de Brooke and wife.

70 YEARS IN LAW'S GRIP.

Original $52.74, Disputed in 1840, Now Worth $250.28.

Supreme Court Justice Newburger sent to an official referee yesterday a suit over $52.74 in the Court in Chancery begun in 1840. The money has successively been in the hands of the Court of Chancery, the Court of Appeals, the City Chamberlain, and the Controller.

It has now increased to $250.28 by compound interest. It will be turned over to the graet-grandchildren of the original litigants if their claims are substantiated. The two chief claimants want $75.06 each, another claimant wants $25.02, and four others want $15.02 each. The action was entitled Charles Marvin against [illegible] L. Mason.

STOPPED A SCHOOL PANIC.

Firemen and Teachers United to Keep the Children Calm.

Quick thought on the part of Lieut. Driscoll of Engine Company 71 and of Frank Crossley, janitor, and the teachers of Public School No. 3 prevented yesterday morning a scare, which might have had serious results for the children. Just across 157th Street, opposite the school, is an apartment house. In the rooms of James A. Fluives a trifling fire started.

As soon as the alarm was sent in by John Beach, janitor of the apartment house, Lieut. Driscoll remembered the school. He telephoned at once to the other engine and hook and ladder companies.

"Big public school there. Cut out 157th Street and go through 158th. Keep quiet."

So without any sounding of whistles or banging or gongs the engines made their way to the fire. Meanwhile Crossley, the janitor of the school, hurried to the only classroom which looks out in 157th Street and whispered the news of the fire to the teacher. She at once took in the situation and said to her pupils:

"We're going to try a new kind of fire drill to-day, children. We none of us are going to look out of the window; we're just going to keep our eyes fixed on the floor."

Then she marched her children quietly out of the room to an assembly hall on the other side of the school, and not one of them suspected that a real fire was in progress across the way.

Miss Josephine Hamill, the Principal, had also been warned, and every teacher was told that a fire drill might be called for at any moment. Miss Hamill took her station in the hall and waited events. But the firemen so quickly got the small blaze under control that she was able to go back to her work. It was not till the noon recess that the children knew there had been a fire and that they had missed it.

WANTS CITY DANCE HALLS.

Mrs. Israels Says Such Resorts Should Be Watched by the Police.

A municipal dance hall on Washington Heights was proposed by Mrs. Charles H. Israels, Chairman of the Committee on Amusement Resources for the Working Girl, last night to a meeting of Washington Heights citizens as a means of putting the Fort George resorts out of business. The meeting was held in the Washington Heights Baptist Church. It had been called primarily to agitate for more playgrounds for young children.

Mrs. Israels said the children between the ages of 15 and 20, especially the girls, should be considered more than the youngsters. She declared that her investigations showed that the girls of 15 craved dancing, and that where a proper place was not provided the saloon dance hall was inevitably crowded. She called attention to the resorts around Fort George, characterizing them as places where anything that would not call for police interference was permitted.

"The girl of 15 needs exercise, and her preference is dancing," she said. "Young girls will go to these saloon dance halls for nothing but the dance at first, but they soon drift over to the tables where liquor is served. With the building of municipal dance platforms in the various parks of Washington Heights, where refreshments of a suitable character could be obtained at reasonable cost, the resorts around Fort George could be easily broken up."

Charles B. Stover, Commissioner of Parks, also addressed the meeting, outlining the plans of his department for the establishment of playgrounds in Manhattan. Howard Bradstreet, Secretary of the Parks and Playgrounds Association of New York, also spoke.

TARIFF STIRS BOOKBINDERS.

Will Ask Court to Pass on Rule Admitting Leather Bound Books.

The decision of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Curtis that imported books with leather binding come under the same rate of duty as books with cloth bindings, which is 25 per cent., has caused a stir among bookbinders in this city. It was announced yesterday that the courts will be asked to pass on this construction of the clause relating to imported books in the new tariff law.

Before the law went into effect a committee from the Bookbinders' Board of Trade of this city had a conference in Washington with the Congressional Ways and Means Committee which had charge of the Tariff bill. As a result, say members of the committee, the clause was made to read to convey the meaning that only cloth-bound books or books bound in any material in which the binding was worth less than the paper, should come under the 25 per cent. rate.

Leather-bound books, the binders hold, come under the 40 per cent. duty on manufactured leather, and assert that if Mr. Curtis's interpretation of the law be maintained it will drive an important industry out of the country.

WON'T GIVE UP MINUTE BOOKS.

Indicted Packers Refuse to Obey Judge Swayze's Order Without an Appeal.

The four packing companies indicted by the Hudson County Grand Jury—the National Packing Company, Morris & Co., Swift & Co., and Armour & Co.—will not submit to Justice Swayze's order to produce the minute books of their stockholders' and Directors' meetings without a fight. When Prosecutor Garven appears before the Judge in Trenton this morning to get the order signed ex-Senator William D. Edwards, counsel for the corporations, will apply to the Supreme Court for a writ of certiorari to review Justice Swayze's action.

Lemuel B. Patterson, Vice President of the National Packing Company, one of the nineteen Chicago packers indicted, has announced his intention of pleading to the indictment voluntarily. He has frequently to be in New Jersey on business and was actually in court the day the indictment was handed up. A capias for his arrest was issued as soon as his presence was known, but he left the Court House before it could be served on him.

HIS JUGULAR VEIN REMOVED.

Boy Had Blood Clot in His Ear—Doctors Think He'll Recover.

Brooklyn medical men are interested in the case of a patient in the Long Island College Hospital, part of whose jugular vein has been removed by the surgeons there. He is nineteen-year-old Harold Erickson, an iron worker, of 26 Summit Street.

About a month ago Erickson began to experience pains in his left ear. After a time he went to the hospital. An incision was made by Dr. J. E. Sheppard, revealing the presence of a blood clot in the middle ear, which had spread to the internal jugular vein. To prevent a further spread of the trouble, a large section of the vein was removed. In a day or two the remaining part of the vein will be removed also.

The surgeons at the hospital seem to be confident that Erickson will recover.

La Gascogne's Stormy Trip.

Capt. Dumont of the French Line steamship Gascogne, which arrived in port yesterday from Havre after a stormy passage, reported that there was a breakdown in the engine room three days after leaving Havre which delayed the ship four hours. The Gascogne brought over 1,030 passengers, who rolled their eyes and groaned on the pier when asked about the weather on the trip.

SELF-DENIAL

"Have been in reduced circumstances since the panic. I enclose $5.00 secured for you through self-denial."

This letter came all the way from Utah.

We have been compelled to spend this winter for relief of distress in New York **$20,000 more than we received.**

Gifts large or small will be gratefully acknowledged.

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N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
E. FULTON CUTTING, Pres.

ARREST SPECULATORS AT CHARITY OPERA

They Profit by Error in Holding Tickets at Office of Legal Aid Society.

CHARITY BENEFIT $5,000

"Aida" Sung with Mmes. Gadski and Homer and Caruso—Russian Dancers in Two Numbers.

The performance of "Aida" last night at the Metropolitan Opera House commenced with the arrest of fifteen speculators on the sidewalk. The performance was given for the benefit of the Legal Aid Society, and that society benefited to the amount of about $5,000. The total receipts were in the neighborhood of $12,000. The speculators are said to have reaped a rich harvest as by some error the tickets were retained at the office of the society instead of being sent to the box office of the theatre. As a result, when people called at the box office they were told that there were no tickets to be had.

Later the error was rectified to some extent, but it was too late. However, the management of the Opera House had many of the speculators arrested for obstructing the sidewalk.

"Aida" was sung by Mmes. Gadski and Homer, and Messrs. Caruso, de Segurola, Amato, and Rossi. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

After the opera the Russian dancers appeared in two divertissements, the adagio of Blechmann, and the Bacchanale, from Glazunow's ballet, "The Seasons." As these numbers were not specified on the programme many in the audience got up to go after the first number, and the applause continued while the dancers changed their costumes until the curtain was raised again. In the Bacchanale the two probably give the best of their art. It is extraordinary in its effect, and last night's audience capitulated as readily as others have. The orchestra, under Mr. Podesti, did some of the worst playing of its career for these two dances.

Among the patrons and patronesses, most of whom were present, were Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mrs. Edward S. Harkness, Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge, Mrs. Gilbert E. Jones, Mrs. Seth Low, Mrs. George L. McAlpin, Mrs. George Haven Putnam, Mrs. Paul M. Warburg, Mrs. Hans Winterfeldt, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. D. O. Haynes, Mrs. Arthur Curtis James, Mrs. Frederick B. Jennings, Mrs. Charles E. Hughes, Mrs. Cass Gilbert, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken, Mrs. George W. Knapp, Miss Florence Doane, Mrs. James Kennedy Tod, Mrs. George C. Holt, Mrs. William H. Taft, and Mrs. Henry Waters Taft.

GERMAN ARTISTS' FESTIVAL.

Elaborate Programme Arranged for Benefit Performance at Hotel Astor.

Germany, or as much of the atmosphere of the Fatherland as can be transplanted to these shores, will be found at the Hotel Astor on Saturday evening, March 19, when the second German Artists' Festival will be held. The affair has been arranged by the Society of German authors in America, and the proceeds will be divided between the Deutsche Buehnengenossenschaft, the pension fund of the Metropolitan Opera House, and the Provident Fund of the Association of German Authors. The Managing Committee, consisting of Andreas Dippel, Otto Goritz, and Louis Viereck, have arranged an elaborate programme, which includes acts by members of the Metropolitan Opera House Company.

Director Hertz will conduct the Metropolitan Orchestra, and the main feature will be a performance of Nestroy's "Tannhaeuser" parody, with Bella Alten as Elisabeth, Marie Mattfeld as Venus, and Albert Reiss as the hero. Rita Sacchetto will give a dance, and Louise Homer, Johanna Gadski, Robert Blass, and Adolf Muehlmann will also appear. Other artists who will appear will be Sieczak, Joern, Walter Soomer, Florence Wickham as a negress singing coon songs, and Rita Fornia.

A genuine Tyrolean quartet, consisting of Riccardo Martin, Glenn Hall, Clarence Whitehill, and Allen Hinckley, will sing "The Old Folks at Home" in German and a Viennese quartet composed of Jadlowker, Reiss, Muehlmann, and Witherspoon will sing the same song in English. Emmy Destinn will also give some songs while Japanese Geisha girls in native costumes are serving tea.

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, is the head of the honorary committee, which includes Baron von Hengelmueller, Austrian Ambassador; Dr. Paul Ritter, Swiss Ambassador; Frankson, German Consul General; Nuber von Pereker, Austrian Consul General, and I. Bertschmann, Swiss Consul General.

LOVING CUP FOR DAMROSCH.

Silver Jubilee Festivities End in Concert by New York Symphony Society.

The past week has been full of honors for Walter Damrosch, who is celebrating this month his twenty-fifth year as a conductor. He has been dined and wined and written and telegraphed to. Mr. Andrew Carnegie has even sent him a check for $5,000. Last night all these festivities culminated in a concert of the New York Symphony Society at Carnegie Hall. For this occasion Mr. Damrosch had chosen to repeat in its entirety the programme with which he made his début as a conductor of this society on March 27, 1885.

Carnegie Hall was decorated with evergreens and wreaths. The stage was banked with greens also. There were presentations of wreaths, flowers, and a loving cup and much applause from the largest audience that has greeted the society this season. After the first half of the programme was completed Richard Welling came forward and read resolutions of praise for Mr. Damrosch from the Metropolitan Opera Company, from the Oratorio Society, and from the New York Symphony Society. He read the names of many other organizations which had sent resolutions to honor the event. Then he unveiled the silver loving cup and Mr. Damrosch replied.

The programme included Schubert's C major symphony, which on this occasion was played for the first time this season; a barcolle by Saint-Saëns called "A Night in Lisbon," for small orchestra and harp; Liszt's symphonic poem, "Die Hunnenchlacht," and Weber's "Concertstück," for piano and orchestra. Mrs. Zeisler was the soloist on this occasion, as she had been, then as Miss Fannie Bloomfield, at the concert twenty-five years ago. It is perhaps worthy of note that this composition of Weber's, long since dropped from the concert repertoire, has been by some curious chance already played this season at a concert of the Philharmonic Society by Mme. Carreno.

FISK UNIVERSITY QUARTET.

Excellent Ensemble Singing, but the Negro Spirit Lacking.

The large audience which gathered at Mendelssohn Hall last night to hear the Fisk University Jubilee Quartet heard some truly great ensemble singing. The organization has for many years been maintained for the purpose of keeping alive the old negro songs.

The four voices which sang "Steal Away to Jesus," "Swing Low Sweet Chariot," and many other airs, sounded like one great organ. The harmonious effect was indiscribable in its perfection. The diminuendos, the pianissimos, and all the other nuances were beautifully conceived. For pure tone, artistically produced, the organization may be praised unstintedly.

However, it must be said that the negro spirit was entirely lacking in this performance of plantation songs. It was almost as if they were being sung in the service of the Russian Church.

The audience, which included Booker T. Washington, was properly appreciative.

THE KNEISEL QUARTET.

Mr. Longy Assists in the First Extra Afternoon Concert.

The Kneisel Quartet, having completed its regular season, gave the first of two additional afternoon performances yesterday in Mendelssohn Hall. The hall was practically entirely filled with an audience of the same musical quality as that which heard the evening concerts, who made it evident that Mr. Kneisel had not miscalculated the potency of the public demand for more of the quartet's playing than the regular season affords.

The programme contained Brahms's quintet in G major, Op. 111, and Schubert's posthumous quartet in D minor, both of which have appeared on recent programmes of the quartet. There stood between them Mozart's quartet for three strings and oboe, the oboe played by Georges Longy of the Boston Symphony Orchestra. This Mr. Kneisel has played in years past, but not for a good while, and it was heard again with much delight. The substance of the music is not in Mozart's deepest or most earnest vein, but it is most engaging. And the charm of the music itself is enhanced by the appropriateness of the oboe in expressing its quality and the skill with which Mozart blended it with the tone of the three stringed instruments in scoring it. This skill naturally must be paired with a corresponding skill and dexterity on the part of the oboe player, and it was so paired yesterday. Mr. Longy's playing of the part was made to belong to the ensemble; it was exquisite in its tone and the modulation of it, and in phrasing and articulation. The little work was rapturously applauded, and Mr. Kneisel generously made his guest come forward alone to receive the applause himself.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Prof. James R. Angell Among Passengers Sailing To-day on Campania.

Among those sailing to-day for Europe are:

CAMPANIA (Liverpool)—A. B. Allen, Prof. James R. Angell, F. E. W. Coller, Capt. and Mrs. De Laffle, C. T. Emmett, Miss Patricia Irwin, the Rev. Charles Pedley, Mrs. F. V. Van Riper, F. T. Younghusband, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Hay, Miss Nelly Harald, Richard H. Boswell, and Mrs. I. W. Cavendish.

CELTIC (Naples)—Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Ames, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Richard F. Belles, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bonnell, Mrs. Benjamin Brewster, Mrs. M. E. Campos, Frank P. Carpenter, Mrs. R. C. Carter, Lawrence Crowe, Mr. and Mrs. John Dane, A. Lowes Dickinson, Mrs. L. B. Dowd, Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Godfrey, Miss I. Haldane, Mrs. N. G. Horton, Mrs. John N. Irwin, Miss Floyd Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Bryan Lathrop, the Rev. A. B. Leonard, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. McCormick, Mrs. E. L. Nicoll, Mrs. George P. Sheldon, Miss Lucille Thornton, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. E. Chandler Walker, Dr. and Mrs. M. Allen Starr, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus, and Lady R. G. Reid.

Some of the arrivals yesterday were:

ZEELAND (Antwerp)—R. F. Giles, Mrs. M. Repelow, R. F. Welsh, H. F. Steward, H. C. Charplot, Miss Julie Charplot, Edmund Trager, Rene Andries, Miss Ethel Brown, Mrs. Delphine Bettens, and Louis Antonis.

GASCOGNE (Havre)—M. Bolta, Josef Baier, Odin Dorr, Albert Lemay, Mme. Anna Kramer, Miss Louise Olivier, Mme. Marie Ratles, and Jean Moulin.

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This reduction in price is due solely to their being 1909 models; the fabrics are the regular Smith Gray quality, the best that skill can produce or money can buy. They are nearly all Grays, and Gray is unquestionably the 1910 color.

You are sure of excellent quality and most unusual value, and, if you come in now, you can undoubtedly find just what you are seeking at a great deal less than you have planned to pay.

Spring Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats, former price $18 to 25; sizes and models for Men and Young Men; some sizes are broken $14.50

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1910.

SLOW, BUT NOT TOO SLOW.

After Mayor GAYNOR had been in office a month he made a speech in Brooklyn in which he deprecated extravagant expectations from new officials, especially regarding rapid transit. "But we must go slowly; don't be impatient, and don't try to get things by force." He has now been in office three months almost, and he has done enough to redeem his administration from any charge of sloth. Certainly the things which he has done could hardly bear postponement, and he has a claim for indulgent consideration. Yet a much suffering community would greatly like to know where rapid transit ranks on his list of chores, and what mysterious influence blocks the way. Everything was reported prepared by the highest talent, ready for the signature of the Mayor who should be chosen to succeed MCCLELLAN. The mills make a terrible noise, but there is no grist. Why?

Perhaps the Mayor's dissatisfaction with what had been prepared for his signature may be the explanation. How could he be expected to approve plans which offered absurdly inadequate connection with the city's bridges, $100,000,000 worth of half utilized investment, and no connection whatever with the great terminus of the Pennsylvania Railway on the west side? Perhaps he lacks the hardihood of embarking on the policy, to which it has been sought to commit the city, of expending city money to a total of hundreds of millions without knowing who was going to operate the new subways, or on what terms, or with exactly what advantage to farepayers. Perhaps he perceives that independent subways are like the two halves of a pair of scissors, which are much more useful if coupled together, but which the plan has been to operate separately. Perhaps he notices that even his excellent administration is unable to float city bonds at 4 per cent., and that therefore the chief argument for construction by the city, or with city bonds, has vanished. Perhaps he sees what is apparent to all but the blind, that the new subways will have a capital charge double the old subways, and a higher interest rate, and that however rich the traffic for the new lines they cannot expect to repeat the great success of the first.

Let no one get the idea that any of these reasons for deliberation, or all of them, are any reason for not going ahead with the new construction. On the contrary, there is nothing more urgent, or more popular, and this is a hurry call. Construction on a bad plan, with city money, at a rate of $20,000,000 or so a year, is going much too slow, and going wrong, especially when there is an alternative method of spending much more money, borrowed privately, and so as to strengthen the city's existing investment, instead of weakening it, and to meet the public convenience at the same time.

Whoever doubts this, and has a desire for the truth in preference to indulging a prejudice, needs but to read WILLIAM BARCLAY PARSONS'S article in Harper's Weekly. He recommends the adoption by New York of a single symmetrical system of subways, instead of London's system of independent competing lines. So much has competition diminished public accommodation in London that the plan is being abandoned and amalgamation is being arranged. In London nine subways with a mileage greater than New York's, but without transfers, carry fewer passengers than here. In Paris a smaller mileage, but with unlimited transfers throughout a single system, carries a larger number of passengers. The contrast is striking, and comes in time for influencing our policy.

Perhaps Mayor GAYNOR feels that if the independent subway were completed it would not offer the advantages of enlarging the existing system. For example, it would carry passengers north and south on the east side, but it would not provide for interchange of traffic between the east and west sides. The two blades of the scissors would be parallel, and with no connection at the middle, corresponding to Forty-second Street. There all travel north and south, east and west, ought to be able to change direction at will, and without cost. This would unify the city. Any other plan would divide it. There is no substitute for this plan. Any other plan may be conceded to be a success of a sort, and according to its possibilities, but it will be fatally defective in an essential, and one which concerns all boroughs as well as Manhattan.

What strangles and angers the outer boroughs, and with justice, is the multiplication of fares. If the tri-borough system were in existence, and working to capacity, it would be a boon, but at the cost of another fare. If it accommodated the travel between the Bronx and Coney Island it would meet the wants of a short season, but would not meet the needs of an all-the-year travel, which wants more than to be carried over that route. It wants the ability to reach the west side, and to cross the city at will, to traverse both its latitude and its longitude. We are considerate with the Mayor's plea for deliberation. It will not be wasted if he takes these matters into consideration.

OUR USUAL NEGLECT.

Friends of Commander PEARY, naturally deeply mortified that a few small men in Congress have so far succeeded in blocking the official recognition to which he is so fully entitled, need not have been greatly surprised. It has ever been the custom of Congress to deal in a niggardly way with the men who have achieved prestige for their country at the risk of their lives and fortunes. In spite of the large number of able and broad-minded men in Congress, apparently there are always enough little men among them, representing few besides themselves, to checkmate the generous impulses of the majority.

As Gen. A. W. GREELY declared in his letter to THE TIMES on Sunday, Congress refused to promote CLARK of the Lewis and Clark expedition, and has never in any way recognized his own arctic work from 1881 to 1884, when the American flag was carried to the then Farthest North. His preferment after his return from the Lady Franklin Bay expedition resulted from meritorious discharge of the duties to which he had been assigned. The six men who, besides himself, survived the horrors of Cape Sabine, have been as shamefully neglected as he. Two years after his return Gen. GREELY, smarting under the treatment his men had received, concluded the story of the "Three Years of Arctic Service" with these words:

> No man of the party has received promotion, except such temporary advancement as my personal urging could secure. Two men, with broken health, have adventured their private fortunes; and one, a most self-sacrificing, soldierly, temperate, and loyal man, lies as these lines are penned, helpless in a city hospital, aided by private charity, his pension not even awarded.
>
> Even the meagre allowances originally promised for arctic service have not been fully paid, and the widows of the dead are generally as yet unrecognized.
>
> Our great country in these days asks not in vain for its sons to venture their lives for any idea which may subserve its interests or enhance its greatness. I trust that posterity may never mourn the decadence of that indomitable American spirit which in this generation fought out to the bitter end its great civil war and made it seem an easy thing in time of peace to penetrate the heart of Africa, to perish in the Lena Delta, to die at Sabine, or to attain the Farthest North.

Who doubts that these men, and Commander PEARY, too, would have been overwhelmed with honors in any other service in the world?

MR. WOODRUFF'S "VICTORY."

It is apparently settled that Mr. WOODRUFF cannot be dislodged from his headship of the regular Republican tribe before another State Convention has been held. Whether that question was really raised by Senator ROOT in his visit of Sunday is not certain. It is the game of the bosses to insist that it was, and that Mr. WOODRUFF demonstrated in definite and defiant terms that upon that point he was master of the situation. That cannot mean that he is sustained by the majority of the Republicans in the State, for there is no possible means of testing that, and the indications by which alone we must judge do not sustain the contention. The most that can be said is that the actual organization of which Mr. WOODRUFF is the head is still back of him.

The question naturally arises, What use is he intending to make of his power? The more stubbornly he sticks to it, the more he demonstrates it in public, the more serious is his responsibility, his and that of his associates. Their immediate business, now that it is certain that there will be no change in the leadership of the Senate or of the State Committee, is to shape the issues of the next campaign and define the lines on which the party will deal with them. This will be done for the most part by the action of the Legislature during the brief remainder of its session and by the choice of a candidate for Governor for next Fall. The action of the Legislature will turn on the result of the investigation of the charges against Mr. WOODRUFF'S leader of the Senate, Mr. ALLDS, on the matter of further investigation and on the measures proposed by the Governor. Of these the matter of investigation is by far the most important. Unless the party machine is prepared to deal with this firmly, frankly, and with thoroughness, the only issue that will have much interest for the public next Fall will be that of the extent of corruption in the Republican Party. Nothing in the way of legislation will count much if this issue is not got out of the way.

What do Mr. WOODRUFF, Mr. BARNES, Mr. WADSWORTH propose to do on this question? Their reputation for personal integrity is not compromised or even indirectly involved. No one has accused them or is likely to accuse them of having participated in the sordid game that is shown to have been played in the Legislature. If they hesitate to break up that game, if they refuse to deal sternly and searchingly with the men who have been engaged in it, they will not have the poor excuse of selfish cowardice. They will simply incur general condemnation for indifference to corruption so long as it is committed within the limits of regularity and the organization. And the condemnation they invite will be transferred to the party at large. The party is in no condition to support that burden. It would not be easy, but it is possible, for these leaders to purge their machine and to go to the people on the merit of that heroic policy. They do not at present show the slightest signs of any appreciation of this fact or any purpose to act on this view. But they have by their tactics up to this time put themselves in a position where they must do this or face the responsibility for a crushing defeat next Autumn. It is not, of course, unthinkable that they would prefer such a defeat to a complete exposure of the corruption that has developed under their management, on the theory that the discredit would fall upon the party rather than upon themselves. But this, though not unthinkable, is not very credible. It would be hopelessly short-sighted. The discredit would surely fall on the party, but they would not escape their share of it, and their share would be quite sufficient to drive them from political activity and influence for the rest of their lives.

WHAT WILL MR. MERRITT DO?

Mr. EDWIN A. MERRITT, Jr., Republican leader of the Assembly, in response to our request, has favored THE TIMES with a letter setting forth frankly his reasons for wishing to amend the wild forest lands provision of the New York State Constitution. He would store water within the "blue line" of the Forest Preserve for the development of power outside the preserve, where the great rivers fall from the sides of the plateau. This, he thinks, would add millions to the State's taxable property. He wants highways cut through the Adirondacks Park, so that the people may have access to its beauties. He wants camp sites leased therein, for periods not exceeding ten years, and he would sell the State's useless lands, buying with the proceeds better lands within the "blue line." These things are prohibited by the ironclad provision which Mr. MERRITT would amend.

We grant that some of these things ought to be done. But they should be done under the strict supervision and control of the State. Mr. MERRITT acknowledges that he has a "direct personal interest" in water storage on State lands, and "I make no apology for the fact," he adds. The fact needs no apology. At the same time Mr. MERRITT is quite aware of the well-grounded suspicions of the public concerning persons and interests that have attempted commercial entrance of the State Forest Preserve. He knows that every year since 1894, when Mr. FRANK S. GARDNER of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation drafted and obtained, through his organization, its unanimous passage by the Constitutional Convention of that year, the wild forest lands provision has been jealously guarded by the people. It has resisted all attempts at a general amendment.

What will Mr. MERRITT do? Will he attempt to force through another general amendment, or will he make it this time specific? Will he embody his proposals each in the form of a statutory bill, providing that it shall not take effect until made valid by an amendment to the Constitution? In the bill for water storage will Mr. MERRITT designate the dams and reservoirs necessary to be erected within the Forest Preserve; their exact location; upon what streams; with what "flow lines," and how many acres each will cover, together with restrictions as to the total area flooded?

In the bill amending roads will Mr. MERRITT say how many roads it is proposed to build through State lands, presenting a plan of their routes, specifications, widths—the widths not merely of the roadbeds, but of the extent of forest to be cut on either side?

Will he enter these two bills separately, and the other two bills separately, in order that good measures may not be killed because "bunched," possibly, with bad ones?

Then will Mr. MERRITT whittle his Constitutional amendment down to these words, to be added to Article VII., Section 7:

> The provisions of this section may be modified as provided in Chapters —— of the Laws of ——, but in no other respect whatsoever.

Such an amendment, referring to laws so specifically passed, will satisfy the original drawer of the provision which Mr. MERRITT would amend. We think it will satisfy the people. Will Mr. MERRITT object to this method of compassing what he wants? And will he state his objections, if there be any?

WHERE OUR PROSPERITY HAS GONE

The February trade returns are of a sort which occur only at an interval of years, and which always have a significance if only it can be rightly seized. The fact that our exports are so decreasing, and our imports increasing, that we are debtors on the merchandise movement, is rare in our history. It is concurrent with a deficit in our National revenue, with a check to our domestic trade, with a diminished construction of railway mileage, and with a reversal of the currents of immigration. We are losing men and merchandise, absolutely on balance at times, and relatively through a prolonged period, and there seems a mystery about it.

Looking across our northern border not one but all these conditions are reversed. Canada's revenues are increasing. Its immigration is unprecedented, and is especially remarkable for the fact that much of it is American. Its foreign trade for January—the latest reported month—increased 30 per cent., and is a record. The increase for ten months is 20 per cent., and is due both to export and import growth.

What heightens our woe at the contemplation of our cousins' prosperity is that we taught them the tricks they are profiting by. We taught them how cheap land would attract homesteaders. We taught them how to build railways with land grants. We taught them how population follows the rails, and how exports grow as surely as a farmer raises more than he eats. Perhaps it was not necessary to teach these things, so self-evident, and so certainly the source of our recent prosperity. We have altered all that. We are now devoted to reform.

We shall soon purify our corporations, or kill them. Our railways are the source of our ills now, whatever their work of development may have been in the old bad days. Our population is larger than we can feed, and our foreign trade is so excessive, and such a betrayal of the contributors to the Republican campaign funds, that we have recently passed a tariff warranted to decrease it, and to raise the cost of cheap living. We have turned our backs on our past, and Canada is traveling our route. She is willing to abandon herself to her corporations, and she does not recognize the railways as her enemy. She prefers to imitate us in our unregenerate days, and is reaping her reward. We prefer the paths of virtue, and naturally we are laying up treasures in a better world. All the truly good will rejoice. Only the bad will envy Canada. And there may even be those who will not recognize the feather of an American eagle on the shaft which has slain our enterprises when they are showing a vitality almost superior to the discouragements of reform, which of course comes high, but must be had at any price.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Why Seek So Far for Motives?

There is little likelihood that the public will be as deeply interested as Mayor GAYNOR seems to be in discovering the precise motive which causes the "crusading policemen," CUNNINGHAM and KEENAN, occasionally to devote a few hours of their scanty leisure to demonstrating that certain other policemen, of their own rank and higher, are not enforcing the excise law.

There is, indeed, an element of the mysterious in the industry of these two men, for the policeman with a day or part of a day off usually finds something of interest more obviously personal to do with it than hunting for opportunities to make arrests in sections of the city remote from his own precinct. It seems to be the Mayor's idea that CUNNINGHAM and KEENAN are either trying to embarrass their superiors by revealing the negligence of the latter, or that they are teaching saloon keepers the wisdom of making small loans with facility and then forgetting them. In either case, the fact remains, we understand, that the saloons invaded by the crusaders were open for business at hours when they should have been closed, and that the arrests made were justifiable, and more, in the eyes of everybody except those of men who should have made the arrests and didn't.

That is, after all, the most important feature of the whole case, and it is apparently more desirable to discover the cause of the immunity which some saloon keepers apparently enjoy than to find out just why CUNNINGHAM and KEENAN deemed it worth their while to do police work when they might just as well have been playing or resting their poor feet. The suggestion that in making arrests so far afield they exceeded their powers will not, of course, bear examination. A policeman is a policeman all the time, and not a bit less when off duty than when on it, and he doesn't have to wait for special orders before doing what he can to put an end to any violation of the law that he sees or hears of.

The case of these two men has been a puzzle from the beginning. The accusations against them are numerous, but extremely vague, and they never seem to get into trouble except when they arrest a lawbreaker who, somebody else thinks, should be let alone. However, we shall all know more about them after the trial which the Mayor has ordered.

Happiness for the Commuters.

With the extension of electric service on the Harlem Division of the Central Road from Mount Vernon to White Plains, another long step has been taken toward making the County of Westchester the easily and comfortably accessible suburb of this city which the whole of it is destined soon to become.

The steam engines were faithful creatures, in their way, but they did little more than make life possible beyond the Borough of the Bronx. Really happy they did not render it, even for the commuters most enthusiastically devoted to the lawn mower and the garden hose, for always there were the two daily rides to be considered and dreaded. The tunnel was in those days a place of discomfort at its best and of torture at its worst, and it was always a question whether it paid to live in the country or not. Many who tried it decided the question in the negative after a few months, and those who remained suspected themselves as well as were suspected by others of being a little queer.

With electric trains conditions have changed, and in every respect for the better. To be sure, there has been little or no gain of time, as the never-to-be-contented commuters think there should be, but the service, after some disquieting irregularities while the system was new, has made a decent approach to clockwork regularity, and in hot weather as in cold the old annoyances of dirt and smoke have disappeared. The tunnel has lost all of its old terrors, for the air in it is as good as that outside. A few steam locomotives still linger in Westchester and the Bronx, but it is a lingering soon to terminate. The electric motor can do its work, and do it more cheaply as well as better. That it has both characteristics is most fortunate for the commuters, for, of course, if it were only better the change would have been long delayed, if ever even thought of.

Some day it will be discovered that the "train" method, necessitated by steam, can be abandoned, now that the more easily divisible force has replaced it, and then an ideal suburban service can be established at last. After that New York City will be a place for business, and nothing else.

Well-Intentioned but Unnecessary.

Representative ENGLEBRIGHT of California, though a member of the subcommittee of the House Committee on Naval Affairs that has been considering Mr. PEARY'S right to recognition as the discoverer of the north pole, is not filled with dark suspicions concerning the explorer's veracity, as are his associates. He has even had the patience to try to teach them something as to the possibilities of arctic travel.

It was probably labor wasted, for though Mr. ENGLEBRIGHT had no difficulty in finding many unquestioned instances in which men have driven dogs over ice and snow even faster and further than Mr. PEARY did, the facts he presents are little likely to affect minds that have only sought and eagerly found an excuse for withholding well-earned honors. He is contending with vanity and jealousy, and in that battle argument is useless.

People who now believe that Mr. PEARY did not reach the pole and that Dr. COOK did or even may have done so are of an adamantine obstinacy beyond the reach of logic or persuasion, and they might as well be let alone. The Peary-Cook controversy, so far as there ever was one, ended months ago, and the full truth is now known to all who want to know it.

SELLING THE PARKS.

Resolutions Passed by the Landscape Architects Against the Plan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The inclosed resolutions, passed at a meeting of the American Society of Landscape Architects on March 8, may be of interest to the public as indicating the attitude of our society on this important question:

Whereas, The few small parks and open squares of lower Manhattan offer a contrast to the increasing density and height of buildings all about them, which grows more and more precious as that density increases and as the surrounding property advances in commercial value; and,

Whereas, It is now proposed in effect to sell a quarter of City Hall Park as a building lot for no public inducement other than to save the cash value of so much building land in that vicinity; and,

Whereas, Apart from the special objections to this transaction, the principle involved and the precedent set up are fundamentally mistaken, pointing, as they logically do, to the ultimate use for building purposes of any or every square and park in Manhattan, since essentially the same arguments that can be brought to bear for relieving the taxpayers of purchasing a site for the Court House by placing it in City Hall Park can be brought to bear for selling Madison Square or Central Park in the open market and using the proceeds to relieve the taxpayers' burdens; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the American Society of Landscape Architects that the society does most earnestly protest to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York against the ratification of a plan so completely subversive of the sound and conservative public policy which safeguards the painfully accumulated capital embodied in the city's parks and squares.

CHARLES N. LOWRIE,
President American Society of Landscape Architects.

New York, March 14, 1910.

Orphan's Chance in Life.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent "W. J. L." has touched upon a subject full of suggestion in his "Talk on Orphans." Without doubt many of the orphans in institutions are better off than they were in the homes from which they were taken. "W. J. L.'s" friend might have gone even further and asserted with a good deal of truth that they received their first chance in life when their parents died and society began to take cognisance of their existence. The statistics of the Children's Aid Society, of which I am an officer, show that 87 per cent. of the orphans and deserted children of New York City who have come under its care have done well in life, which is a record far better than that of the generality of children; so that one may plausibly defend the paradox that the dependent child has a better chance, as society is now constituted, than the average child.

But there should be a qualification of the praise of institutions for the care of dependent children, and though the point has never been made before, it may be worth while to emphasize it again for the benefit of those who, like your correspondent, seem to think that institutional care is in itself beneficial—the point, I mean, that orphan asylums are necessary and beneficial in much the same way the hospitals are. By all means let us take into institutions the fatherless and motherless and those whose home life is degrading and can lead only to disaster, and let us care for their bodies and their souls; but, as in the case of the hospital patient, let us discharge them when convalescence is reasonably advanced, and not develop chronic invalidism. There are few more pitiful specimens of humanity than the youth who has spent his childhood in an institution and who is at last forced out into a world of which he knows nothing by actual experience, untitted for usefulness and doomed to failure.

C. LORING BRACE.

New York, March 14, 1910.

Chaucer Line in America.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A dispatch from London in the Sunday TIMES speaks of the discovery of "descendants of Chaucer" who turn out to be descendants of Chaucer's father-in-law, Sir Paon (Payne) de Roet.

If those interested will turn to Waters's "Genealogical Gleanings in England" and consult the Whitfield-Manning pedigrees it will be seen that there are descendants of Chaucer's sister not only in England but in America.

Fortema Mildred Manning, sister of Lady Margaret (Manning) Howard, Viscountess Bindon, the grandmother of Lieut. Gen. Edmund Ludlow of the Cromwellian forces, married Thomas Whittield, Esq., a noted lawyer of London, in the time of Queen Elizabeth, who lived across the Thames at Mortlake in Surrey.

Their son, the Rev. Henry Whitfield, came to New England and founded Guilford, Conn. He married Dorothy, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Sheaffe, D. D., a descendant of Isabel (Grindall) Woodhall, sister of the Most Rev. Edmund Grindall, Archbishop of Canterbury.

The children of the Rev. Henry and Dorothy (Sheaffe) Whitfield were all lineally descended from Chaucer's sister as proven in the Herald's Visitations of Surrey, Sussex, and Kent.

New York, March 13, 1910. W. F.

The Sound Is There.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In answer to J. H. Marshall's letter and query regarding "sound with no ears to hear," I beg to give my views.

Some years ago, while a student under Prof. Alfred M. Mayer, noted as an authority on physics and natural phenomena, he stated to us in class that "if a tree fell in a forest, with no ears near enough to hear," there would be no sound. As a timid freshman I heard but dared not question his statement. The years have rolled along, Prof. Mayer is dead, I am older, and I have formed my own opinion—that whether it be a tree falling or a bell tolling in a wilderness, ears or no ears near by, the sound is there. STEVENS GRADUATE.

New York, March 13, 1910.

Sound with "No Ears Present."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It strikes one of practical mind, on the question, "Would There Be Sound?" that if the questioner, J. A. Marshall, would trouble to transport a large, healthy bell, and with it a mechanical contrivance such as is used for phonograph recording, to some expansive desert and arrange it so that both would work in unison and in close proximity, and then retire "out of all hearing," he could return after a lapse of time and discover whether there had been sound or not with "no ears present."

YANKEE.

New York, March 14, 1910.

NOT THE SAME BARRETT.

Member of Stock Exchange Not the One Who Abused a Horse.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice in several newspapers this morning a story from Lakewood, N. J., to the effect that James Barrett, "a prominent broker on the New York Stock Exchange, was arrested to-day for riding a valuable hurdle jumper so hard that it had to be killed."

As I am the only Barrett who is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, THE TIMES story as well as those in other papers has caused me much annoyance. I wish to say that I was not arrested, have not been in Lakewood for five years, and do not ride. Your correspondent was not properly informed.

JOHN J. BARRETT.

New York, March 15, 1910.

PRISON ARCHITECTURE.

Why Make It a Necessary Part of a Charming Landscape?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I observed in your paper a few days since that there is talk at Albany of putting the State prison on the Hudson River just below Wappingers Creek. Is it not time that the societies interested in the preservation of the Hudson from a historic and scenic point of view should take up the question of locating institutions for criminals on the river? It seems to belong to a crude civilization, this effort to put such institutions in the public view and on our most prominent thoroughfares. It reminds one somewhat of the habit in New York, perhaps fifty years ago, of taking all visitors to Greenwood Cemetery as one of the few great points of interest in the neighborhood. So we seem to desire as a people to present to the traveling public the charms of our prison architecture. We pass from the view of our great military institution at West Point, and the next object of keen interest is a State prison!

Now, Mr. Editor, why must we have institutions of this sort located where they become a necessary part of our most charming landscape? Why can we not take an example from a State like Rhode Island, which has massed so many of its institutions on a great farm? Why is it impossible to purchase a fair amount of territory back from the river and in some sparsely settled district, where they can be built up with abundance of land about them and with opportunity for development along the most healthful lines of labor? One must appreciate the desirability of making accessible the means of diversion and recreation for those employed to watch over our prisons, but surely all such means could be developed amply for a community within the bounds of the community itself. There would seem to be no gain, certainly, to the moral or to the aesthetic side of our civilization in thus placing most prominently before the eyes of the traveling public the evidences of the worst side of our civic life.

PROTEST.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., March 14, 1910.

MEN WHO OPPOSE SUFFRAGE.

Would Gladly Join Association Such as Miss Blackwell Mentions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The correspondence of Miss Margaret Doane Gardiner and Miss Alice Stone Blackwell appearing in your columns concerning suffrage for women interests me greatly. While through birth and training my sympathies lie wholly with Miss Gardiner and the position taken by THE TIMES, I suspect that eventually the vote will be thrust upon an unwilling and apathetic majority through the misguided and energetic propaganda of the suffragists.

Conviction without action is useless, and I am indebted to Miss Blackwell for the disparaging reference to "The Man Suffrage Association of Massachusetts," formed to combat the extension of the suffrage. "President Eliot of Harvard, Curtis Guild, Jr., and other prominent men were among its officers." One may well be proud to be in such distinguished company. If there be a sister (or brother) organization in this State I shall make haste to ask for membership. The subsequent fate of the Massachusetts association is not recorded by Miss Blackwell. I earnestly hope that it lives and prospers mightily.

Nowhere in the world has woman the proud and honored position she holds in this country, wielding infinite power through her influence, manifestly greater because unshackled.

The Constitution of Great Britain remains unwritten; men are keenly jealous of attempts to reduce it to writing, believing more would be lost than gained. So with women.

Mere multiplication of votes, literate or illiterate, does not alter the wisdom displayed in the results. ERNEST V. HUBBARD.

New York, March 12, 1910.

Would Have Wells's Prophecy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some one ought to ask H. G. Wells to write a prophecy of the results flowing from the Rockefeller Foundation a hundred years hence. Perhaps you may think it worth while for THE TIMES to do so. Of course Congress may have settled the matter of the charter before the article can be written, but even in that case the prophecy would be read with interest. You may remember that Wells has already imagined a somewhat similar situation in "When the Sleeper Wakes."

H. V. ANDREWS.

New York, March 14, 1910.

A Mistaken Fact.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Listening to Miss Carrie Chapman Catt in Yonkers yesterday evening, I found one more example of the Suffragists' blundering and mistaken apprehension of facts. As a reason for disregarding Dr. Eliot's opposition to woman suffrage she stated the fact (!) that Daniel Webster had expressed it as his opinion that "the negro had no rights which the white man was bound to respect." Webster died in 1852, five years before this was said. This expression was merely the statement of a legal fact made by Chief Justice Taney in 1857 in the famous Dred Scott decision.

MRS. WILLIAM FORSE SCOTT.

Yonkers, March 15, 1910.

California Abbreviations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As to the abbreviation of Los Angeles to "Los," I may say that I have lived in the vicinity of San Francisco as a commuter for two years—1907 and 1908—and have never heard, there or here, such abbreviation used. There was, however, an advertisement in many San Francisco street cars calling upon Californians to refrain from the use of the word "Frisco"!

Why not call New York "Newy"?

G. H. ANDERSON.

Peekskill, March 14, 1910.

CHANTICLEER ET AL.

The chanticleer hat, with the tail and all that,
And the chanticleer jacket are here,
And similar styles from the coop and the sty
Are certainly bound to appear.
In keeping with all of these fashionable fads
We will learn how to cackle and cluck,
And professors will teach us at so much an hour
To waddle along like a duck.
While the women are wearing the latest designs
To be furnished by rooster and hen,
A beard like the wattles a gobbler displays
Would be fetching and fine for the men.
But to copy the mode of the bird that we serve
At holiday time there's no use,
For the person that wears these sartorial freaks
Alas! is already a goose.

MINNA IRVING.

SEE LITTLE CHANCE FOR CHURCH UNITY

Even the Episcopalians, Who Led in the Conference, Think Proposals Will Fail.

MAIN ISSUES ARE CLOUDED

New Statement Is Considered Little More Than the Lambeth Quadrilateral Amplified.

Following immediately upon the conference of Protestant clergymen Monday looking toward unity, sixteen prominent Protestant Episcopal clergymen and laymen yesterday made public a basis for Christian reunion. This was received by the clergy and laymen yesterday, and before night criticism of it was heard on all hands, even by Episcopalians. The criticisms were in line with those made by William Jay Schieffelin, who, besides being President of the Citizen's Union, is a prominent Episcopal layman.

The ground for the objection of Mr. Schieffelin and of several others was that the new statement was little more than the Lambeth quadrilateral amplified; that it set forth the old Protestant Episcopal position, without giving up anything in the interest of unity.

Last January, the rector of Trinity Church, the Rev. Dr. W. T. Manning, led in bringing together clergy and laymen in his own church for an informal conference on the essentials of Christian unity which the Episcopal Church in the United States might put forward. The conference was unofficial, and its findings represent nothing but expressions of opinion.

A New York Episcopal rector, who was said to be well versed in the schools of thought in his Church, classified the signatures to the statement late last night. The "broads" were said to be the Rev. Dr. Loren W. Batten of St. Mark's, this city; Prof. Henry S. Nash of the Theological School, Cambridge; Admiral A. T. Mahan, the naval writer, and Robert H. Gardiner, who has lately resigned as President of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

The "lows" he said were the Rev. Dr. F. W. Tomkins of Philadelphia, the Rev. Dr. Charles S. Burch, Archdeacon of Staten Island; George Zabriskie, a lawyer, and William Jay Schieffelin, who objects to the theological character of the statement and refused to sign it. The middle-of-the-road men, he said, were the Rev. Dr. W. T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, and the Rev. Dr. W. M. Grosvenor, who is President of the Standing Committee of the New York Diocese.

The "highs" he said were the Rev. J. O. S. Huntington, the founder of the Order of the Holy Cross, an order whose members are celibates and who wear habits in the streets, and the Rev. Dr. A. G. Mortimer of St. Mark's Church, Philadelphia, probably the leader of the whole ritualistic school among the Episcopal clergy. There were two or three others, all laymen save one, whom the rector quoted could not classify.

Here are the proposals upon which an agreement is sought:

> The life of God, revealed as the life of the blessed Trinity in Unity, is a life of fellowship.
>
> God has created man in His own image. This likeness He has perfected by Himself taking human nature in the Person of Jesus Christ. As God's life is one of fellowship, the life of man is also one of fellowship.
>
> God's revelation of Himself in His life of fellowship is received and made our own through our fellowship with Him, and in Him with one another.
>
> God's purpose to bring into fellowship with Himself, and in Him with one another, is manifested in Jesus Christ His Son, "Who for us men and for our salvation came down from Heaven, and was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, and was made man."
>
> God's purpose to bring us into fellowship with Himself, and in Him with one another, manifested in Jesus Christ His Son, is made effectual by the operation of the Holy Ghost.
>
> Our fellowship with God is in Jesus Christ through the oneness in Him of all mankind. This fellowship is a mystery so far above our natural state that by our own strength we cannot attain unto it. It is God's free gift, originating in His creative will and purpose, and administered by the presence and power of the Holy Ghost.
>
> God's purpose of fellowship for us as manifested in Christ, to be realized in us by the gift and presence of the Holy Ghost, becomes effectual as it finds outward and visible embodiment.
>
> This outward and visible embodiment, which makes effectual God's purpose of fellowship for man as manifested in Christ, is the Holy Catholic Church.
>
> The Holy Catholic Church, which is the embodiment of God's purpose of fellowship for man as manifested in Jesus Christ, involves the fact of continuous life divinely given and outwardly and visibly assured.
>
> Fellowship with Christ in His Church comes from Christ's communication of His life to us, of which the sign and means is Baptism duly administered with water in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.
>
> The fellowship of the Baptized with Christ, and with one another, as sharers of the one life received from Him, calls for some corporate and articulate expression of their common faith in Christ and of their worship of Him; and this common faith of those who are baptized into the fellowship of Christ and share His life is expressed in the Apostles' and Nicene Creeds.
>
> For those who are in the fellowship of Christ the characteristic corporate act of worship is the Holy Communion as instituted by Christ Himself, for the continual remembrance of the sacrifice of His death, and for the communion of His body and His blood to those who are in fellowship with Him, to their strengthening and refreshing of their souls.
>
> The corporate act of worship, as instituted by Jesus Christ, calls for some minister, who bears Christ's commission, to preside in the assembly of those who are in fellowship with Christ.
>
> Jesus Christ remaining a priest forever, ascended into heaven, but present by His Spirit in His Church on earth, now acts in the sacrament of the Lord's Supper through those who bear His commission.
>
> This continuing priesthood of the Lord Jesus Christ abides in the whole fellowship. The outward and visible organ of this priesthood is the continuous ministry.
>
> As the Church is the outward and visible Body of Christ empowered by His Spirit, through which Christ acts in His Body, derives its powers continually from Him and receives its authority from Him by the outward sign and means of ordination.
>
> The form of ordination should express, by its essential uniformity, the oneness of the Body of Christ, which is the blessed company of all faithful people. Ordination has been effected from sub-apostolic times by the laying on of the hands of the historic episcopate and prayer, and this method of ordination, if restored to the whole fellowship, would be an effective bond of its unity in Christ.

Several Episcopal leaders, not members of the conference, when seen yesterday, said they had not had time to digest the proposals. There was, however, a disposition to deplore the number, and two men said they could see no reason for putting forth such a voluble outline. The rector who made the classification of the signers said:

"The history of the efforts of the Episcopal Church in framing a basis for Christian unity is not flattering. This is to be regretted, but it is a fact. Some years ago there was put forward by a conference held in Chicago, and they were afterward adopted by a conference held at Lambeth, a statement in four parts, three of which are covered in much larger form by these new propositions. The fourth one, the Historic Episcopate, was universally rejected, and the propositions came to nothing. So far as I can see, the same objectionable proposition, only in longer form, is repeated here in the three concluding paragraphs. What is to be gained by repeating the old formulas, once failed, I do not see.

"This is to be regretted at a time when conferences on unity are being held. I do not say the Historic Episcopate plank in the platform should be omitted. I simply say that it has failed of acceptance, and at this time it seems idle to make it over again. Perhaps it was as far as the conference could go. It probably was. But if it could go no further, it seems to me, Protestant America will have to look beyond the Episcopal Church, certainly beyond this conference, for a basis for its unity."

ONE-ACT PLAYS BY GRUNDY AND SUTRO

The Former's a Delightful Farce That Should Be Incorporated in an Evening Bill.

AT ART WORKER'S BENEFIT

About Two Thousand Dollars Realized at Testimonial Arranged by Miss Billie Burke.

Something over $2,000 was realized for the Art Workers' Club for Women as a result of the matinée tendered by Miss Billie Burke at the Lyceum Theatre yesterday, and it has been a long time since any similar occasion has developed a more charming programme. Besides two new one-act plays, the features of the afternoon included several of the most attractive song numbers from reigning musical comedy successes, monologues by Miss Herford and Miss Cheatham, and interpolated remarks by Mr. William Gillette, who, called on to apologize for Miss Burke's cold, spent the better part of his time on the stage in a serio-comic discussion of the fact that he himself was a sufferer from the same complaint.

The introductory remarks were by Mr. William M. Chase, after which a cast of eight people was seen in Alfred Sutro's play "The Bracelet," an amusing little affair, which detailed the experiences of a rather soft English gentleman, who turns to the governess for affection when it seems to be lacking in his wife's treatment of him.

Mrs. Western has missed a valuable bracelet, the gift of her husband, and has the entire household looking for it. After all the servants have been interviewed, she sends for the governess to pursue the inquiry further, and discovers what she believes to be her bracelet on the little woman's wrist. Naturally indignant, she is more and more incensed when the latter insists that the bracelet is her own, and the husband confesses that he gave it to her. The wife is about to send for the police when one of the servants enters bearing the missing bracelet, which has been found in a pocket of Mrs. Western's motor car. Thereupon the wife orders the girl from the house. The husband as positively asserts that she shall not go, as he has grown fond of her companionship and sympathy, qualities which his wife has denied him. At a moment when domestic rupture appears inevitable the girl enters, says that she is leaving to go upon the stage, and incidentally mentions the fact that she is about to be married. The laugh, of course, is on the soft-hearted husband, who has been lavishing attention and jewelry upon the girl, and presumably, he is properly humiliated by the disclosure. The acting, though occasionally showing haste in rehearsals was generally excellent enough, Mr. Kerr making the husband enough of an ass to be most amusing. Miss Dorr was sufficiently dignified as the wife, while Miss Burke, as the governess, had a rôle of very slight requirements. Frank Westerton and Anne Meredith were the other principal figures with good effect.

A piece of more even merit is Sydney Grundy's "Sympathetic Souls," very delightfully acted by Fuller Mellish, Cyril Scott, Isabelle Irving, and Marianna Thurber. In it an ostensibly heart-broken widow, unwilling to forget her deceased husband and to find consolation elsewhere, whose "only real pleasure, in fact, comes from her unhappiness," meets a gentleman similarly afflicted. And from mutual condolence comes interest, from interest affection, from affection a readiness to take up their lives together, to be mutually sympathetic, and to make the best of conditions as they are.

With the man fiddling an air to which he attaches great sentimental value, and the widow dancing to the tune, the height of the fun is reached. Indeed, it has been a long time since anything so amusing in a one-act farce has been shown here, and the piece ought to be incorporated at once into one of the regular evening bills.

One of the most delightful features of the afternoon was "The Charming Weather" song from "The Arcadians," sung by Alan Mudie and Julia Sanderson. Miss Valli Valli, Adrienne Augarde, F. Pope Stamper, and Donald Brian appeared in a number from "The Dollar Princess," while Mr. Brian also contributed several songs, the number "I've Lost My Girl," with accompaniment by Egbert Van Alstine, being especially agreeable.

Edmund Breese, Percy Maginn, and Percy Haswell also appeared in Edward Peple's "The Mallet's Masterpiece," which has been acted here before. And in addition to giving the benefit her personal supervision Miss Burke sang "My Little Canoe," her original song in the London production of "The School Girl."

A group of charming and attractive models, members of the society, sold programmes, and helped to prove that for once, at least, art and the drama were allied.

The use of the theatre was given by Daniel Frohman, who also lent his assistance in preparing the programme.

HELEN WARE TO GRADUATES.

Gives Advice to the Class of Academy of Dramatic Arts.

The graduation exercises of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts were held at the Empire Theatre yesterday afternoon, and consisted of the awarding of diplomas to members of the class and of an address by Helen Ware. The graduates were: Edna Baker, Indianapolis; Frances Bilder, New York City; Clare Cassel, New York City; Rachel Ridgly, Pittsburg; Elsie Fuller, New York City; Margaret Greene, New York City; Nana Hibbard, Cincinnati, Ohio; Helene Hope, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Jeanette McKee, Harrisburg, Penn.; Jean Marcet, Girard, Kan.; Eloise Murray, New York City; Virginia West, New York City; Philip Frederick Barrison, St. Louis; Herbert Delmore, New York City; Grant Ervin, New York City; Frank Price Giles, Seattle, Wash.; Arthur La Rue, Detroit, Mich.; Louis Lewy, New York City; Edward Lindsley, Syracuse; Philip Perry, Elyria, Ohio, and Franklin Stewart Robbins, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Miss Ware's address consisted of advice out of her own experience after she had been graduated from the same school. She told of her first part, as an "extra" girl in Maude Adams's company in "The Little Minister." She had a good word to say of the value of stock company training, and of the value of playing every part with earnestness. In conclusion she gave a series of small "don'ts" that she said would prove of value to young actors and actresses during their first season in town and on the road.

PORTRAITS FOR ACTORS' FAIR.

Prominent American Artists to Paint Pictures of Leading Actresses.

Six prominent American artists have agreed to paint portraits of six prominent American actresses for the benefit of the Actors' Fund Fair, through the solicitation of Francis Wilson. Ethel Barrymore will have her portrait done by Edward E. Simmons, Billie Burke by Albert Steiner, Mrs. Fiske by William T. Smedley, Julia Marlowe by Willard Metcalfe, and Margaret Anglin by Thomas W. Dowing. These pictures will be sold at auction at the close of the fair, Francis Wilson acting as auctioneer.

A. L. Erlanger, National Chairman of the Committee on Benefits and Subscriptions to the Fair, is receiving returns from the many subscription blanks sent out. Yesterday he received checks amounting to nearly $2,000, covering subscriptions from these companies: Ethel Barrymore, "Little Nemo," "Ben Hur," Richard Carle, "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," "The Silver Star," "The Barrier," "The Round-Up," "The Merry Widow," "The Third Degree," Companies A, B, and C "The Traveling Salesman," and "Children of Destiny."

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus will sail on the Celtic to-day for the Mediterranean. They will remain abroad until August.

No date has been set for the wedding of Miss Eleanor Alexander, daughter of Mrs. Henry Addison Alexander, to Theodore Roosevelt, Jr. Mrs. Alexander states that any reports to the contrary are not authentic, and that no date can be decided upon until it is known when the ex-President will be in this country.

The marriage of Miss Lorraine Roosevelt and Langdon Warner of Boston will take place on Saturday, May 14, at the country residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. West Roosevelt, Waldeck, Oyster Bay, L. I.

Miss Sachetto, the young dancer, will under fashionable patronage give an entertainment on Tuesday, April 5, at the Plaza.

Mrs. Henry Siegel will give a small dance for Miss Dorothy Wilde on Easter Monday at her residence, 26 East Eighty-second Street.

There was a suffrage meeting last evening at the residence of Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, 3 East Sixty-fourth Street. Mrs. Herbert Carpenter and others gave dinners before the meeting.

Miss Anne Scarborough Hollingworth and Ralph Milburn took out a license yesterday at City Hall for their wedding, which takes place on March 28 in Grace Church. Miss Hollingworth, who is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hollingworth of 29 Waverley Place, gave her age as 22, and Mr. Milburn as the same. The latter is the son of John G. Milburn, one of the Standard Oil counsel.

Mrs. Lowrey Gillet will give a luncheon of fourteen covers to-day at her residence, 14 West Sixty-ninth Street.

KITTY CHEATHAM'S MATINEE.

Benefit for Music School of East Side Settlement This Afternoon.

The matinée to be given by Miss Kitty Cheatham to-day at 3 o'clock at the Stuyvesant Belasco Theatre will be for the benefit of the Music School of the East Side House Settlement. It has been arranged by the Music Committee of the Woman's Auxiliary of the settlement, consisting of the Misses Bartlett, Mrs. Charles Kynett Carpenter, Mrs. David H. Graham, Mrs. Thomas F. Garvan, Mrs. Herbert Noble, Mrs. Edward Talmage, and Miss Helene Trenholm.

Included in the programme are songs written for Miss Cheatham by Henry K. Hadley, Harvey W. Loomis, Guy D'Hardelot, and Amy Trowbridge. Miss Cheatham will also give, some of the old negro songs and sayings, for which she is so well known.

Among the patronesses are Mrs. Lewis B. Atterbury, Mrs. William H. Boardman, Mrs. John Carstensen, Mrs. A. D. Russell, Mrs. Frank Gannon, Mrs. Rida Johnson Young, Mrs. J. Murray Mitchell, Mrs. Wyllys Terry, Mrs. Francis Deak Pollak, Mrs. Richard T. Meade, Mrs. J. E. Davis, and Miss Isabelle Tattum.

GEORGETOWN STUDENTS IN PLAY

The Georgetown Dramatic Association will present William Gillette's comedy, "All the Comforts of Home," at the Waldorf-Astoria on the night of March 31. The play is for the benefit of a fund which is being raised by the members of the New York Alumni Association to erect a statute in Washington to the memory of John Carroll. According to the announcement all the characters in the comedy will be male, the feminine roles having been eliminated.

Among the patrons and patronnesses are Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Farley, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Collier, Judge and Mrs. Martin F. Keogh, John D. Crimmins, and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Shipman.

Hebrew Orphan Asylum Anniversary.

On April 10 it will be just fifty years since the first building occupied in this city by the Hebrew Orphan Asylum was opened, and the Trustees of the asylum have decided to celebrate the fact in a special anniversary service to be held at the Hippodrome. A programme appropriate for the occasion has been arranged.

Ladies' Day at the Lotos Club.

The Lotos Club held its Ladies' Day entertainment yesterday afternoon at the club, 110 West Fifty-seventh Street. There were monologues by Miss Kitty Cheatham, songs by Reinhold von Warlich, and singing by Miss Irene Cummings, Miss Louise de Salle Johnston, Miss Annie Laurie McCorkie, and Miss Neinkoff in the Manhattan Ladies' Quartet. Little Miss Ellen Ballon gave a piano recital and Miss Mary Garden, who was the last on the programme, sang. Max Liebling was the accompanist.

Help for the Cotter Family.

THE TIMES has received $1 from "B. D." for the Cotter family.

BRODHEAD—GILMOUR.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Davis Brodhead of Bethlehem, Penn., have announced the engagement of their eldest daughter, Miss Ethel Brodhead, to Maxwell Kerr Gilmour of Washington, D. C. Miss Brodhead is a niece of Ernest Harvier.

ANDREWS—ESTRADA.

Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Andrews of Rochelle Heights, New Rochelle, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Irene Eleanor Andrews, to Luis Felipe Estrada of this city. The marriage will take place this Spring, and the young couple will spend their honeymoon in Cuba, the home of Mr. Estrada's parents. On their return they will live in New York City.

"Haensel und Gretel" Again.

"Hänsel und Gretel" and the Russian dancers in "Coppelia" together drew an audience into the Metropolitan Opera House that filled it very full yesterday afternoon. There were many children—a larger proportion than ever before, it seemed, in an audience brought together to witness Humperdinck's delightful fairy opera. Their pleasure in it and appreciation of it were among the most charming phases of the afternoon's entertainment. The performance was similar to recent ones of this opera, with Miss Alten as Gretel, by far the best feature of it. Mr. Hertz conducted.

The appearance of Mme. Pavlowa and Mr. Mordkin in "Coppelia" created as profound an interest as ever. The whole ballet was given, conducted by Mr. Podesti.

Prof. M. H. Morgan Critically Ill.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 15.—Prof. Morris H. Morgan, Ph. D., LL. D., Professor of Classical Philology at Harvard and University Marshal, is seriously ill at the home of Daniel B. Fearing in this city. Prof. Morgan has been visiting Mr. Fearing and was taken ill with heart trouble. His condition to-night was reported to be critical, and his relatives were summoned here.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Helen Ware has assumed the active business management of the benefit performance of "The Third Degree," to be given at the Grand Opera House Friday afternoon, March 18, for the Actors' Fund. She has received assurances from most of the stars now playing in New York that they will occupy boxes at the performances, and many of the seats in the body of the house have already been purchased by actors playing in the city this week.

Fritzi Scheff, who came to New York about a week ago, threatened with nervous prostration, has now recovered sufficiently to leave her rooms at the Plaza Hotel. She attended a performance of "The Yankee Girl" at the Herald Square Theatre last night.

About twenty cartoonists from New York newspapers occupied boxes at the Columbia Theatre last night. Remarks about their peculiarities were introduced into the dialogue of the burlesque that is being performed there this week.

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PHILADELPHIA HALTS LABOR PLAY, 'STRIFE'

Mayor Reyburn Feared Discussion of Capital and Labor Might Incite Car Strike Riot.

OFFICIALS MISINFORMED?

Directors of New Theatre Company Who Were to Present Play Say It Is an Argument for Arbitration.

Plans of The New Theatre to present John Galsworthy's labor drama, "Strife," in Philadelphia next Friday afternoon received a setback yesterday when Lee Shubert received through his Philadelphia representative a communication from the Director of Public Safety in that city objecting to the presentation of the play there. The purport of the letter was to the effect that the play, being a discussion of capital and labor, might add to the difficulties being met with in the street car strike in Philadelphia.

After a conference with Director Ames of The New Theatre, Mr. Shubert notified his representative to inform the Director of Public Safety and Mayor Reyburn of Philadelphia that their wish would be complied with and that the performance would not be given.

Both Mr. Shubert and Mr. Ames said yesterday that they thought Mayor Reyburn had been misinformed concerning the story of "Strife," which, they say, is a strong argument for arbitration and the peaceable adjustment of labor difficulties. The play concerns a strike of workmen in the Ohio tin plate mills. A labor leader keeps the strikers from listening to pleas for mediation, and the President of the mill is equally strong in keeping the stockholders from arbitration. The property of the mill is destroyed and the families of the workingmen suffer from starvation. The strike is finally settled after the death of the labor leader's wife, and the terms of the settlement are the same as those suggested at the beginning.

Leaders of both sides in the Philadelphia strike and the city officials had been invited to attend the performance Friday afternoon. O. Pratt, head of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor, had already sent his letter of acceptance and the play had been thoroughly advertised for several days before any word of objection was heard from the Mayor. The New Theatre company was to have left here early Friday morning, played at the Adelphia Theatre in the afternoon, and returned to New York that night on a special train.

In order to prove that "Strife" would not tend to incite a riot, The New Theatre will give an extra performance in New York on Thursday evening of next week, and will invite the Philadelphia strike leaders, Mayor Reyburn, and others to come to New York and witness it.

MANHATTAN'S FINAL BILLS.

"Strauss Day" on Thursday One of the Features for Next Week.

Oscar Hammerstein announces many special features for the final week of his Manhattan Opera House season. In the first place there will be a "Richard Strauss" day on Thursday, when for one price of admission one may hear "Elektra" in the afternoon and "Salome" in the evening. It had been Mr. Hammerstein's intention to present both works in a double bill, but the orchestra players said this would be impossible. As a result the two will be given separately, but any one who buys a ticket for the afternoon performance will be admitted to the evening performance also. The cast of "Elektra" includes Mmes. Mazarin, Doria, and Baron, and Messrs. Huberdeau and Devries. In "Salome" Miss Garden and Messrs. Dufranne and Dalmorès will appear.

On Monday evening of next week "Lakme" will be sung for the first time at this theatre and the only time this season. Delibes's opera will be sung in Italian. In the cast will be Mme. Tetrazzini, and Messrs. McCormack and Huberdeau.

Friday evening a gala performance will be given, including the second act of "Contes d'Hoffmann," with Mme. Cavalieri and Messrs Renaud, Crabbé, and Devries; the prologue to "Pagliacci," sung by Mr. Sammarco; the second act of "Samson et Dalila," sung by Mme. Gerville-Reache and Messrs. Dalmorès and Dufranne; songs by Mmes. Trentini, Doria, and Mazarin, and Messrs. McCormack, Gilibert, Crabbé, and Harrold; the third act of "Romeo et Juliette" with Miss Garden and Messrs. Dalmorès, Dufranne, and Huberdeau; the first act of "Herodiade," with Mmes. Cavalieri and d'Alvarez, and Messrs. Renaud, Lucas, and Vallier; and the last act of "Faust," with Miss Garden and Messrs. Dalmorès and Vallier.

On Wednesday evening "Thais" will be sung by Miss Garden and Messrs. Renaud, and Lucas. On Saturday afternoon Miss Garden, Mme. Gerville-Reache, and Messrs. Dalmorès and Dufranne will appear in "Pelléas et Mélisande."

Miss Garden will sing seven times next week, four times in New York and three in Philadelphia. She will be heard in the latter city in "Louise" on Monday, in "Pelléas et Mélisande" on Tuesday, in "Thais" in New York on Wednesday, in "Salome" on Thursday, at the gala performance here on Friday in "Pelléas et Mélisande" on Saturday afternoon, and at the gala performance in Philadelphia on Saturday night.

"Lucia" on Saturday night at regular prices with Mme. Tetrazzini and Messrs. McCormack and Sammarco will close the season.

METROPOLITAN OPERA BILLS.

"Die Meistersinger" to be Given First Time This Season Next Saturday.

"Die Meistersinger" will be brought forward for the first time this season under Mr. Toscanini's direction at the Saturday matinée at the Metropolitan Oprea House next week. In the cast will be Mmes. Gadski and Wickham and Messrs. Slezak, Soomer, Goritz, Reiss, and Blass. "Pique Dame" will be repeated on Monday night, with Mmes. Destinn, Meitschik, Gluck, and Wickham, and Messrs. Slezak, Didur, and Forsell. Mr. Mahler will conduct.

On Wednesday "Aida" will be the bill, with Mmes. Destinn and Homer and Messrs. Caruso, Amato, Didur, and Rossi. Thursday evening a rtiple bill be given including "The Pipe of Desire," with Mme. Homer and Messrs. Martin and Whitehill; "Cavalleria Rusticana," with Mme. Destinn and Messrs Jadlowker and Gilly, and a divertissement in which the Russian dancers will appear.

Friday at 11:30 "Parsifal" will be sung by Mme. Fremstad, and Messrs. Jörn, Hinckley, Whitehill, and Goritz. In the evening "La Bohème," will be sung by Mmes. Farrar and Alten and Messrs. Bonci, and Scotti. It will be followed by the first act of "Copelia." Saturday night Miss Fornia will sing Leonora in "Trovatore" for the first time this season. Mme. Mariska-Aldrich will make her first appearance with the company as Azucena. Messrs. Martin and Amato will be in the cast.

Tuesday night "Tosca" will be sung at The New Theatre by Miss Farrar, and Messrs. Martin and Scotti. Wednesday afternoon "La Sonnambula" will be given for the first time this season, with Mlle. Hidalgo and Messrs. Bonci, and de Segurola. It will be followed by the first act of "Coppelia."

At the Sunday night concert Fritz Kreisler will be the feature, playing Bruch's concerto in G minor. The other soloists will be Mmes. Gluck and Woehning, and Messrs. Clément, Gilly, and Rossi. Mr. Bendix will conduct.

MUSIC NOTES.

Karl Klein gave a violin recital at the Church of St. Ignatius last night, assisted by the boys' choir and the girls' choir of that church.

Theodore Spiering will give a violin recital this afternoon at the Master Music Studios, 2,789 Broadway, at 3:30 o'clock. He will be assisted by Henry Holden Huss.

A benefit concert will be given for Raymond Lee, the boy soprano of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, to-morrow night at the Hotel Plaza.

Edward Bonhote will give a song recital in Miss Grant's studio, 78 West Fifty-fifth Street, Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

EDITH WHITNEY MARRIED?

New York Chorus Girl Said to be Bride of Robert Bagues of Paris.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 15.—It is reported here that Edith Whitney, an American actress who formerly played at the Moulin Rouge in Paris, was married recently in New York to Robert Bagues, known on both sides of the Atlantic as connected with one of the most important electrical supply concerns in France.

Edith Whitney is well known on Broadway as a chorus girl and a vaudeville performer. She came to New York from the Middle West after a marriage that turned out unhappily. Her first theatrical engagement was as a member of the sextette in a touring "Florodora" company. She was next in the chorus of "A Chinese Honeymoon," after which she went to Europe and appeared in vaudeville, being billed as "the chic American girl from the New York Casino." In 1907 she returned to America and appeared here in vaudeville for a time, going back to Paris again and appearing there in musical pieces. She is about 28 years old.

JAMES MARTIN DEAD.

Managing Editor of The New York Tribune for Nine Years.

James Martin, a well-known newspaper man, died at his home, 41 Westcott Street, East Orange, N. J., yesterday morning, of Bright's disease, following an illness of only a few hours. Born in Dundee, Scotland, forty-seven years ago, he came to this country when 20 years old, and took a place as reporter on The Newark Register.

Later he became legislative correspondent at Trenton for The New York World, a position he held for several years. In 1895 he was made New Jersey editor of The New York Tribune, in 1896 news editor, and in 1897 was appointed managing editor, a position he held until 1906, when he became editor in chief of The News & Star. He remained in this capacity a year.

He recently published "Jason Jones," a book dealing with the life of an American politician. This was his last work. In 1904-05 he was editor and proprietor of Truth, a weekly published in Newark.

When the New Jersey Legislature authorized the creation of a State Board of Arbitration in 1892 Mr. Martin was appointed one of its first members by Gov. Voorhees and served until it was legislated out in 1900. He was prominent throughout the State as a political writer. President Taft appointed Mr. Martin an Exposition Commissioner of the Alaska-Yukon Exposition, in which capacity he served at Seattle. His wife, who was Miss Helen T. B. Welsh of Dundee, Scotland, and seven children survive.

SENATOR DANIEL WORSE.

His Wife and Physician Summoned to His Bedside in Florida.

DAYTONA, Fla., March 15.—There was a decided change for the worse this afternoon in the condition of United States Senator Daniel of Virginia. His daughter and other members of the family and Dr. Waugh, his family physician, have been summoned to his bedside here.

Believing that the Senator was out of all danger, Dr. Waugh returned last week to Lynchburg, Va.

Samuel Joseph.

Samuel Joseph, President of the Continental Iron and Steel Company, President of the Royal Manufacturing Company, and Treasurer of the Savoy Oil Company, died yesterday at Nice, France, after an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Joseph was 55 years old, and had been ill only a day. He left New York in the middle of last February to join his wife and daughter at Nice, where they had been for the past year. Mr. Joseph was born in Germany, but came to the United States when he was 17 years old, locating in Cincinnati. He was a member of the Progress Club, the Criterion Club, and the New York Bridge Whist Club. His body will be brought back to New York City for burial.

Obituary Notes.

FREDERICK B. WENTWORTH, the oldest active member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, and the last member of the Washington Light Infantry, which disbanded in 1860, died in Boston yesterday at the age of 82 years.

L. STEWART JORDAN, dean of the fire insurance business in Boston, and founder of the fire protective service of the city, died at his rooms in Young's Hotel yesterday after a long illness. He was 68 years old.

JOHN L. ARTS, for thirty years manager of the Burden Iron Company of Troy, died there on Sunday. He was well known in Troy for his method of distributing thousands of dollars in "prize money" annually among his employes as rewards for industry.

Col. JOHN M. ROWAN, father of Major Andrew S. Rowan, who carried the "message to Garcia," died in Union, West Va., Sunday. He was 80 years old.

THOMAS J. McMAHON, Secretary of the Board of Trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral and of Calvary Cemetery, died on Sunday at his home, 406 West 147th Street. He was 51 years old, and had been connected with the cathedral corporation since 1888.

HENRY HIRSCH, formerly a Republican leader in the Chelsea district, and for several years manager of the Westerly Apartments, 108 West Fifty-fourth Street, died on Monday after a long illness. He was 61 years old and was born in Germany.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 *Bryant.*

Born.

JOHNSON.—March 8, 1910, at 444 West 124th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Johnson, a son.

Married.

ROBINSON—STRANGE.—On Saturday, March 12, in Christ Church, Riverdale-on-Hudson, by the Rev. G. A. Caratensen, D. D., assisted by the Rev. J. Norton Atkins, Ethel Mason, daughter of the late Moses Mason Robinson of Riverdale-on-Hudson, to Edwin Burton Strange of Ridgewood, N. J.

CABLE—DODD.—March 14, Orange, N. J., Mary Dodd to Norman Cable.

CAMPBELL—JOYCE.—March 12, Paterson, N. J., Elizabeth Joyce to John Campbell.

GOODMAN—SPIRO.—March 1, Newark, N. J., Ray H. Spiro to Jacob A. Goodman.

KEYES—SEDLITZKY.—March 12, Augusta Sedlitzky to Gilbert Keyes.

MAGEE—HANFORD.—March 12, Bridgeport, Conn., Katherine Hanford to James Magee.

PARKER—BEATTY.—March 12, Whitehouse, N. J., Emma C. Beatty to Isaac Parker.

PLATT—GRAVES.—March 14, Danbury, Conn., Mabel Graves to Arthur A. Platt.

YOUNG—FLEET.—March 14, Eva B. Fleet to Robert G. Young.

Died.

ALTHOF.—On Monday, March 14, 1910, at 17 Vineyard Place, Passaic, N. J., Louis Althof, aged 85 years. Funeral Wednesday at 1 P. M.

BERRY.—On Monday, March 14, at her residence, 77 Rugby Road, Flatbush, N. Y., Cornelia W. Blondel, widow of the late Charles H. Berry. Funeral private.

FARRINGTON.—On March 14, Jeannette F., wife of Joseph McC. Farrington. Funeral services at the residence of the family, 476 Central Park West, on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family. Newburg and Orange County papers please copy.

FISHER.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Tuesday, March 15, Sarah Fisher, sister-in-law of the late Joseph Agate of Yonkers.

GRAHAM.—Suddenly, Sunday, March 13, John Graham. Relatives and friends and members of Harmony Encampment, 124, St. J. of M., Golden Rule Lodge, 770 F. and A. M., Metropolitan Chapter 140 R. A. M., and Constantine Commandery, 48 K. T., are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 954 Freeman St., Wednesday, 8 P. M.

GRAVES.—On March 14, 1910, Sarah Dean, beloved mother of Mrs. Roswell Lockwood Hallstrom, at her late residence, 221 West 44th St. Notice of funeral later.

GRAY.—On March 14, suddenly, James Frederick Gray of this city. Funeral services at the residence of his brother, Robert Gray, 413 West 146th St., on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

HIRSCH.—Suddenly, March 14, 1910, Henry Hirsch, funeral services at his late residence, 101 West 54th St., Wednesday, March 16, 1910, at 8 P. M. Knickerbocker Lodge No. 642, F. and A. M., and Idlewild Lodge No. 1,085, K. of H., attend.

JOHNSON.—In Phoenix, Arizona, on March 13, Philip Seymour, son of Frances Benjamin and the late Amos Howe Johnson, M. D., of Salem, Mass.

Died.

JOSEPH.—Samuel Joseph, formerly of Cincinnati, suddenly, at 3 P. M. March 15, at Nice, France. Notice of funeral later. Cincinnati and Chicago papers please copy.

KELLY.—On the 14th inst., ex-Judge William H. Kelly, at his late residence, 824 St. Nicholas Av., corner 151st St. Funeral Wednesday, March 16, at 9 A. M., to Church of the Immaculate Conception, East 14th St. Requiem mass at 11 o'clock.

KELLY.—The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of the City of New York announces with deep regret the death of William H. Kelly, on March 14, 1910. Members are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services on Wednesday, March 16, at Church of the Immaculate Conception, East 14th St., at 9 A. M.
WILLIAM TEMPLE EMMET, President.
WARREN LESLIE, Secretary.

KINGSLAND.—On Monday, March 14, at Nutley, N. J., Margaret E., wife of the late Joseph Kingsland. Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Nutley, Friday, March 18, at 3 P. M. Interment at Belleville, N. J.

LELAND.—Louisa E., at Wyoming, Ohio, March 15, at 1 o'clock P. M., aged 86 years. Funeral notice will appear later.

LINCH.—On Monday, March 14, Mary A., wife of George W. Linch. Funeral services from her late residence, 146 West 93d St., on Wednesday, March 16, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

LYNES.—At Norwalk, Conn., March 14, 1910, Emily Augusta, widow of Dr. Samuel Lynes and daughter of the late Charles and Susan Sherry, in her 77th year. Services from her late residence, 38 West Avenue, at 3:30 P. M., Thursday, March 17. Carriages will meet train leaving at 2 o'clock from Grand Central Station.

McMAHON.—Sunday, March 13, at his late residence, 406 West 147th St., Thomas J. McMahon, aged 51 years. Funeral from Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, West 142d St. and Convent Av., Wednesday, March 16, 11 A. M.

McMAHON.—The Trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral in the City of New York desire to record their deep sorrow at the death of Thomas J. McMahon, who for many years filled the office of Clerk of the Corporation, and whose death occurred on the 13th instant.

The Trustees relied upon Mr. McMahon for the supervision of many of the executive details connected with the administration of the business affairs of the Cathedral and of Calvary Cemetery. The determination, in the first instance, of questions relating particularly to the administrative policy of the Board of Trustees devolved upon him.

Mr. McMahon's strong personality and kindly tact made him most efficient as a representative of the Board. His death has deprived not only the Corporation but also the Catholic community of the services of one who, by an untiring and unselfish devotion to the discharge of an important duty on their behalf, has established a standard worthy to be followed.

The Board of Trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral will testify to their respect and affection for Mr. McMahon by attending the funeral services, and will cause a copy of this minute to be signed by the President, His Grace, the Most Reverend Archbishop, and the Secretary, and transmitted to Mr. McMahon's family.
JOHN M. FARLEY, President.
JAMES A. FARLEY, Secretary.
Dated March 14, 1910.

NEILSEN.—March 15, Axel Neilsen. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BLDG.)

O'GRADY.—Henry Paul O'Grady, beloved husband of Katherine T. O'Grady and son of David and the late Ann O'Grady. Funeral Thursday, March 17, from his late residence, 87 West 103d St. Services at 10 A. M., Church of Ascension, 107th St., near Broadway.

O'GRADY.—The Society of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of the City of New York announces with deep regret the death of Henry P. O'Grady on March 14, 1910. Members are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services on Thursday, March 17, at Church of the Ascension, 107th St. and Broadway, at 10 A. M.
WILLIAM TEMPLE EMMET, President.
WARREN LESLIE, Secretary.

POSTLEY.—On Tuesday, March 15, after a lingering illness, Agnes H., widow of the late Gen. Brooke Postley. Funeral services from her late residence, 784 Park Av., Friday morning, 10 o'clock. European papers please copy.

SEWARD.—On March 13, 1910, Emma Louise Seward, wife of William H. Seward of Madison, N. J., and daughter of the late Francis W. and Laura T. Haines. Funeral services at the residence of her mother, 255 Lenox Av., New York City, on Thursday afternoon, March 17, 1910, at 3 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family. Madison and Morris County (N. J.) papers please copy. Please omit flowers.

SPELLMEYER.—At Atlantic City, March 12, the Rev. Harry Spellmeyer, D. D., LL. D., Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in the 63d year of his age. Funeral services will be held in Centenary M. E. Church, Newark, on Wednesday, March 16, at 2 o'clock P. M. The body will be in state at the church on Wednesday from 10:30 A. M. to 1 P. M. It is earnestly requested that all who desire to view the remains do so between those hours if possible.

TITCOMB.—At Brooklyn, New York, March 14, 1910, Mary, daughter of the late John and Lydia Abbot Titcomb, in the 80th year of her age. Funeral private.

VERNON.—On Sunday, March 13, at her residence, 151 Central Park West, Marion Hodsdon, widow of Miles Vernon, and daughter of the late William Hodsdon. Funeral private.

BEPPO.—Ettridge, March 13, aged 85. Funeral 628 10th Av., to-day, 10 A. M.

BINDER.—Mary, 554 East 82d St., March 14, aged 60. Funeral to-morrow.

BISSINGER.—Frederick C., 524 East 6th St., March 14, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow.

BRANAGAN.—Margaret, March 13. Funeral 7 State St.

CLOKE.—Charlotte E., 58 Charles St., March 14, aged 28. Funeral notice later.

DUNHAM.—Rose B., 205 West 87th St., March 14.

FARRINGTON.—Jannette F., 476 Central Park West, March 14. Funeral service to-day.

GALLAGHER.—Barbara, 6 East 56th St., March 14. Funeral to-day.

GREENTHAL.—Harry, 218 West 112th St., March 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HIETLER.—Elise, 9 Teasdale Place, Bronx, March 13, aged 66.

KORTEN.—Annie, 159 East 123d St., March 13, aged 26.

KRAFFT.—Richard, 315 East 80th St., March 13, aged 57.

KUHN.—Bernard, 253 West 111th St., March 14.

LANGENHAGEN.—Edward A., Jr., 1,628 2d Av., March 13, aged 18. Funeral to-day.

LEWIN.—Lewis, 1,925 Madison Av., March 14, aged 66. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

LOWE.—Michael, 242 East 37th St., March 14. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MARX.—Henrietta, 198 Ocean Av., Jersey City, March 14, aged 78.

MINETT.—Macmillan, 352 East 32d St., March 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

OHLSON.—William J., 247 West 68th St., March 13. Funeral to-morrow.

QUINN.—Mary, 325 West 55th St., March 14. Funeral notice later.

SAYER.—Elizabeth, 531 East 88th St., March 13, aged 59. Funeral to-day.

STIRN.—Betty, 251 West 95th St., March 14, aged 88.

WEBBER.—Catharine, 734 East 133d St., March 14, aged 86. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

WOLF.—Adolph, 148 East 86th St., March 14. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BLIGH.—Michael J., 177 8th St., March 13, aged 27. Funeral to-day.

BLOCH.—Marla, 50 Irving Av., March 13, aged 31.

COSSA.—Rose M., 286 Clinton St., March 15. Funeral private.

DOHERTY.—John, 441 17th St., March 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FRANKS.—Caroline M., 598 St. Mark's Av., March 14. Funeral private.

GALLAGHER.—Peter, 59 Lafayette Av., March 13. Funeral to-morrow.

GARVEY.—George C., 61 Patchen Av., March 14. Funeral private.

GUTWEIL.—David, 868 Park Av., March 14, aged 28. Funeral to-morrow.

HACKLEY.—Mary F., 54 Bainbridge St., March 15. Funeral private.

HAHN.—Adam, 68 Stanhope St., March 14, aged 83. Funeral to-morrow.

HAYES.—Anna, 183 4th Av., March 13, aged 44. Funeral to-day.

KALB.—Celia, German Hospital, March 14. Funeral to-day.

MacCORMACK.—Eliza, 222 Bainbridge St., March 15. Funeral to-morrow.

McMAHON.—Patrick H., 54 Concord St., March 15. Funeral notice later.

MATTHEWS.—Elizabeth E., 163 Harman St., March 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

METZGER.—George, Jr., 284 Prospect Av., March 13, aged 28. Funeral to-day.

MOSSOP.—Richard H., 139 Forbell Av., March 14. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

NELSON.—Charles A., 489 Tompkins Av., March 14. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

NOLAN.—Ellen G., 545 7th Av., March 14, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow.

PEARL.—Henry, 300 Jefferson Av., March 14, aged 75. Funeral private.

SANCHO.—Vincent, 446 46th St., March 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SCHEIBEL.—Edward J., 1,403A Greene Av., March 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TALLMAN.—Catherine H., 381

TAIT BEATS BONHAG AND BREAKS RECORD

New York A. C. Defeats Boston A. A. Relay Team in Club's Garden Games.

J. L. Tait of Toronto defeated George V. Bonhag of the Irish-American Athletic Club at Madison Square Garden last night by twenty-five yards in a special mile and a half match race on the programme of the annual indoor games of the New York Athletic Club. And not only did the Canadian runner win the race, but he broke the existing American record of 6:57 for the distance, held by Bonhag, by a clean five seconds.

Tait drew the pole and led for the first lap, although thereafter they alternated freely enough until the fourth from final one, each being willing apparently to let the other set the pace in the early and middle stages of the race. Frequently they ran stride for stride beside each other, or trailing by a scant two yards. It was the cleanest of races in th sportsmanship displayed by each runner, and the 5,000 spectators frequently applauded this phase of the contest as much as the contest itself.

With the commencement of the last quarter mile Tait, who was then in the lead and had answered every one of Bonhag's spurts during the preceding quarter by one equally as fast, let loose in whirlwind fashion and fairly tore around the turn into the back stretch, opening up about five yards' lead almost before Bonhag realized what was up. Thereafter Tait continued to shoot away from the local runner and finished in front, without being seriously challenged, by almost twenty-five yards.

The first quarter was run in 1:03 2-5, the half in 2:15 2-5, the three-quarters in 3:27 3-5, the mile in 4:42, the mile and a quarter in 5:52 3-5, and the mile and a half in 6:52, five seconds better than all previous indoor figures for the distance, and only five and three-fifths seconds behind T. P. Connett's world's outdoor record made fifteen years ago.

George Obermeyer of the National Athletic Club won cleverly a five-mile race from L. Tewanina of the Carlisle Indian School and W. C. Bailey of the New York Athletic Club in 26:54 3-5. For forty-five of the fifty laps either Bailey or Tewanina led most of the time, with Obermeyer occasionally setting the pace. In the last half-mile Obermeyer cut loose with a terrific spurt that lasted for the final five laps and carried him across the line fifty yards ahead of the Indian, who was five yards ahead of Bailey. They ran the first mile in 4:52 1-5, two miles in 10:02 4-5, three miles in 15:20 4-5, and four miles in 20:45.

Largely through the effort of Harry Gissing the New York Athletic Club defeated the Boston Athletic Association in their special mile relay. Had it not been for this sturdy runner the finish might easily have been a tie, so evenly did the third relays end their labors. But Gissing was not to be denied, and in the very last ten yards snatched victory away from E. K. Merrihew of Boston by a scant yard, after having run absolutely even with him for two complete laps. The time of the mile was 3:28 2-5.

Gram of Boston handed over a five-yard lead to Prout at the finish of the first relay, but Bacon, who relieved Richmond, cut this down by very clever running and head work to a yard. When Walther of New York left the mark he was just three feet behind E. E. Nelson, the crack Boston quarter-miler, and it was feared that he might not be able to hold the speedy unicorn emblem wearer. Not only did he do this, but he actually eliminated the Boston quarter's lead, so that Gissing and Merrihew left the mark absolutely even, and then Gissing did the rest. The summaries:

880-Yard Grammar School Relay, Scratch.—Won by Public School 19, Manhattan, (Horowitz, Pistorini, Renducks, and French;) Public School 59, Manhattan, (Morse, Anderson, Brown, and Matthews,) second; Public School 40, Manhattan, (Myer, Kennedy, Wolcott, and Gough,) third. Time—1:52.

70-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by R. Cooke, Princeton, (7 feet;) G. A. Reily, Yale, (10 feet,) second; A. V. Parke, Pastime A. C., (8 feet,) third. Time—0:07 2-5.

One-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by E. P. Carr, Xavier A. C., (35 yards;) W. T. Jones, Dartmouth, (60 yards,) second; D. V. Noble, New York A. C., (30 yards,) third. Time—4:25 1-5.

One-Mile Relay, Match Race, Two Starters.—Won by the New York A. C., (Richmond, Bacon, Waltner, and Gissing;) Boston A. C., (Gram, Prout, Nelson, and Merrihew,) second. Time—3:28 2-5.

440-Yard Run, Novice.—Won by T. A. Smith, Dartmouth; H. S. Babcock, New York A. C., second; R. M. Hutchinson, Knights of St. Anthony, third. Time—0:56 1-5.

Throwing 56-Pound Weight for Height, Handicap.—Tie for first place between C. E. Walsh, New York A. C., (scratch,) and M. J. McGrath, New York A. C., (scratch,) with 13 feet 11 inches each; P. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., (scratch,) third, with 15 feet 8 inches.

1⅞-Miles Medley Relay, (220, 440, 880, and 1,760 Yards.) Scratch, Military Athletic League.—Won by Thirteenth Regiment, (Holler, Rosenberger, Hudson, and Riley;) Seventy-first Regiment, (Parke, Morrissey, Egan, and Malone,) second; Twenty-third Regiment, second, but disqualified. Time—7:51.

70-Yard Hurdle, Handicap.—Won by J. P. Long, Harvard, (6 feet;) L. B. Dorland, Pastime A. C., (4 feet,) second; G. A. Chisholm, Yale, (8 feet,) third. Time—0:09 1-5.

Pole Vault, Handicap.—Won by R. A. Gardner, Yale, (6 inches,) with an actual vault of 11 feet 6 inches; S. B. Wagoner, Yale, (12 inches,) second, with an actual vault of 10 feet 6 inches; G. Bryan, Princeton, (6 inches,) third, with an actual vault of 10 feet 6 inches.

Sanding High Jump, Handicap.—Won by Platt Adams, New York A. C., (scratch,) with a jump of 5 feet ½ inch; Sig. Muenz, Pastime A. C., (2 inches,) second, with an actual jump of 4 feet 10½ inches; W. F. Roos, New York A. C., (3 inches,) third, with 4 feet 9 inches.

One-and-a-Half-Mile Match Race.—Won by J. L. Tait of Toronto; George V. Bonhag, Irish-American A. C., second. Time—6:52, breaking the previous American indoor record of 6:57, held by George V. Bonhag.

One-Mile Walk, Novice, Scratch.—Won by J. Masterson, unattached; A. J. Reich, Madison Square A. C., second; F. C. Joyce, Mohawk A. C., third. Time—8:18 1-5.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by L. Frantz, Princeton, (20 yards;) E. F. Wood, unattached, (40 yards,) second; W. J. McLaughlin, Knights of St. Anthony, (32 yards,) third. Time—1:39 3-5.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, Handicap.—Won by D. H. White, Syracuse, (6 feet,) with an actual put of 48 feet 7 inches; R. J. Lawrence, New York A. C., (scratch,) second, with a put of 33 feet 7¼ inches; J. J. Elliott, Irish-American A. C., (3 feet,) third, with an actual put of 50 feet 3½ inches.

One-Mile Relay, Handicap, Church League.—Won by Xavier A. C. first team, (Nichols, Coyle, Lohse, and Heiland,) scratch; West Side Y. M. C. A., (Teriss, Hocking, Fallon, and Schnabel,) (6 yards,) second. Time—3:34 1-5. Xavier A. C. second team actually second, but disqualified.

300-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by R. E. Goggin, Pastime A. C., (10 yards;) R. Mulliner, Irish-American A. C., (15 yards,) second; L. F. Hall, Jr., Dartmouth, (14 yards,) third. Time—0:33.

Five-Mile Run, Scratch.—Won by G. J. Obermyer, National A. C.; L. Tewanina, Carlisle, second; W. C. Bailey, New York A. C., third. Time—25:54 3-5.

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by S. Lawrence, Harvard, (3 inches,) with an actual jump of 6 feet; E. R. Palmer, Dartmouth, (2 inches,) second, with an actual jump of 6 feet; J. W. Burdick, Pennsylvania, (1 inch,) third, with an actual jump of 6 feet.

Our Motor Wear Department is now out for Spring business.

New owners, and owners under heavy expense in overhauling their cars will be glad to know our motoring wear and accessories are all moderately priced—the volume of our general business doesn't demand the special profits of specialty shops.

Besides everything for owners we're strong on motor liveries and everything chauffeurs wear.

Our foreign buyers hunt Europe for practical novelties, and we have them in all our stores.

Perhaps these may be helpful hints.

FOR YOU:

Motor coats of heavy or medium weight worsteds and cheviots—many cravenetted, $22 to $50.

Weatheralls and Slip-Ons.

All rubber coats.

Light weight, water-tight mackintoshes.

Heavy cloth waistcoats; Scotch knitted waistcoats; sweaters.

Caps; goggles; gloves.

FOR YOUR MAN:

Chauffeurs' suits of covert cloth, whip-cord, gaberdine or fancy mixtures—some of them cravenetted, $20 to $32.

Chauffeurs' overcoats for touring or town cars in fancy or regular livery fabrics.

Caps to match.

Chauffeurs' gloves and gauntlets.

Chauffeurs' leggins.

FOR YOUR CAR:

Lap robes of linen, Sicilian fancy cloths, coverts, whipcord, plush and storm cloths in splendid variety, from $2.50 to $25.00.

Thermos bottles in wide variety and leather cases to carry one or more.

Tire trunks and trunks fitted to cars.

Hold-alls that strap on the tonneau rail.

Leather cushions, flower-holders, record books.

Card cases and clocks.

Picnic tables.

Water buckets and mirrors.

Sundry other little things that adapt themselves to every comfort of the owner.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores,

at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

COLUMBIA CREWS OUT.

Coach Rice Drills Forty Candidates on Windswept Hudson.

It was a shivering crowd of Columbia oarsmen that stood on the float at Edgewater yesterday waiting to take the places in the boats for the first Spring practice on the Hudson. Forty candidates braved the cold wind and reported at the barge, where they were sent out in five eights, three 'Varsity and two freshmen. Had the day been warmer probably Coach Rice would have gotten out the seven boats with which he hoped to start off the water practice, for all the candidates have been anxious to make the start on the Hudson. Coach Rice yesterday morning announced a cut in the squad so as to leave but forty-five men to report. The freshman squad was cut down to thirty-two men.

On Saturday the new launch will be formally presented by the class of 1900 and named after the class "1900."

The first 'Varsity eight was boated in the "1908" shell, and rowed about two and a half miles up the river, closely followed by the second 'Varsity in the "Van A. M." shell and the freshman gig. The work of these three crews became steady after the first mile had served to renew their acquaintance with real sweeps, and they returned to the float pulling fairly well together. But the rowing in the first boat showed the need for the return of several of the 'Varsity men who have not yet rejoined the squad, but who expect to do so within a few days. Chief among these are Murphy, Saunders, Keator, and Gatch.

The crews boated yesterday as follows:

First 'Varsity—Stroke, Clapp; 7, Moore; 6, Steinschneider; 5, Pitt; 4, Hamann; 3, Miller; 2, Pulleyn; bow, Kemp. Coxswain—Eddison.

Second 'Varsity—Stroke, Snevily; 7, Dellenbough; 6, Culman; 5, Claghorn; 4, Cole; 3, Strassburger; 2, Stechert; bow, Sinclair. Coxswain, R. Wood.

Third 'Varsity—Stroke, Herbert; 7, Weekes; 6, Newman; 5, Eilers; 4, R. C. Miller; 3, Kirchgraber; 2, Spencer; bow, Rugen. Coxswain, Emerich.

First Freshmen—Stroke, Bissel; 7, Broombacher; 6, Mahler; 5, Phillipson; 4, Latenser; 3, Ruprecht; 2, Gardner; bow, Chapin. Coxswain, Wood.

Second Freshman—Stroke, Robinson; 7, Van Hook; 6, Sage; 5, Steinhardt; 4, Hyde; 3, Stearns; 2, Kohlbusch; bow, Moore. Coxswain, Brock.

WANDERERS DOWN OTTAWA HOCKEY TEAM

Canadian Cracks Play Brilliant Game at St. Nicholas Rink for $1,500.

If fourteen men were ever endowed with hockey ability, those fourteen were on the ice at St. Nicholas Rink last night when the Wanderers of Montreal and the Ottawas of Ottawa, the two leading exponents of the Canadian game, not only across the border, but in the world, played a match, in which the final honors rested with the Wanderers by the margin of one point, the score being 4 to 3. The match was the first half of a series of two games, the greatest number of goals to count for a purse of $1,500, the concluding game being on the schedule for to-night. At half time the teams were tied, but in the second period the Wanderers went into the lead on a goal by Glass, and a few minutes later Hyland made the total 4 to 2 in favor of the Wanderers, and Ottawa sent in a tally near the close of the game.

There have been good hockey matches at St. Nicholas Rink this season, games which would please the most exacting devotee of the ice sport, but there would hardly be any one who would not freely admit that the contest of last evening stood out as one of the first magnitude. It would be hard to pick out a fault in the playing of either team, for every minute of the match was fast, with the advantage of battle swinging from one end of the rink to the other with lightning rapidity. Each side presented a strong defense, and likewise there was the same aggressive attack.

It was truly a case of Titan against Titan, and the Wanderers were able to place to their credit the same sort of a close victory which marked the match in Canada a short time ago, when the Wanderers defeated Ottawa for the Stanley Cup, the trophy offered for the professional championship of the Dominion.

All in all it was a rough match, and there was one argument which involved the use of sticks, with the result that Glass and Ridpath were ruled out of the match for three minutes each. For the most part, however, the play was hard with heavy body checking, but the sticks did not come into the play against opponents' heads as has been the case in matches between several of the local teams.

There was considerable delay in starting the game, due to the fact that the Wanderers wanted to play Frank Patrick, who all season has been a member of the Renfrew team. He was finally eliminated and both teams played six men until Blatchford was able to get into his togs, and then Shore, who had left the Ottawa combination, resumed his place at rover. The line-up and summary:

Wanderers.	Position.	Ottawa.
Hern	Goal	Lesuer
Blatchford	Point	Lake
Johnston	Cover point	Smaill
Glass	Rover	Shore
Russell	Centre	Walsh
Hyland	Right wing	Ridpath
Gardner	Left wing	Kerr

Goals—First half—First for Ottawa by Ridpath in 6:11; second for the Wanderers by Glass in 15:13; third for the Wanderers by Hyland in 21:23; fourth for Ottawa by Walsh in 24:00. Second half—First for the Wanderers by Glass in 8:56; second for the Wanderers by Hyland in 6:06; third for Ottawa by Kerr in 22:35. Penalties—Smaill, 2 minutes; Russell, 2 minutes; Glass, 2 minutes; Glass, 3 minutes; Ridpath, 3 minutes. Referee—W. Russell, Hockey Club. Assistant Referee—H. Drakeley, Amateur Hockey League. Timers—Bruce Stuart, Ottawa, and W. J. Croker, Wanderers. Goal umpires—M. Coughlin, Hockey Club, and E. Yaron, Wanderers. Time of halves—Twenty-five minutes.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

Having complied with the regulations of the Building Department, for a violation of which the clubhouse has been closed for the past few weeks, the Northwestern Athletic Club will resume its regular weekly members' stag to-night with an all-star show of the best talent obtainable. The Fairmont Athletic Club, the larger organization in the Bronx, having chosen Tuesday nights for its regular members' entertainment, the Northwesterns have decided to resume their entertainments on Wednesdays, as many residents of the Bronx are members of both clubs.

Tommy Murphy, who is now hailed as the lightweight champion of the East, will be the chief figure of interest at the stag of the Sharkey Athletic Club to-night. Tommy, who is one of the original members of the Sharkey Club, will be present to referee some of the bouts for Jim Buckley, and incidentally to tell his fellow-members about his fight with Owen Moran on the coast. "Battling" Hurley, who is matched to meet Murphy at Buckley's Club, will also be there. The star bout to-night will be between Jack Fitzgerald and Connie Schmidt. In the semi-final Jack Denning will take on George Sanders for six rounds.

It will be a scientific boxer against a slugger at the star of the Avon Athletic Club, 1,217 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, to-night, when Jack Creely, the "Brooklyn Will-o'-the-Wisp," meet Joe Ferguson of Philadelphia in the star bout of ten rounds. Both boys are in condition, and each is confident of winning.

SHORT WALK BY WESTON.

III in Early Morning, but Walks 36 Miles as Day's Task.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT BEND, Kas., March 15.—Edward Payson Weston, the pedestrian, who is walking from Los Angeles to New York, arrived here to-night at 9:06 o'clock. He covered nearly his schedule distance to-day in spite of the fact that he lost several hours this morning on account of sickness. He came in at a fast gait and did not appear to be at all fatigued. Yesterday he walked a distance of 72 miles in celebration of his seventy-second birthday.

Early this morning Weston suffered a severe chill and did not start on his trip East until 11 o'clock. At Larned he rested a couple of hours and then made the trip to Great Bend without a stop, covering 36 miles for the day's journey. Several hundred people gathered at his hotel to-night to welcome him, a large number of whom met him at various distances out of town and accompanied him in. Before retiring for the night he made a speech in which he took occasion to express his admiration for the State, but to bitterly score an autoist who nearly ran his car over him as he was coming into town. He was slightly bruised by the auto.

The Santa Fé Railroad physician at this place made a careful examination of Mr. Weston and found him to be in perfect condition. His temperature was normal as was also his pulse and heart. In the latter the physician expected to find some trouble common to athletes, but after his examination he said that he had the physique of a man of 35 years.

Weston said that never before had he had the good luck he has experienced on the trip from Los Angeles. He is now eight days ahead of his schedule. Weighed 155 pounds when he started and has lost 20 pounds. He will leave here in the morning at 4 o'clock, and expects to reach Hutchinson, fifty-two miles east, where he will spend the night.

Since Weston left Los Angeles late in the afternoon of Feb. 1 to his arrival at Kingsley in Kansas Monday night, he has covered a total of 1,618 miles. Weston has always made it a rule never to indulge in any exhibitions of contests of any kind on Sunday. He has always insisted on observing the Sabbath as a day of rest, out of respect for the teachings of his mother during his early boyhood days. No amount of money or glory held out to him could ever induce him to break this rule now. Thus, by throwing out the six Sundays of the last forty-two days from Feb. 1, the time when he started on his walk, leaves thirty-six days, exclusive of yesterday, as the total period which it has taken him to cover this long journey from the Pacific Coast to Kansas.

This shows he has traveled at an average rate of about forty-four miles per day. As this schedule called for an average of but thirty-eight miles per day, it can therefore be seen he is not only six days ahead of his schedule in reaching Kingsley, but he has actually beaten the average daily distance he figured on at the outset by six miles per day.

The record he made in covering seventy-two miles in one day on Monday by traveling from Ingalls, Kan., to beyond Kingsley, to celebrate his seventy-second birthday, is considered by his friends here as a marvelous feat, especially as it was done after having covered half of the worst part of his journey across the desert and over the mountainous regions from the coast.

They say there is no record of any similar feat having been accomplished by any one at his age. What he has done so far shows his wonderful vitality for a man 72 years of age and the great benefits of proper living and indulgence in walking as a healthful exercise.

Attel and Driscoll to Fight July 2.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—Promoter James Coffroth has signed Abe Attel and Jem Driscoll of England to fight twenty-five rounds at Colma on the afternoon of July 2. The weight will be 126 pounds. Coffroth counts on getting a large crowd of visitors who will be in the city to see the Jeffries-Johnson battle on July 4.

Power Boat Races at Palm Beach.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 15.—With three well-contested events and ideal weather conditions the sixth annual motor boat regatta of the Palm Beach Power Boat Association opened to-day. Jack Rabbit won the Black and White Cup of the American Power Boat Association in the open handicap, in which there were ten entries.

In the speed record trials, Courier II. won the Palm Beach $500 Cup, with an average of 30.36 statute miles per hour. Diana won the speed contest for Florida boats.

High School Football Question.

The football situation in the High Schools of the city came up before the High Schools Games Committee at a meeting yesterday, and the sub-committee appointed to investigate the different phases of the sport submitted a number of changes in the present playing rules. These were considered by the High School representatives at some length, but there was little attempt to bring about definite action. New rules were submitted to cover every objection which has been registered against the present game. The object of the committee's work is to change the playing rules so that thre shall be football in the High Schools next Fall.

Billiard Match in Harlem.

M. Isaacs, amateur billiard champion of Harlem, will play L. Strauss a 500-point match at 18-inch balk line at the Morningside Academy, on 125th Street West, to-night and Friday night, 250 points each night.

CINDERELLA'S LINCOLNSHIRE.

Belmont and Whitney Horses Beaten in English Handicap.

LONDON, March 15.—The Lincolnshire Handicap of 1,500 sovereigns, for three-year-olds and upward, distance the straight mile, was won by Cinderella. Forerunner II. was second and August Belmont's Norman III., third. Twenty-seven horses started.

H. P. Whitney's Delirium started a hot favorite, with the odds at 4 to 1, but only managed to pass the post in fourth place. The betting was 9 to 1 against Cinderella, 40 to 1 against Forerunner II., and 33 to 1 against Norman III.

Fight Results at Boston.

BOSTON, March 15.—The four eight-round bouts put on at the Armory Athletic Association to-night all went the limit. In the first preliminary, Kid Shea of Augusta, Me., won the decision over Tommy Langdon of Philadelphia. Kyle Whitney of California gained the decision over the Dixie Kid. In the semi-final, Tommy O'Keefe of Philadelphia gave away a lot of weight to Frank Perron of Pawtucket, but won the decision. Jimmy Walsh and Al. Delmont of this city furnished a fast final, Referee Flaherty calling it a draw amid the yells of the excited partisans. Walsh had somewhat the best of the early rounds, but Delmont finished strong.

Foley Better Than Hyland.

Tommy Foley had slightly the better of Joe Hyland in a ten-round fight at Brown's Gymnasium, West Twenty-third Street, last night. Both gave and took severe punishment, and the bout was fast from start to finish. Foley showed to advantage at the opening of hostilities, and while Hyland pulled up a bit in the concluding rounds the former shaded his rival slightly on the evening's work.

HARD BOUT AT FAIRMONT.

Jack Goodman Slightly Outpoints Battling Hurley in Ten Rounds.

Two fighters never clashed with more determination to outslug each other than did Battling Hurley and Jack Goodman in the ten-round bout at the Fairmont Athletic Club last night. From the tap of the bell Hurley, with head down, slashed into his clever opponent, churning the air with wild, badly directed swings, hoping that one of them might connect with Goodman and send him to the floor. Goodman met this vicious attack coolly and slashed the Passaic Cyclone's face until his left eye was bruised and closed and his face chopped and scratched. There was never a moment when either of them let up. Drawn on the basis of a close decision, it might be said that Goodman, because of his cleaner blows and fine ring generalship, had slightly the better of the rough milling, but to those who delight in the tumultuous slam-bang of the give-and-take scrap, it was an even thing. At times both were tired almost to exhaustion, and were hanging on to each other.

Ketchel-Klaus Bout March 23.

PITTSBURG, March 15.—Stanley Ketchel, champion middleweight fighter, will meet Frank Klaus of this city at the Duquesne Gardens here, Wednesday, March 23. The date has finally been decided after a number of postponements, because Ketchel claimed he could not get in condition.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 15.—Stanley Ketchel, who arrived to-night from Hot Springs on his way to Pittsburg, signed to meet Jimmy Howard, undefeated Southern middleweight, before the Memphis Athletic Club on April 6.

The Franklin new air-cooled engine will not overheat.

The Franklin new cooling system, the most notable success of the year in automobile construction, is a remarkable achievement. The cooling system is the engine itself. There is no auxiliary mechanism. This makes the Franklin the only automobile with an engine the operation of which does not depend upon something besides the engine.

The water-cooled engine will not operate unless every detail of the mechanism which makes up the cooling system is in working order. Therefore it is not fully reliable.

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Ask the tire manufacturer about this. Franklin tire equipment costs us more, but the purchaser's expense is cut down.

Even if you put extra large tires on other makes of automobiles you do not get the results you do with the Franklin. The reason is that the rigid construction of the former, as opposed to the Franklin wood-chassis-frame and full-elliptic-spring flexible construction, is hard on tires, no matter what their size.

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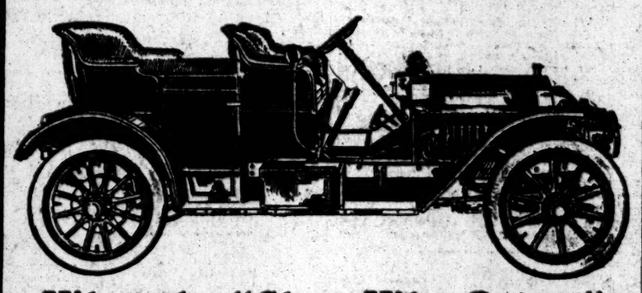

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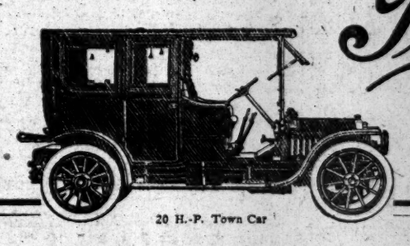

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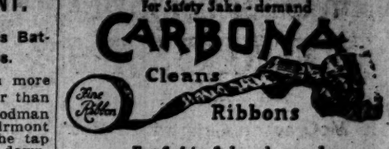

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BRUSH	Car, $485. John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
COATES-GOSHEN	1,619 B'way, 49th & 50th Sts. Tel. 833 Col.
COLUMBIA	Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,681 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
EMPIRE	$800. Poertner Motor Car Co., 1923 B'way (64th St.) 'Phone 8186-7 Col.
ORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
GROUT	Touring-Tourabout-Runabout-$2,500, 40 H.P. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N.J.
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GIANTS' COLTS LIKE MARQUARD IN BOX

McGraw Leads His Recruits Against Matty's Team for Easy Victory.

By FRED TENNEY,
First Baseman of the Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 15.—The Giant squad that was booked for a game at Waco to-day against Indianapolis took an early start this morning, and left the Marlin squad somewhat depleted. There were enough, though, for two teams, and Manager McGraw lost no time in lining them up for a practice game. He put most of the regulars on one club, and led the second team against them. The day was rather cool, and the players did not warm up very well, there being a noticeable lack of ginger.

Marquard started pitching for the regulars, and was hit very hard, the second team scoring nine runs in one inning. That was enough to settle the game right there. The full nine innings were played, but they dragged badly, it seeming to be impossible to get the players on either team enthused.

At noon Manager McGraw and Secretary Gray took an auto run over to Waco to see how the boys performed against Indianapolis. The manager intends to put an entirely different team in the field at Waco to-morrow. Most of the men who have played there to-day will return to-night, and a new crowd will go over in the morning.

This afternoon a game of six innings was played between the teams led by Mathewson and Devlin. Matty's team won by quite a large score. Base hits are very numerous in these games, owing to the rough condition of the ground, which makes a bounding ball exceedingly difficult to handle, and then the right-field fence is so close that an ordinary fly ball will go over for a home run.

The pitchers are all in good shape, but it is next to impossible to stop hitting, on account of the rough ground and the close fence. It is a fact worthy of comment that when the pitchers go against other clubs in neighboring cities the hits made off them are very few and far between.

Seymour and Devore are still undergoing treatment at Dallas. Lush's lame ankle is so far recovered that he is able to participate in practice, though he cannot run well as yet. Klawitter's lame foot is bothering him so much that he is nursing it at the hotel and does not put on his uniform.

I was in the game again this afternoon. My running is improving every day, and I hope by the first of next week to resume regular practice.

FRED TENNEY.

Young Giants Beat Indianapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

WACO, Texas, March 15.—The Colts of the New York National League team defeated the Indianapolis team of the American Association this afternoon by a score of 11 to 8. For five innings the New York batters were unable to solve the curves of Pitcher Slagle, but at that juncture he began to weaken. Keiber and Shaw got bases on balls as a starter, and Herzog followed with a long drive to right for two bases that scored one run. Shafer whacked out a single that scored two more, and Spencer and Zacher also hit the ball safely. Snodgrass walked. By this time five runs were over the plate and Slagle was taken out of the box to make room for Jake Thielman, a former National Leaguer. Thielman held the Giants safely for a few minutes, but in a short time Parsons made a two-base hit, and Shaw knocked the ball under the clubhouse for a home run. After that Indianapolis never had a chance. Keiber and Parsons both pitched well for the New Yorks. The feature was the hitting of Herzog. In four times up he drove out a three-bagger, a double, and two singles. The score:

NEW YORK.	ABR	H	PO	A
Shaw, lf	4	2	1	2
Herzog, 2b	5	2	4	3
Shafer, 3b	3	2	1	1
C. Spencer, lb	4	1	11	0
Zacher, rf	5	0	2	2
Snodg's, c	4	1	1	3
Fletcher, ss	4	0	0	3
Collins, cf	4	1	1	2
Kleber, p	1	1	0	0
Parsons, p	2	1	2	0
Total	38	11	13	27

INDIANAPOLIS.	ABR	H	PO	A
Chadb'ne, lf	3	1	0	4
A. Spencer, 3b	4	1	1	1
Shafer, cf	4	2	2	4
Hayden, rf	4	0	1	1
Carr, 1b	4	1	11	0
Bow'm'n, c	2	0	0	3
Lemon, c	1	0	1	1
Lewis, ss	4	0	0	2
Murch, 2b	2	0	1	2
Hinkle, 2b	1	0	0	0
W'liams, 2b	4	0	0	1
Hardg've, p	1	0	0	0
Slagle, p	1	1	0	0
Thielman, p	1	0	0	0
*Delehanty	1	0	0	0
Total	33	8	7	27

*Delehanty batted for Thielman in ninth inning.

Errors—Kleber, Lewis, (2,) Slagle.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	2	2	—11
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	— 3

Two-base hit—Herzog. Three-base hit—Shafer. Home run—Shaw. Sacrifice hit—Chadbourne. Stolen bases—Zacher, Herzog. Left on bases—New York, 2; Indianapolis, 8. First base on errors—New York, 2; Indianapolis, 2. Double plays—Williams, Lewis, and Carr; A. Spencer and Hopke; Herzog, Fletcher, and C. Spencer. Struck out—By Hardgrove, 2; by Keiber, 2; by Parsons, 1; by Thielman, 1. Bases on balls—Off Slagel, 4; off Parsons, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Kleber, 1. Hits—Off Hardgrove, 2 in three innings; off Kleber, 2 in five innings; off Slagel, 4 in four innings. Umpire—Mr. Spencer. Time of game, One hour and forty minutes.

Brooklyn Colts Shut Out.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 15.—The programme at the Brooklyn club's camp to-day was the usual morning practice and a nine-inning game in the afternoon for the benefit of St. John's Roman Catholic Church. Although the Regulars treated the Colts to a neat coat of whitewash, the first of the season here, the battle was a listless one, neither side displaying much ginger. It wound up with a 4 to 0 score.

"Doc" Scanlon, who says he is in better condition than he has been in four years, proved it by allowing only one hit in four innings—a scratch by Myers that was a gift of the umpire. Bell was almost as good, though the Cubs hit him safely five times. There were few fielding stunts behind him because of the weak hitting. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
Colts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	3
Regulars	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	4	5	1

Batteries—Scanlon, Bell, and Bergen; Rucker, Knetzer, and Ulrich. Umpire—Mr. Cleary.

SEVEN HOMERS AT ATHENS.

Stallings's Young Yankees Again Trim Team of Older Men.

Special to The New York Times.

ATHENS, Ga., March 15. — Manager Stallings and his Yannigans subjected the regulars of the Yankees to humiliation in the third clash of the season between the respective rivals. The green brigade came from behind in a thrilling finish and cleaned up the regulars by the score of 11 to 8.

It was one of those slugging matches which happens but once in long while. Certainly all long-distance batting records were dashed to smithereens during the game. Any time a game boasts seven home-run drives, even if the right field pasture is a trifle short, it is some sort of a thrilling contest. That was the record hung up to-day and the Yannigans amassed five round-trip hits to two for the foe.

The winners gleaned ten of their runs off Frill in four innings. He has no excuse to offer. They simply batted the good-natured southpaw as they saw fit.

Billy Upham and Frill divided the nine innings. Upham pitched the first five innings and retired with flying colors and the score 6 to 1 in his favor. The Yannigans couldn't get going while he was in the box.

Mitchell got two home runs off Frill. The first followed a similar feat by Laporte, and the second scored Laporte. Joe Doyle, who played left field, supplemented Mitchell's second heartbreaker with one of the same style. Doyle's offering tied the score.

Quinn, Carroll, and Warhop served three innings in succession for the winning combination. Warhop allowed but one hit. That was the home run by Cree that greeted him in the sixth. Knight found Carroll for a home run in the sixth.

The team will move to the new park to-morrow, and if possible a fourth game between the club rivals will be played. To-night every one took in the show at the Colonial Theatre as the guest of ex-Sheriff Foley and Frank Farrell. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Yannigans	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	6	0	—11	15	3
Regulars	0	2	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	— 8	8	2

Batteries—Quinn, Carroll, Warhop, and Mitchell; Upham, Frill, and Sweeney.

New Baseman for Yankees.

Secretary Tom Davis of the New York American League Club announced last night that Third Baseman Joe Hamilton of the Oakland (Cal.) Club had been engaged to play for the Yankees this season.

Other Baseball Results.

NEW ORLEANS, March 15.—Cleveland Americans, 8, 10, 2; Chicago Nationals, 4, 5, 2.

Batteries—Mitchell, Kerstner, and Clarke; Carson, Knapp, and Moran.

At Hot Springs, Ark.—Boston Americans, (regulars,) 5, 7, 5; second team, 3, 9, 1.

SMITH BEST NOVICE FOIL.

Wins Clemens Medal After Close Competition at Carnegie Hall.

The novice foil fencing competition for the Clemens Medal, donated by Dr. J. B. Clemens of the New York Athletic Club, was held last night at Carnegie Hall. Nine clubs and schools participated in the tournament, in which twenty-six bouts were necessary before a decision could be reached. W. Smith of the New York Fencers' Club finally capturing the trophy.

E. Currier, a frail but clever swordsman of the Horace Mann School, put up a plucky fight all through the preliminary bouts, and in the final, which was a three-cornered contest between Smith, Currier, and Kerr, he fenced a strong draw with Smith, but in the fence-off Smith proved a trifle too fast, and in one minute of extra play scored over his opponent. R. Kerr, the last man in the final bout for the medal, proved easy for Smith, who had just gone through two fast bouts with Currier, and in defeating the latter, Smith carried off the honors of the contest. The summary:

W. Smith, New York F. C., defeated P. Koechl, Carnegie F. C.; W. Smith, New York F. C., defeated W. Shakespeare, New York F. C.; W. Smith, New York F. C., defeated H. Sibert, Cornwall M. S.

D. McKinley, New York A. C., defeated W. Smith, New York F. C.

P. Koechl, Carnegie F. C., defeated D. McKinley, New York A. C.

W. Shakespeare, New York F. C., defeated D. McKinley, New York A. C.

W. Shakespeare, New York F. C., defeated P. Koechl, Carnegie F. C.

W. Shakespeare, New York F. C., defeated H. Sibert, Cornwall M. S.

D. McKinley, New York A. C., defeated W. Smith, New York F. C.

C. Contreras, Columbia, defeated R. Robbelin, New York Turn Verein.

R. Kerr, McKenzie School, defeated H. Pastorious, McKenzie School.

R. Robbelin, New York Turn Verein, defeated H. Pastorious, McKenzie School.

R. Kerr, McKenzie School, defeated C. Contreras, Columbia.

C. Contreras, Columbia, defeated H. Pastorious, McKenzie School.

R. Kerr, McKenzie School, defeated R. Robbelin, New York Turn Verein.

W. Smith, New York F. C., and E. Currier, Horace Mann School, fenced a draw.

U. Smith, New York F. C., defeated E. Currier, Horace Mann School.

W. Smith, New York F. C., defeated R. Kerr, McKenzie School.

Crescent A. C. Shooter Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 15.—Lewis C. Hopkins of the Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn, won the weekly handicap trap shooting tourney to-day, with a net total of 99. His handicap allowance was 20 targets. Paul E. Gardner of Chicago, (10,) was second in 89, and J. Cushing Todd of Newburyport, Mass., (scratch,) third, in 88.

Tide Spoils Daytona Auto Trials.

DAYTONA, Fla., March 15.—The automobile record trials scheduled for Daytona Beach this afternoon were postponed until to-morrow on account of the tide coming in too rapidly to admit of the timing apparatus to be put in working condition. Barney Oldfield in his 200 horse power Benz, George Robertson in the Christy racer, and David Bruce Brown in a 120 horse power Benz, drove exhibition miles, but no time was taken.

TENNIS DOWN TO FINALS.

Miss Erna Marcus Will Compete in Both Singles and Doubles.

Overshadowing all else in the progress of the women's National indoor lawn tennis championship tournament was the performance of Miss Erna Marcus of the Elisabeth Town and Country Club yesterday. Miss Marcus won her place in the final and championship rounds of both the singles and doubles on the courts of the Seventh Regiment Armory in a total of four hard-fought matches, ten sets aggregating ninety-three games. It was a remarkable showing. In the singles Miss Marcus coupled with the Englishwoman, Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz, for the title; while in the doubles, paired with Miss Elisabeth H. Moore, holder of the championship, the two won their places in the final coupled with Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clara Kuttroff. The summary:

Women's National Indoor Championship Singles.—Third Round—Miss Erna Marcus defeated Miss Clara Kuttroff, 5—7, 6—3, 6—4.

Semi-Final Round—Miss Erna Marcus defeated Mrs. S. F. Weaver, 6—2, 6—2; Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz defeated Miss Margaret S. Grove, 6—1, 6—3.

Women's National Indoor Championship Doubles.—Second Round—Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Miss Erna Marcus defeated Miss Fanny M. Fish and Miss Alice L. Fish, 6—3, 6—4; Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz and Miss Gertrude Pickhardt defeated Miss Gertrude Della-Torre and Miss Anne Hamilton, 6—1, 6—1.

Semi-Final Round—Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and Miss Erna Marcus defeated Mrs. S. F. Weaver and Mrs. L. Millens Burt, 4—6, 6—2, 6—3; Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clara Kuttroff defeated Mrs. Frederick G. Schmitz and Miss Gertrude Pickhardt, 6—2, 6—4.

Harlem Tennis Club Election.

According to the programme of the Harlem Tennis Club made at its annual meeting last night, the organization will again be the first to open the tournament season in the metropolitan district. The four courts at 131st Street and Seventh Avenue will be materially improved. The club will again be represented in the Metropolitan League and special inter-club matches arranged for Saturdays and Sundays. President McMichael and Dr. William Rosenbaum will be in charge of the tournaments. The other officers elected included: Vice President, Dr. Victor Meltzer; Secretary Treasurer, Dr. J. E. Lumbard; Captain, Dr. R. F. Chapman, Jr., and Governors, Henry Robinson and Gilbert B. Legge. From the reports it was shown that the past year was the best in the history of the club.

Pool and Billiards at McGraw's.

The amateur three-cushion carrom handicap billiard tournament started last night at McGraw's Billiard Room, with C. H. Byers (30) and James Weed (35) as opponents. Byers won, 25 to 24, in twenty-five innings. In the amateur pool tournament J. Schreyer defeated Kid Andrews, 55 to 48.

Detroit Team Bowling Champion.

DETROIT, March 15.—The Cosmos of Chicago won the $800 prize for first place in the five-man team event of the tenth annual tournament of the American Bowling Congress to-night. That event was finished to-night, and after 400 teams rolled the 2,880 of the Chicagoans was still good enough to carry off first money.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Frank, B., & Co., Montgomery, Ala.; B. Frank, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.

O'Neill, M., & Co., Akron, Ohio; M. O'Neill, domestics; 2 Walker Street.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; Miss Garrity, fancy goods; 2 Walker Street.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; R. Wilson, millinery; W. A. Stoeckel, sweaters; 2 Walker Street.

Houston Dry Goods and Notion Company, Houston, Texas; J. L. Souza, dry goods; 110 Fifth Avenue.

Robertson, E. A., & Co., Saginaw, Mich.; E. A. Robertson, piece goods; Hotel Imperial.

Filenes, William, Sons & Co., Boston, Mass.; A. C. Smith, women's and childrens' wear; C. O. Cooper, misses' and women's coats, suits, and skirts; Hotel Imperial.

Oppenheimer-Berson-Morse Company, Oskaloosa, Iowa; A. Oppenheimer, cloaks, suits, and waists; 7 West Twenty-second Street.

Isaacs-Marks Company, New Orleans, La.; Miss H. Marks, fancy goods and jewelry; Miss L. Hewitt, millinery; 40 West Twenty-second Street.

"Fair," Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Touhey, ladies' cloaks, suits, waists, and dresses; "basement and up stairs"; F. A. Brockman, housefurnishing goods and hardware; 684 Broadway.

Herzog, L., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; F. J. Herzog, ladies' cloaks, capes, and raincoats; E. Herzog, children's dresses; F. F. Miller, ladies' cloaks, capes, and raincoats; 482 Broome Street.

White, R. H., Company, Boston, Mass.; W. F. Ayers, domestics; W. Hebbard, boys' clothing; E. H. Young, prints; S. Abbott, books; 41 Union Square.

Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. M. Powell, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.

Gamble-Desmond Co., New Haven, Conn.; E. O'Meara, dress goods and silks; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street; Hotel St. Denis.

Wells, J. B., Son & Co., Utica, N. Y.; J. S. Capron, linens; Hotel Navarre.

Burke, Fitzsimons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; E. P. Barry, notions and laces; The Hermitage.

O'Callaghan Cloak and Suit Company, Boston, Mass.; J. O'Callaghan, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.

Herbert, W. P., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. P. Herbert, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.

Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; E. N. White, silks and ribbins; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Cohn, A. B., Philadelphia, Penn.; waists; Hoffman House.

Wallace, J., Sons, Stroudsburg, Penn.; C. D. Wallace, dry goods; The Breslin.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; D. D. Adams, clothing; 621 Broadway; The Breslin.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, laces and handkerchiefs; 688 Broadway; Hotel Seville.

Sampliner, J., & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; J. Sampliner, cloaks and suits; Hotel Latham.

Daniels & Fisher Stores Company, Denver, Col.; J. A. Porter, cloaks, suits, and waists; 56 Worth Street.

Rindskopff & Loeb, Schenectady, N. Y.; J. C. Rindskopff, dry goods; The Breslin.

Elsman Brothers, Washington, D. C.; J. Elsman, clothing; The Breslin.

Hohschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. B. Strasburger, boys' clothing; S. Jacobson, upholstery goods; 31 Union Square; The Breslin.

Watt & Shond, Lancaster, Penn.; P. T. Watt, hosiery and underwear; Mr. Carpenter, dry goods; 57 White Street.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; W. Jardine, notions and trimmings; J. Walker, furnishing goods; H. Austin, dry goods; J. S. Hartford, leather goods; 57 White Street.

Shortenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; F. Blauvelt, furnishing goods; 75 Spring Street.

Wilkinson, Williams & Reed, Richmond, Va.; C. C. Reed, linens; Hotel Grand.

Brandon, Durrell Company, South Bend, Ind.; E. Hogey, laces and trimmings; T. T. Brandon, cloaks, waists, and hosiery; Hotel Navarre.

Burke, Fitzsimons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; P. F. Horgather, trimmings; Park Avenue Hotel.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; H. J. Donnelly, hosiery and furnishing goods; 57 White Street.

Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. P. Armitage, domestics; J. H. Nolan, dress goods; Herald Square Hotel.

McDonnell, Stout & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; E. A. Stout, silks; Hotel Grand.

Younker Brothers, Des Moines, Iowa; J. M. Younker, suits, coats, and dresses; 31 Union Square.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. M. Lannon, knit goods, waists, and muslin underwear; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.

Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. Levy, carpets; Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street; Hotel Cadillac.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; M. M. Dunn, dress goods and silks; 648 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.

Rosenthal Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; A. Rosenthal, cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. Cook, linens; 454 Broome Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Thalheimer Brothers, Richmond, Va.; Miss J. Mitchell, cloaks and suits; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street.

Olds, Wortman & King, Portland, Ore.; H. Grimm, silks and dress goods; C. W. King, dry goods; 458 Broadway; The Breslin.

Duffy & McInnerney Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. C. Fitzgerald, rugs; 45 East Seventeenth Street.

MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; T. J. Fitzpatrick, domestics; 57 White Street.

Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. G. Cameron, cloaks and suits; 214 Church Street.

Saks, L., Birmingham, Ala.; Miss M. L. Combannis, infants' wear; Hotel Seville.

Bacon-Chappell Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. E. Teeple, cloaks and suits; 817 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.

Fabian Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Louis Annis, skirts; Hotel Albert.

Koch, Schaffner & Adler, Cincinnati, Ohio; Jake M. Koch, boys' clothing; Hotel Cadillac.

Mulligan, A. E., Cleveland, Ohio; gowns; Miss Mulligan, gowns; Prince George Hotel.

Abrams, Winer & Greif, Nashville, Tenn.; Joseph Abrams, notions and ladies' ready-to-wear; Longacre Hotel.

Van Cott, F. M., Chicago, Ill.; flowers and books; 7 West Sixteenth Street.

Durfee, Ben, & Co., McAlister, Ohio; Ben Durfee, dry goods; Hotel Victoria.

Regan, Bertha V., Syracuse, N. Y.; dressmaking; Hotel Victoria.

Bergdorf, Minnie, Syracuse, N. Y.; dressmaking; Hotel Victoria.

Doolan, Ellen, Kalamazoo, Mich.; dressmaking; The Breslin.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
E. W. French Co., 1 Beekman, opp. Post Office.

ALBUMS AND NOVELTIES.
S. Steinberg, 12 Walker Street.

ALUMINUM NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
E. W. French Co., 1 Beekman, opp. Post Office.

BASKETS & WILLOWWARE NOVELTIES.
Kraus & Co., 11-12 West Houston Street.

BATHING SUITS.
M. Loewenstein, "The Fashion," 438 Broome.
Milbury Atlantic Mfg. Co., 543 Broadway.

BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY NOVELTIES.
Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.

BRASS AND COPPER ART GOODS.
B. Wiener, Manufacturer, 647 Broadway.

BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint.
E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.

CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMAN'S GOODS.
Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.

CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.

CUT GLASS.
J. Hoare & Co., (Exhibit,) Grand Hotel.

DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.

FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties.
C. Weisker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 4th, n. B'way.

FEATHERS AND WILLOWS.
East India Ostrich Feather Co., 599 B'way.

GARTERS AND LADIES' ELASTIC BELTS.
Liberty Garter Works, (Mapper Garter,) 413 B'way.

HAIR ORNAMENTS AND BELTS.
Austin Walker Co., 565 Broadway.

KNITTED NECKWEAR AND SWEATERS.
Halperin Knitting Mills, 160-162 Wooster St., (manufacturers to jobbing trade only.)

LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES.
A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.

LADIES' WAISTS.
Jos. Zindler, ("Empire" Waist,) 135 Wooster.

MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.

NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.

PAPER & CHINA SOUVENIRS for Dinners.
Theo. Metzeier, 46 Vesey Street.

PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.

PHOENIX MUFFLERS & SILK HOSE.
Phoenix Knitting Works, 45 E. 17th, near B'way.

RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.

SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.

SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.

TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.

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James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

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N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
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*Oceanic.....Mar. 26 | *Adriatic.....Apr. 9
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†America.....March 26 | Bluecher.....April 21
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Our Circular No. 112 describes 45 issues of listed Railroad Bonds. The information given includes the amount of bonds outstanding, the denominations, interest and due dates, high and low prices for 1909, present market prices approximate yield, etc. We classify the bonds as high-grade investments, conservative investments, and semi-speculative investments.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Decline Sharply—Call Money Rates, 2¾@3¼ Per Cent.

STRIKE NEWS CHIEF FACTOR

Firmer Money Also Contributes to Market's Weakness—Our February Foreign Trade.

In the announcement that the firemen of the Western railways had determined to strike in an effort to enforce their demands, the stock market found yesterday a basis for the first decided movement in prices which has occurred in a number of days. To this influence there was added later in the day a further strengthening of money rates, the two factors combining to keep the market weak most of the day and resulting in net losses varying from 1 to more than 2 points in nearly all the active stocks. As was natural in view of the source from which the market gained its chief downward impetus, the Western railroads led the decline, but other railway shares and the industrials as well very generally shared in the losses shown. The recent advance in prices had carried the market to a point at which some new influence was needed to impart any further decided movement, and as it happened the development which furnished this influence proved very good ammunition for operations on the bear side of the market. It is probable, however, that the threatened strike of the firemen on the Western railways will prove less disturbing than was suggested in the most extreme of yesterday's estimates regarding the probable results of this strike announcement. For one thing the course of the firemen's representatives does not appear to be receiving anything like unanimous support among the railroad unions, and should the men refuse the proffered arbitration of their wage demands it is unlikely that they will be able to count on any large measure of public sympathy.

The tightening of interest rates, which applied both to the time and call departments of the money market, with a further strengthening of foreign exchange rates, fell in aptly with the publication of the country's foreign commerce for the month of February. The coincidence in that month of the largest imports ever reported for February and the smallest exports which that month has shown for the last five years resulted in a debit balance in the month's foreign trade of over $4,000,000. This is the first time in a decade and a half that the imports during February have exceeded the exports. This recurrence of a debit balance in our foreign trade emphasizes the importance of the change which has been under way in the foreign commerce of the United States, and which must necessarily continue to exert adverse influence upon our position in the international exchanges. The decline in the excess of exports over imports for the eight months ended with February from $515,000,000 in 1908 and $341,000,000 in 1909 to $189,000,000 for the latest eight months' period sufficiently indicates the rate at which our credit trade balance is diminishing.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Brake and Shoe Foundry Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
American Surety Co. for dividend.
Butterick Co. for annual meeting.
Fleischmann Co. for dividend on preferred.
New England Telephone and Telegraph Co. for dividend.
Republic Iron and Steel Co. for dividend on preferred.
Standard Underground Cable Co. for stock dividend.
Wolverine Mining Co. for dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Louisiana & Arkansas Railway.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Central Union Telegraph Co.
Chicago City Railway.
Consolidation Coal Co. of Maryland.
Electric Storage Battery Co.
Rock Plaster Manufacturing Co.
Texas & Pacific Railway.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¾@3¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3 per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty days, 3⅞@4 per cent. for ninety days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5@6 per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 3 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3⅝ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $409,510,735; balances, $17,814,260; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $352,275.

The local banks have lost $2,208,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was firm, with demand quoted at $4.8695@$4.8705, sixty days at $4.84@$4.8410, and cables at $4.8725@$4.8735.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.17½ less 1-64@5.17⅝ plus 1-32 for cables, 5.17½ less 3-64@5.17½ for sight, and 5.20⅝@5.19⅝ less 1-32 for sixty days; reichsmarks, 95¼ plus 1-64@95 5-16 for cables, 95 3-16 plus 1-64@95¼ for sight, and 94⅝ less 1-32@94 11-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10c discount; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 35c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; St. Paul, 60c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 23 11-16d per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 51⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday little or no interest was manifested. Prices were unchanged, except for tin, which moved up about ⅝c in the bid and a shade in the asking figure.

It is understood that the American Smelting and Refining Company has reduced the price of lead from 4.70c to 4.60c.

In London yesterday on the Metal Exchange spot copper at the close showed an advance of 1s 3d from the initial price of the day, but over the final figure of Monday a decline of 6s 3d; futures also scored a similar gain on the day's transactions of 1s 3d from the opening quotations, but receded 5s from the closing price of Monday. The market finished steady, closing quotations ruling at: Spot, £58 18s 9d; futures, £59 18s. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £13 8s 9d. Pig tin ended easy at a recession of 2s 6d for spot and future deliveries, at £143 17s 6d and £145 15s, respectively. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £23. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 6d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	Tuesday.		Monday.	
Standard copper:	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
March	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
April	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
May	12.87½	13.12½	12.87½	13.12½
Spelter	5.65	5.70	5.65	5.70
Lead	4.50	4.60	4.50	4.60
Tin	31.60	31.75	31.40	31.70

Help for investors in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Money and stock markets reviewed impartially and latest information on developments in wheat, cotton, and metal markets. Full and reliable lists of quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales March 15, 1910 679,970
From Jan. 1, 1910 48,602,383
Corresponding period last year 35,404,490

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
77¼	77⅝	42,500	Amalgamated Cop.	78⅛	79	76½	77⅝	−1⅞
45⅛	46	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	46¼	46¼	45½	45⅝	−½
38⅜	39¼	1,100	Am. Beet Sugar	39½	39½	38⅜	39⅛	−¾
11⅝	11¾	600	Am. Can	11¾	11¾	11⅜	11⅝	...
77⅛	78¼	800	Am. Can pf	77⅞	78	77½	78	−½
64½	64⅝	2,600	Am. Car & Foundry	65	65	64	64¼	−¾
106	119	100	Am. Car & Found. pf.	118½	118½	118½	118½	−1½
67	68¼	500	Am. Cotton Oil	68	68	67	67	−1½
40	40¼	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	40	40	40	40	−1
26	26½	600	Am. Ice Securities	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26⅝	−⅝
51	51⅝	2,800	Am. Locomotive	52	52	50½	51½	−1
6¾	7⅛	200	Am. Malt	7	7	7	7	...
42	43½	300	Am. Malt pf	43¼	43½	42½	42½	−1⅝
85½	85⅝	27,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	86⅞	86⅞	85	85⅞	−1⅛
107⅞	108⅛	410	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	108⅝	108⅝	108	108	−1⅛
89⅜	90	200	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	89⅝	89⅝	89⅜	89⅝	−⅛
123½	124½	200	Am. Sugar Refining	124½	124½	124	124	−½
140¼	140½	2,900	Am. Tel. & Tel.	141½	141½	140	140¼	−1⅝
97¾	98	300	Am. Tobacco pf. x d.	98⅝	98⅝	98	98	...
38	38½	400	Am. Woolen	38½	39⅛	38½	38½	−⅞
103⅜	103½	100	Am. Woolen pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅛	103⅜	−⅞
48⅝	49½	2,500	Anaconda Cop. Min.	49¼	49¾	48⅝	49	−⅝
115	115¼	19,120	Atch., Top. & S. F.	116¼	116¼	115	115	−1⅝
103¼	103⅞	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	...
112	112½	1,500	Baltimore & Ohio	112⅜	112⅝	111⅞	111⅞	−1¼
2¾	3	100	Batopilas Mining	3	3	3	3	...
...	...	360	Bank of Commerce	234	234	226	226½	...
29½	31½	600	Bethlehem Steel	30	31	29½	31	+¾
58½	62½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	60	60	60	60	−1
75⅞	76	4,285	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	76⅜	76⅝	75⅝	76	−⅝
13	14	200	Brunswick Terminal	14	14	14	14	−½
178¾	179	100	Canadian Pacific	179	179	178½	178¾	−¾
42¾	43	1,400	Central Leather Co.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅜	42⅝	−⅜
85⅞	86⅛	12,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	86⅝	87	85¾	86	−1⅛
56	57	300	Chicago & Alton	57	57	57	57	−1
30⅝	30⅞	800	Chicago Gt. Western	30½	30⅝	30	30⅛	+⅛
145	145⅞	7,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	146⅜	146⅜	144⅝	145⅞	−1½
159½	160	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	160½	160⅜	159⅝	159⅝	−1⅛
155½	156	1,500	Chi. & Northwestern	157½	157¾	155½	155½	−1⅛
81½	80	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	88	88	88	88	−1⅝
39½	39⅝	2,400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	41½	41⅜	39⅝	39⅝	−1½
60¼	62	200	Colorado & Southern	61	61	61	61	−2
78	79¼	100	Col. & South. 2d pf.	79¼	79¼	79¼	79¼	−1⅝
14½	15½	100	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	15	15	15	15	−1½
146	146⅞	4,100	Consolidated Gas	147¾	147¾	145¼	146	−1½
18½	18⅝	200	Corn Products Ref.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	−⅞
83½	83½	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	88½	83½	83½	83½	−7⅞
134½	175	200	Delaware & Hudson	175	175	175	175	−1½
41	42	1,350	Denver & Rio Grande	42	42	40⅞	41	−1
33	33¼	125	Distillers' Securities	33	33	33	33	−⅝
30¼	30⅜	4,300	Erie	31	31	30¼	30⅜	−1⅛
49	49⅜	1,200	Erie 1st pf	50	50	48⅝	49¼	−1⅛
38	38½	60	Erie 2d pf	38	38½	38	38½	...
...	90	100	Federal M. & S.	53½	53½	53½	53½	−6½
105	107½	50	General Chemical pf.	106½	106½	106½	106½	...
153½	155	350	General Electric	154½	154½	154	154	−1
136	136¼	3,450	Great Northern pf.	137½	137½	135½	136	−2
67	68½	500	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	69	69	69	69	−1
95	93	400	Havana Electric	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	+1⅝
95	96½	1,100	Hocking Valley pf.	97	97	95	96	−⅞
88	88½	250	Homestake Mining	88	88⅜	88	88¼	−⅜
141	142	300	Illinois Central	142½	142½	141	141	−1½
21⅞	22	3,100	Interborough-Met.	22¼	22⅝	21⅝	22	−¼
55⅜	56	3,700	Interborough-Met. pf.	56	56	55¼	55⅜	−1
90½	91	1,900	Int. Harvester	92¼	92¼	90½	90½	−2
121	122	200	Int. Harvester pf.	122⅛	122⅛	122	122	−½
54	55	200	Int. Paper pf.	54	54	54	54	−1
47⅛	49	100	Int. Steam Pump.	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	−1
86¼	88	300	Int. Steam Pump pf.	86⅞	86⅞	86	86	−2
23	24	200	Iowa Central	23⅝	23⅝	23½	23⅞	−⅝
43½	44	200	Iowa Central pf.	44½	44½	44½	44½	−1⅛
37⅝	38	100	Kansas City South.	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	−⅛
101½	102	1,000	Laclede Gas	101½	101½	100⅝	100⅝	−⅞
151½	152	400	Louisville & Nash.	152	152	151	151	−2¼
87	90	100	Mackay Cos.	89½	89¾	89½	89¾	−1
76½	77	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	76⅝	76⅝	76⅜	76¾	−⅛
21	21½	50	Mercantile Marine pf.	21	21	21	21	...
142	142⅝	500	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	143	143	142½	142½	−1½
42⅝	42⅞	2,300	Mo., Kansas & Texas	43¼	43¼	42⅝	42⅝	−1½
70⅛	70¼	1,500	Missouri Pacific	70¼	70⅝	70	70	−⅝
123	123½	5	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	123½	123½	123½	123½	...
83	84	1,600	Nat. Lead Co.	83¼	83¼	82⅝	83¼	−⅜
76¼	80½	610	N. Y. Air Brake	80½	80½	80	80	−2½
124⅜	124⅝	15,100	N. Y. Central	125¼	125⅜	124⅝	124½	−1¼
83	86	135	New York Dock pf.	85	85	85	85	+2
150½	153⅞	300	N. Y., N. H. & H. ex d.	160	160	159⅝	159⅞	−⅛
150	150½	725	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. certs., 1st paid, ex d.	150½	150½	150	150	−⅝
44⅞	45¼	700	N. Y. Ont. & West	45	45	44⅞	44⅞	−⅛
104½	104⅝	6,000	Norfolk & Western	104	104⅝	103¼	104⅝	...
134⅜	135¼	6,800	Northern Pacific	136½	136½	134¼	135	−1⅝
112½	114	100	Pacific Coast	113	113	113	113	−1½
31	32	200	Pacific Mail	32	32	32	32	...
38¾	41½	400	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	39½	39½	38⅝	38⅝	−1½
136½	136⅝	30,495	Pennsylvania R. R.	137⅜	137⅜	136	136½	−⅞
109⅜	110¼	475	People's Gas, Chi.	110½	110⅝	110	110	−⅞
35	40	100	Pere Marquette	35	35	35	35	...
100⅜	101	1,000	Ry. C. C. & St. Louis	101½	101½	100½	100⅞	−⅝
21	21¾	500	Pittsburg Coal	21¾	21⅝	21	21	−1⅛
73	73¼	800	Pittsburg Coal pf.	74½	74½	72½	72½	−1½
43	43½	200	Pressed Steel Car	44	44	43¼	43¼	−1⅝
102½	104	100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	103	103	103	103	−⅛
2½	3⅝	100	Quicksilver	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
42	43	100	R'way Steel Spring	43	43	43	43	−1½
167¼	167¼	97,000	Reading	168¼	168¼	166¼	167	−1⅝
89½	91¼	200	Reading 1st pf.	91½	91¼	91¼	91¼	...
39½	39⅝	1,900	Rep. Iron & Steel	40¾	40¾	39	39½	−1½
103	104	315	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	108	108	102½	103	...
48⅜	48⅛	19,300	Rock Island Co.	50	50	47⅞	48¼	−1½
89	90	900	Rock Island Co. pf.	91	91	90	90	−1
54½	55	650	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	55⅝	55⅝	54½	54½	−1⅝
27	29¼	200	St. Louis Southwest'n	29	29	28⅝	28⅝	...
73	73¾	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	73½	73½	73¼	73¼	−⅝
159	164	200	Sears-Roebuck	160	160	159¾	159¾	−2¾
77	78	600	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	78⅛	78⅛	77	78	−2
127⅝	128	40,725	Southern Pacific	129⅞	129⅞	127⅝	128	−2
28⅛	28¼	1,200	Southern R'way ext.	28⅝	28⅝	28	28¼	−⅞
66	67½	200	South. R'way pf., ext.	68¼	68¼	66½	66½	−1
32⅜	34¼	300	Tennessee Copper	33½	33⅝	33	33	−1
29⅞	30	1,500	Texas & Pacific	31⅛	31⅛	29⅝	30	−1
44¼	45	400	Tol., St. L. & West	44½	44½	44¼	44½	−1⅝
67¼	68	300	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	68¼	68¼	68¼	68¼	...
186⅜	186⅝	91,500	Union Pacific	189¼	189¼	186½	186⅜	−2⅞
99	99⅝	1,000	Union Pacific pf.	99	99	96¼	99	...
117½	119	200	United Dry Goods	118	118	118	118	−⅛
72	78½	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	76	76	76	76	−2⅞
76	78	200	U. S. Realty & Imp.	77½	77½	76½	76½	−2½
6	7	200	U. S. Red. & Ref.	6¾	7	6¾	7	−1¼
15	27½	100	U. S. Red. & Ref. pf.	21	21	21	21	...
45¼	45¼	1,700	U. S. Rubber	45½	45¾	45	45⅛	−1⅝
115	115½	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	115½	115½	115½	115½	−⅞
80	81	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	−⅞
85¼	85⅝	154,500	U. S. Steel, ex div.	86⅝	86⅝	84⅝	85⅛	−1⅝
121⅝	121⅝	1,890	U. S. Steel pf.	122	122	121¼	121½	−½
49¼	49½	3,750	Utah Copper	50	50	48½	49¼	−1¼
57	57½	3,800	Va.-Car. Chemical	57⅝	57⅝	56½	57	−⅝
68	70	100	Vulcan Detinning pf.	70	70	70	70	+1
21½	21⅝	800	Wabash	22	22	21½	21¾	−⅞
48¼	48½	5,500	Wabash pf.	49¼	49⅝	48¼	48¾	−1¼
181	183	20	Wells Fargo Express	183	183	183	183	...
51	52	1,000	Western Md. Ry.	51¼	51¼	51	51	−⅜
51¼	52	1,100	Western Md., 4th pd.	51	51⅝	51	51¼	−⅜
75⅝	76	1,300	Western Union Tel.	76	76	75½	75⅝	−⅜
69	72	1,700	Westinghouse E. & M.	71½	71½	68½	68½	−4½
5	5½	200	Wheel. & Lake Erie	6¼	6¼	5¾	5¾	−⅞
5¾	6	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	−⅞
51	54	400	Wisconsin Central	54	54	54	54	−⅞

*Unlisted.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	101⅜
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	...
3s, r., 1918	102½	103
3s, c., 1918	102⅛	103
4s, r., 1925	114⅝	115¼
4s, c., 1925	114⅝	115¼
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅝	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅝	101
Adams Exp.	245	...
Alb. & S.	280	...
Allis-Chalm. pf.	11⅞	12
Allis-Chalm. pf.	44	45
Am. Ag. C. pf.	102¼	105
Am. B. Sug. pf.	95	97
Am. Coal	90	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	102	107
Am. D. Tel.	10	30
Am. Exp.	285	295
A. H. & L.	7	7½
Am. L. Co.	15	15½
Am. Lin. pf.	38½	43½
Am. Loc. pf.	113	114
Am. Snuff, ex div.	275	...
Am. Sn. pf., ex div.	96	100
Am. St. Fd.	60	01
Am. Sug. R. pf.	121½	123½
A. T. & C.	74	77
Ann Arbor	30	40
Ann A. pf.	70	73
Atl. C. L.	180¼	132
B. & O. pf.	91½	92½
Beech Creek	25	...
B. Un. G.	151	155
B., R. & P.	95	105
B., R. & P. pf.	125	140
B. & S. pf.	29	70
But'k Co.	31½	32¼
Canada So.	67½	70
Cent. L. pf.	107½	108
C. R. R. of N. J.	290	300
C. & S. A. Tel.	118	119½
C. & A. pf.	...	70
C., B. & Q.	200	...
C. & E. Ill. pf.	...	118
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	56	58
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
C. & N. W. pf.	200	215
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	156	162
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. Tr. ctfs. sta...	3¾	4½
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. ctfs. st.	8½	9
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	101	110
Cleve. & P.	171	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	116	119
Col. & So. 1st pf.	81	88
Cons. Coal.	105	...
Crex Carpet.	61	63
D., L. & W.	600	650
D. & R. G. pf.	80	81
D. M. & Ft. D.	5	10
Det. Un. R.	62	67
D., S. S. & A.	15	15¾
D. S. S. & A. pf.	28	29
Du P. De N. Pow. pf.	85	88
Ev. & T. H.	56	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S. pf.	70	80
Gen. C. Co.	95	105
Granby Con.	75	115
Hav. E. R. pf.	...	95¾
Hock. V. R.	116	120
Inger.-Rand.	90	...
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	...
Int. Paper.	18	18¾
Int. Power.	...	30
K. & M. R.	55	65
Kan. C. Pt. S. & Mem. pf.	78	51
Kan. C. So. pf.	68½	69
K. & D. M.	8	9
K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
Lacl. G. pf.	92	100
L. E. & W.	22½	24
L. E. & W. pf.	60	62½
Lake Shore.	225	...
Long Island	63	70
Mah. C. R.	311	...
Man. Beach.	3	3¼
Man. Elev., ex div.	135½	137
Md. C.	86	90
Mer. Marine	6¼	6¾
Met. St. R.	15	17
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. & St. L.	42	43
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	91¾	92
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	132½	135½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	72	73
N. C. & St. L.	132	140
Nat. Bis.	106	112¾
Nat. Enam.	22	23½
Nat. En. pf.	90	99
Nat. L. pf.	108	109
N. J. Cent.	100	118
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	118
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	87	90
N. Y. D. Co.	34	38
N. & W. pf.	90	92
North. Am., ex div.	78	79
Nor. Coal.	240	...
Ont. Mining.	2½	3¼
Pac. C. 1st pf.	98	108
Pac. C. 2d pf.	112	115
Pat. Tel. & Tel. pf.	94¾	101¼
Peo. & E.	23	25
Pere M. 1st pf.	60	63
Pere M. 2d pf.	40	47
Phila. Co.	101	102¼
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	114	116
P., Ft. W. & C.	168¼	...
Pullman Co.	194	195
Q'kill'r pf.	3	3¾
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	103	107
Rdg. 2d pf.	103¼	104½
Rens. & S.	190	...
R., W. & O.	128	135
Rutland pf.	25	35
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	68¼	71
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. L. ctfs.	140	100
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new & ctfs.	60	69¼
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	...	120
Sears-R. pf., ex div.	...	122½
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	120	128
So. P. R. S.	83	...
So. P. R. S. pf.	100	114
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs., ex div.	82¼	85
Texas Cent.	40	...
Texas Cent. pf.	75	...
T. P. L. Tr.	89	90
Third Av.	7	8
T., P. & W.	17	20½
Tol. R. & L.	10½	11½
T. C. R. T.	113½	114½
U. B. & P.	9½	11
U. B. & P. pf., ex d.	68	73
Un. Cig. M. pf.	109	111
Un. Dry G. pf.	109½	110¾
U. Rys. In.	37	40
U. Rys. In. pf.	65	66½
U. S. C. I. Pipe	25	27
U. S. Exp.	120	128
U. & B. R.	174	...
Vand. R. R.	75	...
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	125	128
Va. I., C. & Coke	60	63
Vulcan Det.	18⅜	20
West. Md. pf.	65	72
Westingh'se 1st pf.	122	130
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	10	11

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Weakness in the shares of the United Box Board Company today on the local Exchange was attributed to poor business. A number of the company's mills are said to be closed down, and prices for various products are low, reflecting the effects of severe competition. The stock

ROYAL BAKING POWDER PFD.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER COM.
OIL FIELDS OF MEXICO
INTERNAT. SILVER COM.
INTERNAT. SILVER PFD.
INTERNAT. SILVER SCRIP
FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO.
EQUITABLE TRUST CO.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE
LAWYERS TITLE
UNITED CIGAR STORES CO.
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AMERICAN CIGAR CO.
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Amer. Power & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Buff. & Lake Erie Trac. 5s, 1936
Com. Ry. & Light. Com.
Duluth Edison Elec. Pfd.
General Motors Com.
Madison Square Garden
Mitchell Vance Company
N. Y. State Rys. 1st Pfd.
WM. M. CLARKE
20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

POPE MAN'F'G COM. & PFD.
LACKAWANNA STEEL
AMERICAN DIST. TEL. CO. OF N. J.
NEW JERSEY ZINC
VIRGINIAN RAILWAY
Bought, Sold, and Quoted.
WEED and GWYNNE,
7907-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

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N. Y. Mortgage & Surety
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Cotton Mill Stocks
OF MASSACHUSETTS
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Tefft & Company,
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange.
11 Pine Street.

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PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
T. H. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice President.
C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
H. H. PAGE, Secretary.

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company
Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - $13,000,000
(of which $17,008,000 has been earned)

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
WALL STREET
CORNER NASSAU
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
[illegible] 5th Ave. 20 Broadway
[illegible] 34th St. 34 Ave. & 125 St.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Strike News as Bear Material.

Wall Street has always professed the opinion that it is a losing game to sell the market on labor difficulties. Any one making a serious effort to discover Wall Street's reasons for this expressed belief meets with little success. Those questioned take refuge in more or less hazy reminiscences regarding the great losses which attended short sales by themselves on strike news in remote periods. At best they point out the fact that strikes are liable to sudden settlement without previous notice, and that almost invariably it proves to be the case that reported losses in the course of such difficulties are enormously exaggerated.

***

A Victory for Sentiment.

There is no doubt that the average speculator on his reasoning side really believes in the potency of such arguments as those enumerated which are his own. But every speculator has also his sentimental side, although he won't admit it, and the public persistently ignores it. To this part of his make-up a general strike such as that now menacing over 125,000 miles of railroads in the Mississippi Valley and west of it appears as a calamitous affair, just as it does to the ordinary citizen. Reason says to the speculator: "Don't sell stocks; buy them if anything; certainly, if any one else is foolish enough to sell them down." Sentiment, at the same time, gets his other ear whispering: "The strike threatens to impoverish the railroads concerned and to tie up tight the business of a quarter section of the United States. Better sell out what you have got and sell something for other folks who don't realize that they ought do it for themselves." Apparently, so far as yesterday's contest between reason and sentiment is concerned, sentiment had considerably the better of it.

***

Hopeful Factors Just now.

The two really hopeful factors, not only in the situation with respect to the firemen on the Western roads, but also as regards the demands of railroad men generally for higher wages, lie in the compromise recently reached between the Baltimore & Ohio and its men through the good offices of Government officials, this consummation suggesting a similar outcome elsewhere, and the Erdman act, an appeal for arbitration, under the terms of which by the railroads would leave their employes without any reasonable grounds to stand upon.

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Demand for New Bond Issues.

Bankers offering new issues of bonds continue to report excellent demand for them among investors, including institutions as well as individuals. One of the interesting facts about the recent bond market, and this condition still continues, is that the demand for new issues is for the most part better than the demand for equally good bonds of old outstanding issues. This seemingly anomalous condition is explained by bankers on the ground that investors—and this is particularly true of institutions—will buy bonds of a new issue, thus further diversifying their investments, when they would not buy an additional block of an issue already represented in their list of investments. Moreover, in the case of private individuals as well as of other investors, the hope is held that bonds taken at the original subscription price will show a quicker increase in market value than bonds of older issues purchased in the open market. This hope is not always realized, of course, but it has been realized often enough to have effect along with other factors in causing investors to favor new issues of bonds over old ones.

***

Exchange Anticipates a Mistake.

Mistakes frequently creep into the record of the sales of stocks reported on the official sheet of the New York Stock Exchange in the press of printing and distributing these sheets, which are put out in three installments daily. It is customary to insert corrections of these mistakes as soon as they are noticed. Some amusement was caused yesterday by what appeared to be unwonted forehandedness in the matter of keeping the stock list correct. On yesterday's sheet there was a note to the effect that a sale of United States Rubber on March 16 at 54½ should be 44½. As March 16 was still in the future yesterday, some people asked whether the Stock Exchange felt so free from all flaw that it was deciding in advance to make mistakes just for the sake of correcting them.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

Business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange increased very decidedly, although at the expense of prices, the sales totaling 121,830 shares, which was just about double the total of Monday. Fifty-eight different issues were represented on the list. Room traders took the short side from the opening, and there was much commission house liquidation coming from customers who had been rendered nervous by the labor situation.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
15,210	Amal. Copper, pf	79	79½	79⅝	77⅝
90	Am. Beet S., pf	89½	89½	88⅞	89
440	Am. C. & F'dy	64⅞	64⅞	64	64⅝
50	Am. Cot. Oil	68½	68½	67	67
50	Am. Ice	26½	26½	26¼	30⅜
80	Am. Loco.	51½	51½	51	51⅝
10,480	Am. Smelt.	83⅝	86⅜	83	85⅝
100	Am. Sugar	124	124	123¼	124
20	Am. T. & T.	140¾	140¾	140¾	140⅝
280	Anaconda Cop.	49¼	49½	48⅝	48⅝
1,800	A., T. & S. F.	116½	116½	116½	115¾
40	Balt. & Ohio	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝
420	Brook. R. T.	76½	76¾	75¾	76¼
50	Cent. Leather	42½	42⅝	42½	42⅝
1,310	Ches. & Ohio	86⅝	87	85⅞	86⅞
10	Chi. Gt. West.	30¼	30¼	30½	30⅜
860	C., M. & St. P.	146	146	144¾	144⅝
250	Col. F. & I.	40½	40½	40½	40½
220	Con. Gas	146½	146½	145¾	145⅝
50	Corn Products	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
90	Den. & R. G.	42	42	41	41
10	Dis. Secur.	33	33	33	33
480	Erie	31¼	31¼	30⅜	30⅜
170	Gt. Nor. pf.	137¼	137¼	135⅝	135⅝
300	Inter.-Met.	22	22	21¾	21½
130	Inter.-Met. pf.	56	56	55½	55½
30	Kan. City So.	35¾	35¾	35½	35⅝
50	Louis. & Nash.	152	152	152	152
340	M., K. & T.	43⅜	43⅜	42¼	42⅜
190	Mo. Pac.	70¼	70⅝	70	70¼
170	Nat. Lead	83¼	83¼	82½	82⅝
30	N. of M. 2d pf.	28	28	28	28
870	N. Y. Cent.	125¼	125¼	124⅝	124⅝
160	N. Y. O. & W.	45	45	44⅝	44⅝
40	Norfolk & W.	103	103	102½	102½
950	Nor. Pac.	136¼	136¼	134⅝	134⅝
1,820	Pennsylvania	136¾	136¾	135⅞	136⅛
100	Pitts. Coal	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
10	Pitts. Coal pf.	72½	72½	72½	72½
30	Ry. Steel Car	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
26,060	Reading	168½	168⅝	166⅜	167⅛
70	Rep. Steel	39¾	39¾	39	39
1,180	Rock Island	49¾	49¾	47⅞	48¼
5,810	Southern Pac.	129⅜	129⅝	127⅜	128¼
220	Southern Ry.	28½	28⅝	28	28⅛
10	Tenn. Cop.	32½	32½	32¼	32¼
70	Texas Pac.	30	30¼	29½	29⅞
10	Third Av.	69	69	69	69
17,170	Union Pac.	189¼	189¾	186⅜	187
160	U. S. Rubber	45½	45⅝	45	45
29,560	U. S. Steel	86½	86⅝	84⅜	85⅜
90	U. S. Steel pf.	121½	121½	121¼	121⅜
210	Utah Copper	49⅞	50¼	48⅝	49¾
480	Va.-Car. Chem.	57⅞	57⅞	56⅝	57
160	Wabash	21⅞	21⅞	21¾	21¾
910	Wabash pf.	40¾	40¾	40¼	40¼
280	Westingh. El.	73	73	69½	69½
121,830	BOND.				
$1,000	Am. Tob. 4s	82¼	82¼	82⅛	82¼
	MINING STOCKS.				
200	Belcher	.05	.06	.05	.05
2,500	Blue Bell	.05½	.05½	.05½	.05½
300	Comb. Frac.	82½	82⅝	82½	82½
300	Con. Va.	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
500	Comstock	.03	.03	.03	.03
400	Elkton	.02	.02	.02	.02
200	Gold. Con.	5.87½	5.87½	5.87½	5.87½
1,000	Isabella	.15	.15	.13	.13
1,500	Jim Butler	.12	.13	.12	.13
1,000	Jumbo Ext.	.07	.07	.07	.07
1,000	Kewanaa	.08	.08	.08	.08
800	Ophir	1.52½	1.52½	1.52½	1.52½
150	Tonopah Ext.	.70	.70	.70	.70
1,100	West End	.40	.44	.40	.42
16,550	WHEAT.				
225,000	May op.	.114	.115	.113	.113¾

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 15.—Trading on the local market was comparatively light and losses were not heavy. Lake Copper lost a couple of points, to 75. North Butte declined to 41 and Arizona Commercial to 82½. The close was steady at a slight rally from the extreme low point of the day.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	92	91⅝	91⅝
6,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
6,000	C. J. & Stk. Yd. 5s, 1915	101½	101⅜	101½
1,000	C. & West. Mich. 4s	101	101	101
2,000	D., G. R. & W. 4s	89	89	89
5,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100½	100½	100½
500	K. C., M. & Bir. 4s	93½	93½	93½
3,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99¼	99	99
2,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	104¼	104	104¼
5,000	N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	135	135	135
2,000	United Fruit 4½s	96¾	96¾	96⅝
8,000	Western T. & T. 5s	97	97	97
	RAILROADS.			
135	Atchison	115⅝	115½	115½
377	Boston Elevated	130½	130	130
134	Boston & Albany	229	228½	228½
5	Boston & Lowell	224	224	224
12	Boston & Maine	148½	147½	147½
5	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	115	115	115
10	Conn. River	265	265	265
110	Fitchburg pf.	131	131	131
50	Mass. Electric	18	18	18
25	Mass. Elec. pf.	84	84	84
665	N. Y., N. H. & H.	160¼	159⅝	160
375	N. Y., N. H. & H. rcts. 25% paid	150⅝	150¼	150⅝
41	Old Colony	195	195	195
115	Union Pacific	187½	186⅜	186⅜
85	West End	94½	94½	94⅝
10	West End pf.	105	105	105
	TELEPHONES.			
20,090	American	141⅝	140	140½
30	Mexican	4¾	4¾	4¾
180	Mexican pf.	7	7	7
7	New England	138	138	138
278	Western	16½	16	16½
4	Western pf.	88½	88½	88½
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
15	Am. Ag. Chem.	46	45¾	46
245	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	103½	103	103½
1	A., G. & W. I.	7½	7½	7½
355	Am. Pneu. Service	7½	6¾	7⅞
100	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	21½	21	21
360	Am. Sugar Ref.	124	123¾	124
10	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	122¾	122¾	122¼
101	Am. Woolen	39	38	38
172	Am. Woolen pf.	103¾	103½	103¾
100	Boston Land	6	6	6
30	East Boston Land	9¼	9¼	9¼
10	Eastern S. S.	78¾	78¾	78¾
77	Edison	252	251	251
35	Ga. Ry. & Elec.	107	107	107
20	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	86½	86½	86½
84	General Electric	155½	153¾	153⅞
50	Int. Buttonhole	5¼	5¼	5¼
251	Mass. Gas	81	81	81
209	Mass. Gas pf.	96¼	96	96
25	Merganthaler	217½	217½	217½
8	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	113¾	113¾	113¾
56	Pullman	195½	195	195
50	Reece Buttonhole	12½	12½	12½
600	Reece Folding Mach.	5½	5½	5½
100	Rotary Ring	11½	11½	11½
32	Swift & Co.	105¾	105¾	105¾
12	Torrington Class A	32	32	32
110	United Fruit	180	179½	180
110	United Shoe	70	70	70
444	United Shoe pf.	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
4,295	U. S. Steel	86¾	84⅞	85½
5	U. S. Steel pf.	121¾	121½	121½
	MINING.			
75	Adventure	8½	8¼	8¼
4,450	Amalgamated	79	76¼	77½
50	Allouez	53	51	51
150	Am. Zinc	30	29⅝	29⅝
50	Arcadian	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,020	Ariz. Com'l	83½	82½	83
150	Batopilas	3	3	3
165	Boston Cons.	19¼	19	19
290	Butte Coalition	25⅝	25¼	25¼
1,045	Butte & Balaklala	10¼	10	10
85	Cal. & Arizona	74	73	73
25	Cal. & Hecla	635	620	625
30	Centennial	22	21	21⅜
200	Con. Mercur	15o	15o	15o
120	Copper Range	77	76	76½
70	Daly West	9	9	9
510	East Butte	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
210	Elm River	2	1½	1½
2,250	Franklin	20½	19⅝	19⅝
420	Giroux	9½	9	9⅛
108	Granby	87	86½	87
100	Gresne-Cananea	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
227	Hancock	25½	23	23
930	Indiana	46½	38⅝	39
785	Isle Royale	21	20	21
50	Kerr Lake	8⅝	8½	8½
940	Keweenaw	5	4¼	4⅝
8,445	Lake	77½	75	76
590	La Salle	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝
265	Mass.	6¼	6	6¼
50	Mexico	3¼	3¼	3¼
230	Miami	23⅝	23½	23⅝
30	Michigan	7½	7½	7½
76	Mohawk	64	60½	60½
450	Nevada	23⅝	23½	23½
160	Nipissing	10¼	10¼	10¼
1,700	North Butte	42¼	41	41
760	North Lake	22½	21	21¼
110	Ojibway	10⅜	10	10
189	Old Dominion	44	42¼	42½
55	Osceola	153	153	153
140	Parrot	19	18	18
220	Ray Cons.	22½	22⅛	22¼
170	Santa Fe	2	2	2
564	Shannon	15	13⅝	14½
410	Superior	55	55	55
915	Superior & Boston	15	14½	14⅝
285	Superior & Pittsburg	14	13⅝	13⅞
100	South Utah	2½	2½	2½
35	Tamarack	70	70	70
60	Trinity	8⅝	8⅝	8½
965	U. S. Oil	38	37½	38
335	U. S. Smelting	46½	46¼	46½
897	U. S. Smelting pf.	52	51½	51½
110	Utah Apex	4	4	4
525	Utah Cons.	82⅝	82	82
72	Utah Copper	50⅛	49	49
45	Wolverine	145	145	145
60	Wyandotte	2⅝	2½	2⅝

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alpha Con.	.10	Lady Wash. Con.	.14
Andes	.13	Mexican	.37
Bullion	.22	Occidental Con.	.30
Caledonia	.54	Ophir	1.47
Challenge Con.	.30	Overman	1.17
Chollar	.23	Potosi	.54
Confidence	1.05	Savage	.57
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.23	Sag Belcher	.24
Con. Imperial	.06	Sierra Nevada	.68
Gould & Curry	.32	Union Con.	.76
Hale & Norcross	.43	Utah Con.	.07
Justice	.11		

Silver bars, 51⅝; Mexican dollars, 45@45⅛; drafts, sight, 4@5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 6@7½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.06
Belmont	2.30	Diamondfield	.01
Jim Butler	.12	Goldfield Con. M.	8.27
McNamara	.27	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.31	Jumbo Extension	.57
Montana	.87	Kendall	.02
North Star	.02	Lone Star	.03
Tonopah Extension	.76	Red Hills	.04
West End	.40	Sandstorm	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.09
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.15	Bullfrog Nat. Bank	.01
Blue Bell	.02	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
Combination Fract.	.54	Tramps Cons.	.04
Crackerjack	.02		

$350,000
Boston & Worcester Street Railway Co
First Mortgage 4½s
Dated August 1, 1903 Due August 1, 1923
Interest payable February 1 and August 1. Coupon bonds registerable as to principal. Denomination $1,000.
Authorized by Massachusetts Board of Railroad Commissioners
The Boston and Worcester Street Railway owns and operates a high speed interurban electric road from Park Square, Boston, to City Hall Square, Worcester, a distance of 40.46 miles, passing through Brookline, Newton, Wellesley, Framingham, Southboro, Northboro, Westboro, Shrewsbury, and other cities.
Under the Massachusetts law the franchises are unlimited in time; the property is substantially constructed, and net earnings are more than twice the interest charges.
The total permanent investment in the property, as reported to the Massachusetts Board of Railroad Commissioners, represents a cash cost of more than twice the bonded debt.
Price 98 and interest yielding 4.70%
Subject to Sale
N. W. Harris & Company
BANKERS Pine Street Corner William NEW YORK

TAX EXEMPT IN MASSACHUSETTS
1000 Shares
Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.
Guaranteed 8% Annual Dividends by the
Boston & Maine R. R. Co.
Dividends payable Jan. and July 1st. Par $100
Price 224 and Interest Return 3.58%
Descriptive Circular sent upon request
Telephone 1940 Rector Joseph Walker & Sons 20 Broad St, New York
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange Private Wire to Philadelphia

WE OFFER
FIRST MORTGAGE RAILROAD BONDS
at a price
TO YIELD 5.33%
Issued at the rate of
LESS THAN $12,000 PER MILE
Net Earnings
MORE THAN TWICE THE FIXED CHARGES
Full particulars upon request.
WARNER & COMPANY
Members New York Stock Exchange
18 Wall Street, New York. Telephones, Rector 1890-1-2-3-4

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL NICKEL CO.

A dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent, on the preferred stock for the quarter year ending March 31st, 1910, will be paid May 24, 1910, to the holders of record at the close of business April 15th, 1910, and a dividend of One Per Cent and an extra One-Half of One Per Cent. on the common stock will be paid June 1st, 1910 to the holders of record at the close of business May 14th, 1910. The preferred stock transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. April 15th 1910 and remain closed until 10 A. M. May 24, 1910, and the common stock transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. May 13th, 1910, and remain closed until 10 A. M. June 2d, 1910.
JAMES L. ASHLEY, Treasurer.
New York, March 15th, 1910.

OFFICE HOMESTAKE MINING CO.
15 Broad St.,
Mills Building,
New York, March 15th, 1910.
DIVIDEND NO. 454.
Dividend No. 454 of Fifty (50) Cents per share has been declared payable at the Transfer Agency in New York on the 25th inst.
Transfer books close on the 16th inst.
LOUNSBERY & CO., Transfer Agents.

TEVIT WELLER COMPANY,
328-338 Broadway, New York.
DIVIDEND No. 35.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent, upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business Wednesday, March 23d, 1910. Transfer books will be closed from that date until the morning of Monday, April 4th, 1910.
GEORGE H. CLARKE, Secretary.
March 15th, 1910.

THE TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA
DIVIDEND NO. 31.
37-43 Wall St., New York, March 15, 1910.
The Board of Directors of The Trust Company of America has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF (2½) Per Cent. upon the capital stock of the Company, payable April 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 19, 1910.
FRANK L. HILTON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
NEW YORK DOCK COMPANY,
New York, March 16th, 1910.
The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 16th, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 1, 1910.
GEORGE E. SPENCER, Treasurer.

If you are seeking a desirable Residence or Business House, see Page 17.

Free of Taxes in the State of New York
$10,000,000
New York Telephone Company
First and General Mortgage Gold Sinking Fund 4½ Per Cent. Bonds
Dated October 1, 1909. Due November 1, 1939.
Interest payable May 1 and November 1.

£3,000,000 of these Bonds are being offered simultaneously in London and Amsterdam, by Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd., and Messrs. Hope & Co. These Bonds are part of an authorized issue of $75,000,000 of which £2,500,000 and $12,500,000 are now outstanding.

The surplus earnings of the Company, including those of the constituent companies which were consolidated with the New York Telephone Company in September, 1909, have been for the past six years as follows:

1904	$8,235,000
1905	8,610,000
1906	8,568,000
1907	9,851,000
1908	10,245,000
1909	10,572,000

Interest charges, including interest on the present issue of £3,000,000 and $10,000,000 Bonds, will be $2,401,600 per annum.

The undersigned offer the above bonds for public subscription at 97½%.

The bonds will begin to bear interest from May 1, 1910, and the first coupon attached to the bond will be due November 1, 1910.

Interest at the rate of 4½% per annum will be adjusted from date of final payment to May 1, 1910, from which date interest will accrue on bonds.

Subscription books will be opened at the offices of the undersigned at ten o'clock on Wednesday, March 16, 1910, and closed at or before three o'clock on the same day, the right being reserved to reject any application and to allot smaller amounts than applied for, and to close the subscription books without notice.

All subscriptions should be accompanied by a deposit of $50 for each bond subscribed for. The balance of the amount due on bonds allotted upon subscription will be payable on or before May 2, 1910, at the offices of the undersigned, on which date the engraved bonds will be ready for delivery.

Circulars containing further particulars and copy of letter from Theodore N. Vail, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, may be obtained at either of our offices.

Kidder, Peabody & Co.,
115 Devonshire Street, Boston, Mass.
56 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company
$12,500,000
CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON RAILWAY COMPANY
First and Refunding Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds,
DUE JULY 1, 1959.
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED BY ENDORSEMENT BY
THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.

Bonds in denomination of $1,000 U. S. Gold of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness. Coupon Bonds with privilege of registration as to principal and exchangeable for Bonds registered as to both principal and interest. Fully registered Bonds reëxchangeable for Coupon Bonds. Both principal and interest payable in New York without deduction for any tax or taxes which the Railway Company may be required to pay or to retain therefrom, under any present or future law of the United States, or of any State or County or Municipality therein. Principal and interest also payable in London at the fixed rate of exchange of $4.87 to the Pound Sterling.

For information as to this issue of Bonds, reference is made to a letter from Daniel Willard, Esq., President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, and to the Mortgage, copies of which may be obtained at the offices of either of the undersigned.

From said letter we quote as follows:

"$12,500,000 of these Bonds are unconditionally guaranteed as to both principal and interest by The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, by endorsement on every bond.

"The surplus income of The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, * * after payment of all charges, was for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1909, over $13,000,000.

"The First and Refunding Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds are secured by a Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated July 1, 1909, to the Bankers Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, covering all the lines of railway of the Company, all its leasehold rights, all stocks of subsidiary Companies owning operated lines as specified in the mortgage, and all property acquired by the use of said First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds or the proceeds thereof."

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE ABOVE BONDS AT 91½% AND ACCRUED INTEREST TO DELIVERY, AT WHICH PRICE THEY RETURN 4.42% ON THE INVESTMENT.

The subscription will be closed at three o'clock P. M., on Tuesday, March 22, 1910, or earlier, the right being reserved to reject any applications and to award a smaller amount than applied for. The undersigned reserve the right to close the subscription at any time without notice.

A first payment of $50 in New York funds per $1,000 Bond subscribed for must accompany all subscriptions. The balance of the amount due on bonds allotted upon subscriptions will be payable in New York funds on March 29, 1910, at the office of either of the undersigned, when the bonds will be delivered upon surrender of the allotment letter duly endorsed.

If no allotment be made, the first payment will be repaid in full, and if only a portion of the amount applied for be allotted, the balance of the first payment will be applied towards the amount due on March 29, 1910. No interest will be allowed on such first payment. Failure to pay the balance of the subscription price, when due, will render the previous payment liable to forfeiture.

These bonds are being offered simultaneously in London by Messrs. Speyer Brothers and The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Limited, and in Amsterdam by Messrs. Teixeira de Mattos Bros. and Messrs. Hope & Co.

Application will be made to list the Bonds on the New York, London and Amsterdam Stock Exchanges.

SPEYER & CO.
24-26 Pine Street
KUHN, LOEB & CO.
William & Pine Streets

New York, March 16, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY,
165 Broadway, New York, March 10, 1910.
DIVIDEND NO. 7.
The Finance Committee of the Utah Copper Company has this day declared the Seventh Quarterly Dividend of Seventy-five Cents (75c.) per share, being at the rate of seven and one-half per cent. (7½%) per quarter on the par value, payable March 31, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 18, 1910. The books for the transfer of the stock of the company will close at 3 o'clock P. M., March 18, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. March 29, 1910.
CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Asst. Secretary.

OFFICE OF
J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, INC.,
43 Exchange Place, New York.
ENGINEERS—MANAGERS.
THE MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD AND LIGHTING CORPORATION.
The Board of Directors of The Manila Electric Railroad and Lighting Corporation have declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) on the Common Stock of the Corporation, payable Friday, April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, March 21st, 1910.
FREDERIC H. REED, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Sts.,
Philadelphia, March 9, 1910.
The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT., ($1.00 per share,) payable April 15, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 31, 1910. Checks will be mailed.
LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

CUMBERLAND ELY COPPER COMPANY,
165 Broadway,
New York City, February 25, 1910.
At meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held to-day, a dividend of 10c. per share was declared, payable March 30, 1910, to stockholders of record March 18, 1910. The books of the Company for transfer of stock will be closed March 18, 1910, at three P. M., and reopen March 23, 1910, at 10 A. M.
W. E. BENNETT, Secretary.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
46th COMMON DIVIDEND
THE Board of Directors have declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent on the Common Capital St

SOUTHERN PACIFIC ISSUE.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. to Take Bonds Put Out in Replacement.

The Southern Pacific has arranged to sell to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. a further issue of Southern Pacific refunding 4s, which will become available during the current year as other bond issues mature. The amount which the bankers will take has not yet been definitely fixed, but there will be a total of about $10,000,000 of the bonds available for sale by the Southern Pacific.

The further issue of these bonds will represent a mere refunding arrangement, being put out to take the place of other bonds which will fall due during this year and which will be paid off. The sale, therefore, will not add to the funded debt of the company.

$5,000,000 Highway Bonds Soon.

ALBANY, March 15.—State Controller Clark Williams announced to-day that he expects to arrange for a sale of $5,000,000 4 per cent. highway improvement bonds about the middle of April. Mr. Williams said that probably no further highway bonds would be offered this year, as it is expected the proceeds of this sale will amply provide for all work under contract.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,654—HYDRAULIC AND ELECTRICAL MINING MACHINERY.—A report has been received from an American Consul in a Latin-American country to the effect that a local business man has asked for a concession to take water from a local river to be used in developing his mines. This will call for the introduction of hydraulic and electrical mining machinery intended to be used in taking water at the rate of 12,000 liters (2,641.7 gallons) per second and converting it into electrical energy of 2,000 horse power to be used in driving mining machinery.

4,655—CONCESSION FOR WORKING NICKEL AND OTHER MINERAL SUBSTANCES.—An American Consular officer on an island in the Indian Ocean reports that a concession of 150 hectares has been granted to a business man residing in his district for the working of nickel and other mineral substances.

4,656—MANIFOLD PAPER AND RIBBONS.—An American business man writes that he would like to secure the names of manufacturers of manifold paper, such as is used in making carbon transfer paper. He also desires the names of manufacturers of white or gray ribbons to be used in producing typewriter ribbons.

4,657—COPPER CONCESSION.—A report has been received from an American Consular officer in the Far East stating that a local business man has secured a concession for the working of copper and other mineral deposits in his district.

4,658—MACHINERY FOR BREWING AND ICEMAKING PLANT.—An American Consul in Mexico has forwarded the name of a business man in his district who is in the market for brewery machinery and machinery for an icemaking plant. He desires to purchase complete equipment for both, such as bottling and washing apparatus, &c. It is reported that the party in question expects to spend at least $100,000. United States currency in establishing these plants. Correspondence should be taken up with this individual as soon as possible.

4,659—MACHINERY FOR COPPER FOUNDRY AND COPPER WIRE.—An American export broker and commission merchant writes that one of his customers in South America desires catalogues of American-made machinery for use in foundries producing malleable copper pots, tools, &c. The same party is also interested in copper wire from 1 to 10 millimeters.

4,660—INTERIOR SCHOOL FURNISHINGS.—An American Consul in a Latin-American country reports that construction work will be completed this month on a modern school building in his district. It is intended to make this school the finest building of its kind in the State, and the estimated cost is about $38,000 United States currency.

4,661—OFFICE FURNITURE AND SUPPLIES.—A report from an American Consular officer in the Levant states that American roll top desks have appeared in those markets during the last two or three years and are growing popular, but modern office furniture and supplies are hardly known in that region. A professor in a local educational institution advises him that it is planned to install in the school one or more model offices, and he would like very much to enter into correspondence with American exporting houses which handle this line of goods, with regard to terms that they can give on any form of office fittings and furnishings, such as railings, grading, desks, files, copying presses, registers, blank books, &c. The advertising value in the installation of such equipment in the school would possess for manufacturers offers an opening to a field which to any other form of advertising would be practically inaccessible.

4,662—FURNITURE, FIXTURES, AND BOWLING ALLEYS FOR CLUBHOUSE.—An American Consul in Mexico reports that a local club is having plans drawn for a new clubhouse to cost $50,000 United States currency. This amount of money has already been voted by the members and new furniture, fixtures, and bowling alleys will be purchased for the new building.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 15.—The market was narrow and prices showed little change. Seaboard 4s stamped were slightly easier and Seaboard Company common lost a fraction. International Trust made a further fractional gain, reaching a new high record for several years. Shares, $10; bonds, $140,000.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000	Cotton Duck 5s	70¾	70¾	70¾
5,000	Con. Gas 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Charles. Con. Elec. 6s	92¼	92¼	92¼
13,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	105¾	105¾	105¾
1,000	G. B. S. Brew. 4s	44	44	44
7,000	Macon, Dub. & S. 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
5,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
1,000	Mil. El. Ry. L. 5s	105½	105½	105½
2,000	Nor. Ry. & L. 5s	99	99	99
58,000	Seaboard 4s stamped	85¾	85	85
6,000	Seaboard Adj. 5s	72	72	72
2,000	United Rys. 4s	86¼	86	86
25,000	United Rys. inc	60¾	60¾	60¾
6,000	Va. Century	89	89	89

STOCKS.

180	A. C. L. of Conn.	255	255	255
20	International Trust	153½	153½	153½
10	Mercantile Trust	142	142	142
100	Seaboard Co. com.	24¼	24¼	24¼

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, March 15.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Alex Scott	4¼	4¼	4¼
495	Crucible Steel	15¼	15	15
405	Crucible Steel pf.	90	89	89
10	Fireproof	8½	8½	8½
110	Fireproof pf.	27¾	27¾	27¾
10	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf.	9¼	9¼	9¼
800	Int. Coal & Mining	5	5	5
575	Mfrs. L. & H.	20¾	20¼	20¼
48	Ohio Fuel	56¾	56	56¾
50	Pitts. Brewing	23	23	23
600	Pitts. Coal pf.	73½	73¼	73¼
35	Pitts. Plate Glass	118½	118½	118½
10	Sewer Pipe	16¼	16¼	16¼
100	Tonopah Extension	1	1	1
70	U. S. Steel	85½	85	85½
10	West. Air Brake	147½	147½	147½
80	West. Elec. 2ds	36	35¾	35¾

BANKS.

5	German Nat. Bank	200	200	200

UNLISTED.

5,500	Mt. Elliott	36c.	35c.	36c.
10	Ohio Fuel Oil	7¾	7¾	7¾
100	Pure Oil	5¾	5¼	5¾

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	March 14. Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$615,797	$14,774,825 $235,887,575
Int. Rev.	405,277	10,262,521 187,007,256
Miscel.	326,341	2,057,011 31,679,607
Total	1,347,416	27,094,358 454,574,439
Expenditures	1,771,908	27,092,610 479,177,442
Surplus	424,491	1,748 *24,606,002
*Deficit.		

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., March 15.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7¾	8	McKinney	46¾	48
Elkton	68	68¼	Jackpot	6¾	7½
El Paso	66¼	67	Old Gold	3¾	4
Findlay	9¾	10¾	Portland	106¾	110
Gold Dollar	10	11	Vindicator	79¾	80
Isabella	17¼	18	J. Sample	9½	9¼

High-Class Employers Want Help.

Read the Help Wanted advertisements on the Want Page of The New York Times. You may find a position vacant that you can fill. A few minutes daily devoted to reading this column may be the means of helping you secure a better position.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Importers of Ferros Win Large Refunds as Litigation Terminates.

Large refunds to importers are involved in a decision promulgated yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers when the protest of Gray Brothers and others dealing with the classification of various ferros was sustained. The board's decision marks the end a long-drawn-out litigation between importers and the Government affecting the assessment of duties on the ferros under the tariff law of 1897.

The Supreme Court having denied a writ of certiorari, the finding of the Circuit Court and the Circuit Court of Appeals in favor of the importers is sustained. The decision of the board following the judgment of the higher courts is preliminary to the the disbursement of the excess duties collected from importers through a period of many years. It has been the practice of the Treasury Department to classify the ferros as "unwrought metals not specially provided for," with a tax of 20 per cent.

The importers, whose contention is now upheld finally, alleged that the commodities are properly dutiable at $4 per ton as ferromanganese by similitude. The ferros concerned in the decision include ferro-tungsten, ferrochrome, and ferrovanadium, used in the manufacture of special steels or alloy steels. In the manufacture of such steels from iron the ferros in question are added in extremely small proportion to the molten metal, to impart to the finished steel certain toughness, hardness, greater tensile strength, &c.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

All Grains React Upon More Favorable Weather Reports—Provisions Much Weaker—Cotton Active.

Wheat was influenced by apprehension of rain. The opening was lower, and prices ran off quickly, with a good deal of selling on reports of cloudy conditions in some sections of the Southwest and rumors of rains and predictions of showers possibly within the next twenty-four hours in some sections. There was apparently so much of a long interest bought on the crop damage conditions that there was wheat for sale all day and, although the market showed a fair rally toward the close, new crop deliveries were weak. The decline was most pronounced in the new crop deliveries, and the feeling was rather pronounced that the situation would be materially changed by a good rain through the Winter wheat belt, particularly in the Southwest. The statistics were rather bearish. The world's visible supply increased 4,531,000 bushels, following a gain of 3,342,000 bushels the previous week. The increase was nearly all abroad. The present world's visible is 3,500,000 bushels in excess of a year ago. The Western receipts, while slightly less than last week, are nearly double those of a year ago, and the demand for cash wheat is extremely slow. The Chicago stocks, however, showed a slight decrease for the week. The total contract stock is now 2,063,000 bushels at that point, against 4,073,000 last year. There is a fair increase in Minneapolis stocks so far this week, and the Northwestern movement is very liberal. Cash wheat quoted: No. 2 red, Winter, $1.27½, elevator, domestic; No. 2 red, spot, nominal, $1.29½, frec on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.27¼; No. 2 hard, Winter, $1.27¼; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.18⅝.

Corn was also lower. The decline was in part due to the weakness in wheat. There was also some realizing, and the break in provisions in the afternoon induced quite a little selling of long corn. Receipts continue excellent, while the shipments from the interior are not heavy, reflecting some disappointment in the demand for distribution. The Chicago total stock increase for the week, 603,000 bushels, is more than double that of last year, while the contract stock is 3,434,000 bushels, against 734,000 bushels a year ago. Bradstreet's visible showed, however, a small decrease (260,000 bushels) for the week, against an increase of 1,858,000 bushels the previous week. Cash prices quoted: No. 2, nominal; sales, steamer, 66¼c; No. 4, 64c; No. 3 yellow, 67½c; steamer, yellow, 66½c, all elevator, export basis.

There was an easier market in oats, with quiet trade. Prices sold off with other grain and on rather disappointing demand. There was an increase in the visible of 733,000 bushels, while the Western receipts have been recently increased, and cash oats are quiet. Cash oats quoted: Standards, 32½c; Natural white, 30@32½c, and white, clipped, 51½@34c.

Provisions were active and during the afternoon very weak. The opening was firm, and for a few moments new high levels were reached during the early morning, but there was no energy to the demand, and later when an effort was made to sell a fair-sized line of product the market become very weak and unsettled. There was a heavy selling, attributed to packing interests, and the decline was accompanied by reports that some good sized short lines had been privately settled.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
May	$1.24½	$1.23½	$1.23¼	$1.24⅛
July	1.16	1.15⅝	1.15⅝	1.16⅛
September	1.12⅝	1.11½	1.11⅝	1.12⅜
Corn—				
May	..	..	74¾	74¾
July	..	..	75¼	75½
September	..	..	75⅝	..
Oats—				
May	..	..	51¼	51¾
Lard—				
May	14.30	14.30	14.20	14.46
July	14.10	14.06	14.14	14.30

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—July wheat, $1.15½@$1.15¾; puts, $1.14¾; calls, $1.16¼.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
May	$1.14¼	$1.13	$1.13⅝	$1.14⅛
July	1.08	1.06⅝	1.06¾	1.08
September	1.03¼	1.03¼	1.03⅞	1.05⅛

2:30-2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.14; downs, $1.13¾@$1.12⅝.

Corn—				
March	..	..	62⅝	63¼
May	63¼	63⅝	64¾	65¼
July	67	66¼	66¼	66⅞
September	67⅝	66½	66½	67⅛

May ups, 64¾c; downs, 64c.

Oats—				
May	46	45¾	45¾	45⅞
July	43⅝	43¼	43¼	43⅝
September	40¾	40¼	40¼	40⅜
Lard—				
March	..	..	14.05	14.23
May	14.25	13.90	13.82½	14.22½
July	14.10	13.52½	13.67½	14.07½
September	14.07½	13.50	13.65	14.07½
Ribs—				
May	13.65	13.20	13.35	13.62½
July	13.50	13.05	13.20	13.50
September	13.47½	13.05	13.17½	13.45
Pork—				
May	26.25	25.37½	25.72½	26.15
July	26.07½	25.37½	25.70	26.05
September	25.80	25.25	25.40	25.75

COTTON.

The cotton market was active and weak during the morning, showing a good recovery in the afternoon and very quiet trading. There was very heavy selling during the morning, which carried the prices down sharply. The selling was in large lots, and the bears were offering lots of 5,000 to 10,000 bales freely. The bull leaders on the floor took between 40,000 and 50,000 bales, mainly of May, and then appeared to withdraw support, resulting in a quick decline of about 10 to 15 points. The selling late decreased as the market weakened instead of increasing, and during the afternoon prices were slowly bid back, but without a great deal of resistance. The selling was accompanied by reports that the spot interest had suceeded in getting hold of a good-sized line of spot cotton and was selling against it here. There was some buying during the afternoon on the good clearances for the day, about 19,000 bales, while New Orleans was reported a good buyer, and late cables reported a better business in Manchester. There was also some buying on the weather position in Texas, and the complaints are getting quite serious from that section. The bull interest is expressing a great deal of confidence in the situation and predicting a much higher market later on. There is, however, a growing confidence among the opponents of prevailing prices who are calling attention to the amount of curtailment, the slow demand for goods and yarns, particularly yarns, and the satisfactory weather and early crop situation everywehre excepting in Texas. Texas has about one-fourth of the acreage, this is a very big exception. Spot cotton was compartively steady. Southern markets were ⅛ higher to ⅛ lower.

New York spot cotton steady, 5 decline. Middling uplands 15.15c; middling Gulf 15.40c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Monday's Close.
March	15.09	14.98	14.98@14.99	15.01
April	15.00	14.94	14.95@14.97	14.93
May	15.03	14.82	14.94@ ..	14.98
June	..	..	14.70@14.72	14.75
July	14.80	14.58	14.69@14.70	14.74
August	14.30	14.12	14.19@14.20	14.20
September	13.40	13.20	13.35@13.31	13.30
October	12.97	12.77	12.86@12.87	12.86
November	12.76	12.72	12.68@12.68	12.64
December	12.72	12.56	12.64@12.65	12.62
January	12.65	12.54	12.60@12.62	12.58

The market closed steady at 5 decline to 2 advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was very inactive, closing dull, unchanged to 5 points net advance. Total sales amounted to 10,000 bags, of which 4,500 bags were switches. The European markets were steadier in the afternoon, Havre closing at an advance of ¼c., while Hamburg was ¼ pfennig higher, and in Brazil, Rio was 50 reis higher, and Santos unchanged.

Spot coffee dull but steady at 8 11-16@8¾c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
March	..	..	6.85@6.90	6.85
April	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.90
May	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.95
June	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.00
July	7.15	7.10	7.10@7.20	7.10
August	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.10
September	7.15	7.15	7.15@7.20	7.10
October	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.10
November	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.10
December	7.15	7.15	7.15@7.20	7.15
January	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
February	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, March 15.—Money was in good demand and the supply was ample to-day. Discount rates were firm.

Trading on the Stock Exchange developed some irregularity pending the conclusion of the settlement, while the talk of an advnace in the Bank rate checked investment buying as well as speculation. A fair business, however, was done in home rails and rubber shares at hardening prices, and Colombian bonds were firm. In other sections the tendency was downward.

American securities opened about unchanged, and were quiet and featureless until the afternoon, when Wall Street sold Union Pacific and United States Steel down 2 points, and the rest of the list declined in sympathy. The market closed weak at about the lowest.

Bar silver steady at 23 11-16d per ounce.

Money, 1¼@1¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 8@8⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills, 8¼ per cent.

PARIS, March 15.—After early heaviness prices closed steady on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 7½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 21½c for checks.

BERLIN, March 15.—Trading was quiet on the Boerse to-day, but unfavorable New York advices depressed prices.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	81⅛	..	..	—1-16
Consols account	81⅛	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	10	48⅝	49¾	— ¾
Atchison	118⅝	115¼	116⅝	— 1¼
Can. Pacific	183¾	178½	179¼	— ¾
St. Paul	150	146	146¾	— ¾
Erie	31½	31	31½	— ½
Erie 1st pf.	52	50⅝	50¾	— ⅛
Illinois Central	146½	142¾	..	— ..
Louis. & Nash.	157	153	153¾	— ¼
N. Y. Central	128½	125¼	125¾	— ¼
Pennsylvania	70¼	136¾	137½	— ¾
Reading	86	167¼	168¾	— 1½
So. Pacific	131¾	128⅝	130	— 1½
Union Pacific	192¾	187⅛	188½	— 2⅜
U. S. Steel	89⅝	87⅞	88⅝	— 1
U. S. Steel pf.	125	121⅞	122	— ⅝

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 7 3	Esperanza	2 17 6
Tomboy	0 11 0	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 8 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 5 3

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—	1910.	1909.	Increase.
1st week March.	$43,148	$38,772	$4,376
July 1-March 7.	2,766,224	2,442,490	323,733
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—			
1st week March.	46,156	42,923	3,213
July 1-March 7.	1,629,027	1,352,769	276,258

CHICAGO & ALTON report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	908	908	.....
Total op. rev.	957,908	978,802	0,103
Total op. exp.	788,674	660,395	128,278
Net op. rev.	199,232	318,407	*119,175
Out. op. (debit).	2,064	1,310	753
Total net rev.	197,168	317,096	*119,928
Taxes	32,000	30,000	2,000
Op. income	165,168	3,011,300	*121,928
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	8,187,869	7,678,017	506,842
Total op. exp.	5,131,602	4,449,982	681,709
Net op. rev.	3,056,267	3,228,034	*171,886
Out. op. (debit).	10,022	6,736	3,286
Total net rev.	3,046,147	3,221,300	*175,153
Taxes	224,000	210,000	14,000
Op. income	2,822,147	3,011,300	*189,153

*Decrease.

GREEN BAY & WESTERN for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	588,018	602,106	666,887
Exp. and taxes.	416,008	420,089	442,260
Net	172,010	182,037	224,577
Net and dep. fd.	..	..	20,000
Net income	172,910	182,037	204,577
Div. on deb.	47,500	56,250	65,000
Balance	125,410	125,787	139,577
Div., 5%	125,000	125,000	125,000
Surplus	410	787	14,577
Prev. surplus	86,480	85,693	71,116
Adj. acct.	20,184	..	..
Total surplus	107,074	86,480	85,693

OREGON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION COMPANY report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,475	1,326	148
Total op. rev.	963,103	720,071	243,032
Total op. exp.	739,828	452,652	287,176
Net op. rev.	243,275	267,418	*24,143
Out. op. (debit).	5,981	10,365	*4,413
Total net rev.	237,823	256,953	*19,730
Taxes	47,190	71,304	396,139
Op. income	195,133	185,749	9,384
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	8,966,032	7,845,146	1,120,886
Total op. exp.	4,855,636	3,731,536	1,154,100
Net op. rev.	4,090,396	4,113,609	*23,213
Out. op. (net).	26,380	*15,435	26,118
Total net rev.	4,085,074	4,098,178	13,009
Taxes	29,114	333,084	63,069
Op. income	3,688,939	3,765,100	*76,169

*Decrease. †Debit.

SPOKANE, PORTLAND & SEATTLE report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	419	272	147
Total op. rev.	208,278	63,388	144,890
Total op. exp.	215,477	74,261	141,115
Op. deficit.	7,068	10,873	3,774
Out. op. (net).	10,467	10,767	10,767
Total net rev.	3,323	11,192	14,515
Taxes	19,200	548	18,651
Op. deficit.	15,876	11,740	4,136
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	1,902,926	370,932	1,531,994
Total op. exp.	1,247,444	284,333	963,110
Net op. rev.	655,482	86,598	568,783
Out. op. (net).	1,238	*1,000	2,290
Total net rev.	656,720	85,598	571,082
Taxes	193,730	3,830	189,870
Op. income	463,010	81,780	381,211

†Debit.

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE for February—

Gross	480,890	382,207	98,188
Expenses	361,032	303,691	57,341
Net	119,858	78,516	40,842
Gross, 8 mos.	4,638,016	3,766,195	866,821
Expenses	3,227,919	2,807,535	420,384
Net, 8 mos.	1,405,097	958,659	446,438

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION COMPANY for February—

Gross	311,549	283,922	27,627
Expenses	9,285	8,568	716
Net	302,264	275,354	26,910
Gross, 2 mos.	690,824	607,688	83,135
Expenses	17,786	17,402	383
Net, 2 mos.	673,038	590,286	82,752

KINGS COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY for February—

Gross	339,418	297,499	41,914
Expenses	159,700	141,772	17,928
Net	179,713	155,726	23,986
Charges	93,038	83,615	9,440
Surplus	86,687	72,112	14,548
Gross, 2 mos.	732,661	649,295	84,425
Expenses	328,005	290,282	37,722
Net, 2 mos.	404,626	357,922	46,703
Charges	199,327	180,081	19,296
Surp., 2 mos.	205,299	177,891	27,408

BUSINESS TROUBLES

JAMES KALMAN.—Judge Hough has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to James Kalman, agent of 1 East 106th Street, who filed a petition in bankruptcy on Oct. 13 last.

SAMUEL SCHOLL.—Judge Hough has granted a motion to deny a discharge from bankruptcy to Samuel Scholl, formerly a clothing dealer at 140 Orchard Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on April 26, 1907. Liabilities were $7,747.

GEORGE STORM.—George Storm, restaurateur and caterer, 104 East Fifty-ninth Street, the Arion Club, made an assignment yesterday for the benefit of creditors to George C. Engel. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him on Monday.

ABRAHAM WISSER.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Feb. 17 against Abraham Wisser, manufacturer of paper boxes at 178 Prince Street. It is said he made a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $5,600.

HOROWITZ BROTHERS.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition of Horowitz Brothers, wholesale notion dealers, 106 Canal Street, for a discharge from bankruptcy. Creditors filed a petition in bankruptcy against them on Jan. 21, 1908. Liabilities were $42,909.

CHARLES KARPAS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Charles Karpas, manufacturer of dress trimmings at 827 Canal Street, show liabilities of $12,174, and assets of $1,937, consisting of stock and fixtures sold by the receiver for $1,149; accounts, $786, and cash, $2.

LEO ROSENGARTEN.—At a meeting of creditors of Leo Rosengarten, dealer in cloaks and suits at 47 West Twenty-third Street, held yesterday before William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, at 67 Wall Street, Harry Osterman was elected trustee, with a bond of $10,000. The liabilities are $41,725.

FLORENCE M. ULRICH.—Florence M. Ulrich of Newburg has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,813 and no assets. Of the liabilities $2,400 is a judgment obtained against her by the National Bank of Newburg on two notes she made for the accommodation of George R. Brewster.

CHARLES McDOUGAL PALLEN.—Charles McDougal Pallen, clerk at 39 West Thirty-eighth Street, who resides in New Rochelle, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,436 and no assets. He has only two creditors, both of Harrison, N. Y.—Hobart Hunt, $1,100, and Harry E. York, $1,336.

LOUIS ETKIN.—Louis Etkin, cloak manufacturer, 18 West Twenty-first Street, has made a settlement with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar, payable 15 cents each and 15 cents in a note at four months, and Judge Hough has confirmed the composition. Claims of creditors which were allowed were $11,511. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him on Nov. 18.

THE WEBER COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Weber Company, cloak manufacturer at 682 Broadway, show liabilities of $25,678, assets not given. There are 144 creditors, among whom are the American Woolen Company, $2,224; Dexter, Richardson & Son Company, $2,182; John B. Ellison & Son, Philadelphia, $2,279; H. B. Claflin Company, $1,531; Armstead & Co., $1,085, and O. G. Fisher $1,004.

JOSEPH VOLENCE.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Joseph Volence, grocer, who had three stores at 2,105 Eighth Avenue, 1,772 Amsterdam Avenue, and 154 Hamilton Place, show liabilities of $16,623, and assets of $5,585, consisting of stock sold by the receiver for $3,975; fixtures, sold for $1,355; accounts of $167, and cash, $88. Among the creditors are Vincent Volence, Jr., $5,050; Lewis De Graff & Son, $1,557; Austin Nichols & Co., $1,286, and S. M. Barber, $1,155.

HOROWITZ & LEVINE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Hyman Horowitz and Morris Levine, of the firm of Horowitz & Levine, manufacturers of cloaks and suits at 819 Canal Street, by these creditors: Louis Skurnick, $568; National Silk Company, $85, and David Gurtovnick, $150. It is alleged that they are insolvent, made preferential payments of $1,500, and transferred merchandise and accounts of $1,000. In December last they said they had a capital of $18,000. Judge Hough appointed William Henkel, Jr., receiver on a bond of $1,000. Liabilities are $7,000 and assets are estimated at $1,000.

SCANDINAVIAN FUR AND LEATHER COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Scandinavian Fur and Leather Company, 14 and 16 West Thirty-third Sareet, show liabilities of $40,703, and nominal assets of $38,800, consisting of stock, $30,704; fixtures, $5,577, and accounts, $4,519, of which $3,748 have been assigned. Of the stock $25,963 has been assigned as security for loans; $4,000 was removed by a City Marshal, and $800 was held by a firm under a lien for work done. Among the creditors are the New Netherland Bank, $12,601, secured; Henry H. Schumacher, $12,500; Ernest Ascher, $2,500; Edgar Lehman, $1,488, and Revillon Freres, $955.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ardino, Frank—Lion Brewery of N. Y. City, $1,184.

Adams, Clyde W.—J. S. MacFarland, $243.

Blum, Israel—Tenement House Dept., $260.

Bandes, Robert—H. Bernstein, $125.

Bernstein, Annie—Appomattox Trunk and Bag Co., $153.

Berger, Harry A.—E. H. Fickinger et al., $148.

Bernstein, Edward, et al.—P. Reddy, $821.

Bingham, Amelia W.—C. Gildas, $121.

Baron, Jennie—E. B. Latham & Co., $141.

Clark, Ernest V., et al., (not summoned)—President and Directors of the Manhattan Co. et al., $194.

Coniglio, Nicolo—A. H. Joline et al., costs, $108.

Cohen, William—J. M. L'Ecluse, $458.

Cronin, Hannah M.—B. Shoninger Co. of N. Y., $426.

Cassone, John—C. H. Proffen, $123.

Darrah, Mary E., or Gardner—Joseph Fahys & Co., $1,974.

Dubrinsky, Pauline—N. Levy et al., $128.

Devlin, John B.—Terry & Tench Co., $485.

Dillon, Francis J. M., et al.—J. B. Fox, costs, $134.

Dodge, Albert C. and Grace R.—M. H. Walton, $134.

Di Lizia, Raffaele—S. Butler, $231.

Dax, Johanna—G. T. Matthews et al., $412.

Feinberg, Harry—L. Goldberg, $490.

Freedman, Frits—M. A. Kreiseisheimer, $137.

Felnberg, Jacob, et al.—S. Gerstein, $104.

Felt, George L.—F. C. Browne, $1,003.

Gardner, Mary E., or Darrah—Joseph Fahys & Co., $1,974.

Gatchel, Maurice H., (not summoned,) et al.—Mercantile Finance Co., $358.

Gatchel, Mattie A., et al.—Mercantile Finance Co., $358.

Greenstein, Samuel—P. Reddy, $725.

Hearns, John F.—J. Sinnott, $415.

Hagan, Thomas B.—M. E. Meyer et al., $264.

Hupfel, Adolph—Boston Ins. Co., costs, $114.

Honas, Albert L.—S. Bates, $2,808.

Huppert, Isaac, et al.—P. Reddy, $821.

Hicks, George H.—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $1,049.

Ives, William, et al.—President and Directors of the Manhattan Co. et al., $194.

Israel, Arthur—H. Israel, $734.

Jaffer, Abram S.—Press Pub. Co., $162.

Johnson, John F.—H. M. Higbee, $794.

Joline, Adrian H., et al, receivers—K. Regan, $4,000.

Kearney, John E.—Hoagland-Adams Co., $351.

Krueger, Hyman C. R.—Reich et al., $129.

Keller, Caroline—J. Schuessler, $258.

Kligler, Aaron—I. Steifel Co., $476.

Krulish, Marie, as executrix—Feeney & Devaney Co., $250.

Kobler, Albert J.—M. J. Roth, $211.

Kohn, Aron—M. Calonder, $592.

Luesing, Gustav—B. F. Moffatt, $248.

Leichtman, Edward, et al.—E. Berman, $104.

Love, Isaac H.—H. Thomas, $2,600.

Moore, Anna E.—F. L. Rosewald et al., costs, $808.

Manheim, Henry—G. J. Burger, $118.

Mee, Michael—Lion Brewery Co. of New York City, $288.

Machlin, Saul—H. L. Wissing,

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Skyscraper for Insurance District—$1,600,000 for Broad Street Parcel—Sales and Resales In Loft Zone—Broadway Corner Sold for Improvement.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Charles F. Noyes Company that all financial arrangements have been completed for the immediate erection of a sixteen-story office building on the northeast corner of John and Dutch Streets. This is in the rapidly growing insurance district of the city. It will occupy a plot 81 by 87 feet, and will be put up by the Underwriters' Building Company, organized a short time ago by J. G. Hilliard and John A. Eckert, both of whom are prominently known in insurance circles. Howells & Stokes are the architects. The building will cost about $600,000, and when finished will be the tallest structure in the new insurance centre above Pine and Cedar Streets. It will rent for about $150,000, and the Noyes Company states that one-third of the space has already been secured by insurance concerns.

The propery is owned by the Reformed Dutch Church, being a part of the old Shoemakers' Farm, and has been leased for eighty-four years. Old buildings occupy the plot, and at 53 to 55 John Street, Colgate & Co. have had their offices for over a century. The work of demolishing the old houses will begin May 1, and it is expected to have the new structure finished by March 1, 1911. The location has an additional historic interest from the fact that it formed a part of the site upon which the sanguinary skirmish known in Revolutionary history as the battle of Golden Hill was fought. This will be the third office building on John Street, between Nassau and William Streets, that the Noyes Company has had entire charge of during the past two years.

$1,600,000 for Broad Street Plot.

Unusual interest was evinced in the sale of the Heineman estate property yesterday at the Vesey Street Salesroom. There was a large and representative gathering of speculators and investors, and there were thirty-two bids for the parcel 48 to 52 Broad Street, extending through to New Street, containing about 14,250 square feet.

It was finally secured by Edmund Dwight, President of the Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation on a bid of $1,160,000.

The property was offered by Auctioneer Joseph P. Day to settle the estate of Dr. Henry Newton Heineman, subject to a mortgage of $800,000. The bidding started at $750,000 and was raised rapidly till the final figure was reached. At the close of the sale it was said that Mr. Dwight acted for John Reid, Jr. No information could be obtained as to the future disposition of the parcel, which adjoins on the south the Edison Building purchased last week by the Wall Street Journal Company.

Old Howard Street Plot in Deal.

Gilbert M. Speir has sold his holding at the southeast corner of Lafayette and Howard Streets, old frame buildings, on plot 112 by 32 by irregular. The property has not changed hands for over half a century.

David Chenken has sold for Rebecca Lipschitz and Emil Shoostoff to Mathilda Johnson 54 Forsyth Street, a five-story tenement, on lot 25 by 75.

The John H. Dye Company has sold for Löwenfeld & Prager 303 West Fourth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 22 by 74.1. The sellers bought the property at the auction sale of the Burtis estate last Tuesday for $7,750.

Resale of 22d Street Loft Site.

The Marmac Construction Company has purchased through I. Randolph Jacobs the property 150 to 154 West Twenty-second Street, being a plot 62.6 by 98.9, on which the buyers will erect a twelve-story store and loft building, from plans now being drawn by Messrs. Browne & Almiroty.

This is the third operation of this character planned for the block. The 75-foot plot, at 118 to 124 West Twenty-second Street, was recently bought by M. Solomon, who had plans filed yesterday for a twelve-story loft building, to be erected from plans by F. C. Zobel.

The plot at 126 to 130 West Twenty-second Street, 56.3 by 98.9, was purchased a couple of weeks ago by the Fleischmann Brothers Company, which plans to erect a twelve-story structure on the site.

Deals in Loft Zone.

M. & L. Hess have sold for Aaron Coleman to the Criterion Construction Company 118 and 120 West Twenty-sixth Street, 42.10 by 98.9. The same company recently purchased 114 and 116 adjoining, and will improve the entire plot, being 86 by 98.9, with a twelve-story and basement mercantile building.

Complete Purchase on West 48th St.

L. & A. Pincus, Joseph L. Graf, and M. L. Goldstone have purchased from Francis X. O'Connor 228 West Forty-eighth Street, consisting of a three-story and basement dwelling on lot 18.6 by 100.5. By the acquisition of this parcel the buyers, who have already purchased 220 to 226, now have a plot 100 by 100.5. Parish, Fisher & Co. were the brokers in both transactions.

Herman Kountze Sells Residence.

Herman Kountze of Kountze Brothers, bankers, sold his residence, 115 East Fifty-sixth Street, to James C. Johnston, who now lives in 106 East Sixty-seventh Street. The dwelling is a four-story and basement house on a lot 20 by 100.5, 150 feet east of Park Avenue.

1,018 Madison Avenue Sold.

The Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company has sold through Pease & Elliman 1,018 Madison Avenue, a five-story American basement house on lot 25 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

This is one of the houses built by the J. C. Lyons Company. The vacant lot on the southwest corner of Seventy-ninth Street and Madison Avenue, 102.2 by 60, and the two houses 1,016 and 1,018 Madison Avenue were sold at foreclosure sale in the Vesey Street Salesroom on March 8, by Auctioneer Joseph P. Day. The Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, which was interested in the property, bought in all three parcels for $342,500.

Frederick T. Barry has sold 589 Lexington Avenue, a four-story and basement dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets.

Dr. Henry H. M. Lyle has bought from James A. Farley 50 East Fifty-third Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 16 by 100. Mr. Farley recently acquired the dwelling in trade from Dr. John A. Hartwell for 27 East Sixty-third Street.

Julius Moll has sold to Frederick Schultz 206 West Eighty-fourth Street, a five-story single flat, on lot 20 by 102.2.

Company Buys Broadway Corner.

W. D. Morgan has sold for the New York Operating Company the northeast corner of Broadway and 184th Street, a plot 25.1 by 115.4 by 24.11 by 119.9.

A $2,605,000 Bronx Development.

Barry Brothers are having plans prepared for the erection of thirteen houses on the block from Vyse Avenue to Daly Avenue, at 179th Street, at a total cost of $2,605,000, as follows: Three on northeast corner of 179th Street and Daly Avenue, one on corner, 40 by 67, and two insides, 37.6 by 67; three on northeast corner of 179th Street and Vyse Avenue, one on corner, 40 by 67, and two insides, 37.6 by 67; three on northwest corner of 179th Street and Vyse Avenue, one on corner, 40 by 67, and two insides, 37.6 by 67; four on north side of 179th Street, 83.22 feet west of Vyse Avenue, all 37.6 by 67. They will be four stories in height, with steam heat, electric light, and all modern improvements. The buildings are to house 129 families.

R. I. Brown's Sons have sold for Mrs. Augusta Morris de Peyster the block front on the south side of East 165th Street, between Teller and Findlay Avenues, containing about six lots. The property will be improved by the erection of five-story apartment houses.

Flatbush Mansion to be Sold.

The old Stephens mansion in Flatbush will be sold at auction on April 4. With the house are included forty-eight lots embraced in the block bounded by Flatbush and Foster Avenues, East Twenty-third Street, and Stephens Court. This auction is the result of foreclosure proceedings begun by Morris Sulzman against Mrs. Annie W. Stephens. Edward S. Fowler is the referee and William H. Smith will be the auctioneer.

J. P. Davidson Buys Gates Estate.

J. P. Davidson of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. has purchased the Mrs. Charles O. Gates property near Mattinnicock, L. I., which is in the immediate neighborhood of J. P. Morgan, Jr.'s estate and where he is now building his new $250,000 house. The property is at Peacock's Point on the Sound, near Lattingtown, and consists of about seventy-five acres, with three-quarters of a mile of shore front, with a fine large house built a few years ago for the late Mr. Gates. It is understood that about $350,000 was paid for the property, which is among the most attractive on the Sound shore.

Sales in Brooklyn.

The C. E. Williams Realty Company has sold, among other lots at Liberty Heights, Brooklyn, two lots 40 by 100, on the corner of Liberty and Thrall Avenues; two lots on Dalrymple Avenue, 40 by 100, 133 feet from Ferry Street; three lots on the south side of the same street, 60 by 100, 77 feet west of Ferry Street, and the plot, 45 by 100, on the northwest corner of Liberty Avenue and Ferry Street. At Flatbush Manor the same firm has sold, among others, the plot, 40 by 100, on the southeast corner of East Forty-eighth Street and Avenue L.

Howard C. Pyle & Co. have sold the plot on the southwest corner of Prospect Park West and Second Street, about 100 by 100, for David Taylor and others to a client, for investment.

Suburban Sales.

Fish & Marvin have sold for Gerard Fountain a tract of land comprising over six acres and adjoining the Scarsdale Country Club. The purchaser, Dr. George Huntington, intends to build a residence on the property.

Edgewood, the country residence of John B. Marié, has been sold through Joseph P. Day's Westchester department for the Marié Realty Corporation. This handsome residence, with its five and a half acres, is situated at Chappaqua, N. Y., on a crest that overlooks the Chappaqua Mountains and the Croton Valley.

The Rollins estate has sold through George W. Taylor to the Trustees of the Baptist Church of the Redeemer the plot of about six lots at the southeast corner of Valentine's Lane and Leighton Avenue, Van Cortlandt Terrace, South Yonkers.

A church edifice, to cost about $50,000, will be erected on the site in the Fall. There are at present eight churches in the section, which is one of the most rapidly growing districts adjacent to New York City.

Recent Buyers.

F. R. Fellows is the purchaser of 233 to 237 West Forty-ninth Street.

John Otto and Robert Hager, Jr., Directors in the firm of S. Osgood Pell & Co., are the buyers of 25 and 27 West Thirty-eighth Street, sold recently by the Bacon estate and Drs. Parker and Kimball.

Tichenor-Grand Building for Autos.

The invasion of the automobile into the erstwhile carriage district received another marked illustration yesterday by the announcement that negotiations are pending for the acquirement of the large Tichenor-Grand sales stables and riding academy, in Sixty-first and Sixty-second Streets, west of Central Park, by the Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Company. The Tichenor-Grand building is a seven-story brick and stone edifice, with a frontage of 75 feet at 3 to 7 West Sixty-first Street, running through the block 210.10 feet, and with a seventy-five-foot frontage also on Sixty-second Street. The building is new, having been erected in 1906 at an approximate cost of $350,000. With the building, the value of the plot is stated as somewhat above $600,000. The present quarters of the Maxwell-Briscoe Company are in a large building on the northeast corner of Broadway and Sixty-fourth Street.

Roof Garden for Boys' Hotel.

H. Russell Kenyon, as architect for the Children's Aid Society, filed plans for a roof garden and playground to be erected on top of the Boys' Hotel at the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue and 127th Street. The garden will be inclosed by a wire mesh fence supported by a big fireproof frame. The improvement is to cost $1,000.

More Buildings in Loft Zone.

Plans have been filed for a twelve-story commercial building to be erected from designs by F. C. Zobel for Max Solomon at 118 to 124 West Twenty-second Street, having a frontage of 75 feet and a depth of 90 feet with an extension and costing $350,000, and for a twelve-story commercial building for the Second Manhattan Office Building Company, fitted as stores and lofts at 114 and 116 East Sixty-fourth Street, from designs by Squires & Wynkoop as architects, having a frontage of 56½ feet and a depth of 93.5 feet and to cost $250,000.

New Apartments on Claremont Ave.

Plans have been filed for two eleven-story apartment houses to be built for B. Crystal & Son on Claremont Avenue, north of 116th Street, from designs by Gaetan Ajello as architect. Each will be of white marble on the first two stories and terra cotta trimmed brick above, having a frontage of 56.8 feet and a depth of 82 feet and containing suites for twenty-three families each. They are to cost $500,000.

"Sam" Sloane Home at Auction.

The old dwelling and stable at 21 West Seventeenth Street, running through to 16 West Eighteenth Street, 27 by 184, belonging to the estate of Samuel Sloan, deceased, the late famous financier and long-time President of the D., L. & W. R. R., will be sold by Bryan L. Kennelly at the Vesey Street salesroom at 12 o'clock to-day; also for same estate, 57 and 59 Washington Street, near Rector Street; also, at same time, 58 and 55 West Thirty-sixth Street, 40 by 98.9; also executors' sale, estate of Jane Riley, deceased, 443 East Seventy-eighth Street; also executors' sale, estate of Edward J. King, deceased, 121 to 139 West 111th Street; also, for Louisa Schultz estate, southwest corner Tenth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, size 100 by 98.9; also 120 East Thirty-second Street; also in the Borough of Brooklyn 646 and 648 Bedford Avenue, corner Penn Street.

New Heights Apartment.

Donald Robertson will erect a high-class elevator apartment at the southeast corner of 190th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue to cost $200,000, on a plot of ground 90 by 100, to be six stories high, with stores on the first floor and six families on a floor above, the building to have all modern improvements, including mail chutes and patent garbage receptacles.

Cedarhurst Park Development.

The Lewis H. May Company has been appointed agents for the Cedarhurst Park Development at Cedarhurst, L. I. The property consists of over 100 acres, and is being developed on high-class lines. Twelve stucco and cement houses are now nearing completion, four of which have already been sold, one each to Max Greenwald, Arthur Zeckendorf, D. Feder, and Morris Cohn.

N. Y. Mortgage and Security Co.

The meeting of the stockholders of the New York Mortgage and Security Company, allied to the Title Insurance Company of New York, 135 Broadway, New York, to increase the capital stock of that company was held yesterday. By unanimous vote of the stockholders the capital was increased from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

Edgar J. Levey, the President of the company, said this increase of capital stock was made advisable by the rapid growth of the business of the company and the desire of the officers to keep the reserve percentage of capital and surplus to outstanding guaranteed mortgages very high. The European standard of reserve established after more than a century of experience, is 5 per cent. The percentage of this company, even before this new increase of capital, was 7.32 per cent.

The year ended March 1, 1910, had been the most prosperous in the history of the company since its organization in 1903. Its sale of guaranteed mortgages during the year has amounted to $9,428,-856.50, and its total of outstanding guaranteed mortgages $23,849,719.05.

Its first dividend in 1903 was at the rate of 5 per cent. This has steadily increased until this year its dividend was 12 per cent.

Its total investments since organization have been $83,891,932.06. Of this large amount the company has the record of not having lost one dollar, and does not to-day own any real estate taken under foreclosure of mortgages.

Notes.

A loan of $428,000 was negotiated yesterday by Brooks & Momand, 115 Broadway, for the Cathedral Construction Company on property covering the block front west side of Columbus Avenue, between 109th and 110th Streets.

The regular monthly meeting of the Bedford Park Taxpayers' Association will be held at Royal Arcanum Hall, Webster Avenue, between 195th and 197th Streets, this evening.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Broad St, 46 to 52, w s, 170 ft s of Exchange Place, 80.3x185.7 to 50 New St, x84.6x irregular, seven four-story buildings with stores; voluntary sale, to John Reid, Jr., for parties in interest, $1,160,000.

Willett St, 58, e s, 150 ft n of Delancey St, 25x100, four-story tenement with store and two-story building in rear; voluntary sale, to E. Bach, $15,975.

Manhattan Av, 498, e s, 82.2 ft s of 121st St, 18.9x95, five-story flat; voluntary sale, knocked down at $15,200.

Bleecker St, 867 and 869, n e corner of Van Nest Place, 49x82.1, three four-story buildings; executrix's sale, estate of E. C. Henry Kugeler, deceased, to Matilda C. Kugeler, $55,500.

113th St, 120, s s, 150.4 ft w of Lexington Av, 19.7x100.11, four-story flat; voluntary sale, to Leonard Weill, $9,350.

Greenwich Av, 77, w s, 82.5 ft n of 11th St, 22.8x90x irregular, three-story front and rear buildings; executor's sale, to Philip Smith, $15,500; also

Charles St, 17, n s, 48.10 ft e of Waverley Place, 22x95, four-story dwelling; executor's sale, estate of Franklin Burdge, deceased, to Mrs. Margaret O'Neil, $14,275.

47th St, 127, n s, 84 ft e of Lexington Av, 16x80, three-story dwelling; executor's sale, estate of Francis H. Macey, deceased, to George A. Lavelle, $18,125.

97th St, 147, n s, 175 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.12, vacant; voluntary sale, to Edward Royston, $7,000.

60th St, 240, n s, 125 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5, four-story tenement; voluntary sale, to John D. Kelly, $9,700.

35th St, 9, n s, 200 ft w of 8th Av, 18.9x98.9, four-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Metropolitan Bank, $81,243.

By Samuel Marx.

97th St, 188, s s, 453.4 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x100.11, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Thomas Sussman, $13,000.

28th St, 215, n s, 155.10 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x98.9, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Bella Hillman, $51,524.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures In Manhattan and the Bronx.

16th St, 114 and 116 East, for a twelve-story brick store and loft building, 26.6x93.3; Second Manhattan Office Building Company, 43 Cedar St, owner; Squire & Wynkoop, architects; cost, $280,000.

54th St, 421 and 423 East, for a three-story brick stable, 50x95; L. Schumacher, 1st Av and 26th St, owner; E. F. Cojean, architect; cost, $12,000.

22d St, 118 to 124 West, for a twelve-story brick store and loft building, 75x90; M. Solomon, 105 Ellery St, Brooklyn, owner; F. C. Zobel, architect; cost, $350,000.

Claremont Av, w s, 687.1 ft n of 116th St, for two eleven-story brick flats, 56.8x82; B. Crystal, 21 West 84th St, owner; G. Ajello, architect; cost, $500,000.

96th St, 209 West, for a three-story brick garage, 81.7x101.11; W. B. Thom, 17 Washington Place, owner; H. J. Lefler, architect; cost, $15,000.

Starling Av, s s, 50 ft e of Band St, for two two-story frame dwellings, 21x51 each; A. T. Mack, 1,136 Walker Av, owner; B. Ebeling, architect; cost, $10,000.

Crotona Parkway, s s, 135 ft e of Charlotte St, for a two-story brick dwelling, 20x57; Ole Olsen, 1,169 Fox St, owner; John Wooley, architect; cost, $6,000.

Mayflower Av, w s, 575 ft n of Pelham Road, for a two-story frame dwelling, 18x80; August and Louise Newkirk, Mayflower Av, owners; B. Ebeling, architect; cost, $2,800.

Decatur Av, e s, 150 ft n of Mosholu Parkway, for a one-story frame garage, 18x20; Henry R. Knopt, 3,048 Decatur Av, owner; Oswald Benedix, architect; cost, $250.

Randall Av, s s, 50 ft w of Amundson Av, for a two-story-and-attic frame dwelling, 20x39; Victor Olsen, Edenwald, owner; Carl P. Johnson, architect; cost, $5,500.

Faile St, w s, 100 ft n of Randall Av, for six two-story brick dwellings, 20x25 each; Hunt's Point Realty Company, owner; Charles S. Clark, architect; cost, $45,000.

Netherland Av, e s, 330 ft of 230th St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 31x88.6; Edge Hill Terrace Company, Spuyten Duyvil, owner; Tiffany & Bartes, architects; cost, $7,000.

Pierce Av, s s, 225 ft e of Deane Place, for a one-story frame barn, 20x46.6; Anthony Guiri, on premises, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $1,600.

Prospect Av, s w corner of 165th St, for a one-story brick church, 75x87; the Trustees of the Presbytery of New York, 128 Broadway, owners; James E. Ware & Sons, architects; cost, $85,000.

Roebling Av, n s, 250 ft e of Mayflower Av, for a one-story frame shed, 45x18; Mrs. B. Kane, Middletown Road, owner; J. McShane, architect; cost, $200.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

70th St, 517 and 519 East, to a three and four story brick factory; Seventieth Street Hygeia Ice Company, premises, owner; A. C. Koenig, architect; cost, $7,800.

9th St, 445 and 447 East, to a six-story brick tenement and store; Dean Holding Company, 309 Broadway, owner; O. L. Spannhake, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, MARCH 15.

ARTHUR AV, n e corner of 181st St, 46.8x90x70x93; Samuel Wormser to Elizabeth Sheldon, (mtg $8,500,) $100.

AVENUE A, 198, e s, 25.9x96; Louis Gordon and others to Barnet Weinstein, (mtgs $26,-000,) $100.

AVENUE A, s w corner of 79th St, 29x75; John H. Bodine to Phoenix Lowenfeld and William Prager (mtg $28,000,) $100.

ALEXANDER AV, e s, 120 ft n of 139th St, 20x106.6; James J. Williams to Eliza J. Williams, wife, gift.

AVENUE B, w s, 68.11 ft s of 14th St, 43.2x93; George F. Langbein, referee, to Larchan Realty Co., $20,750.

BEDFORD ST, n w corner of Leroy St, 28x75; Sylvester L. H. Ward to Teresa Zurla, (mtgs $24,500,) $35,500.

CLAY AV, n w corner of 169th St, 30.1x88.10x48.8x86.7; Thornton Brothers Co. to Value Realty Co., $100.

DECATUR AV, 3,149, 25x100; Mary Russhon to Elise Hoetzel, (mtg $6,000,) $1.

EAST BROADWAY, 234, n s, 23.10x107.8, (foreclosure;) John Burt, Jr., referee, to Lillian Levey and another, (mtg $27,500,) $1,000.

EAST BROADWAY, 234, n s, 23.10x107.8, (foreclosure;) B. Goldstein to Lillian Levey and another, (mtg $27,500,) $100.

GILSEY PLACE, w s, 87.6 ft n of Cannon Place, 113.6x100; Max Marks to John J. Mahony, $100.

LESTER ST, 46, s s, 62.6 ft e of Ludlow St, 25x50; Adelaide Reading to Cornelia K. Averill, 35-64 part, (mtg $17,000,) $1.

HUGHES AV, w s, 125 ft s of 187th St, 50x87.6; August Kunn to Gerardo Spota and another, $1.

IRVING PL, 809, 20x50; Broad Realty Co. to J. Adam Roeth, (mtg $5,500,) $100.

JENNINGS ST, n e corner of Wilkins Place, 100.2x150x100x156.7; Simon Machiz to Louis Gordon and others, (mtg $33,250,) $100.

HANCOCK ST, w s, 400 ft n of Columbus Av, 18.9x100; Kate B. Hagerman to John J. Fitzpatrick, (mtg $4,700,) $100.

KELLY ST, w s, 80.3 ft n of 165th St, 50x100; William and Peter Sinnott to William Sinnott Co., $100.

LOTS 168 to 170, map of Samler estate, Bronx; J. Romaine Brown to Abraham Kelly, $100.

LOT 33, map 1,412 of 107 lots in Bronx; Emanuel Arnstein and others to Thomas H. Smith, $6,650.

LOT K, map of Lucius Chittenden, contains about 14 lots; Nathaniel P. Hill to Robert McL. Jackson, $1.

LOTS 103 and 104, map (No. 1,412) of 107 lots; Crotona Realty Co. to Harriett Canning of Brooklyn, $100.

MOUNT HOPE PLACE, 23, n s, 25x125; Max D. Josephson to Marie Blechner, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

OLD BOSTON ROAD, at junction of Briggs Av, 2 9,638-10,000 acres; D. M. Koehler & Son Co. to Elsie J. Simon, ½ part, (mtg $15,-000,) $100.

OLD BROADWAY, 2,376 and 2,378, 61.6x100x49.8x112.3; Henry Wagner to J. Antoni Chrzanowski, (mtg $55,000,) $100.

PARK ROW, 141, s e s, 16x irregular; Matilda Rich and others to Julia D. Bernard of Brooklyn, $100.

ROAD from West Farms to Hunt's Point, e s, adjoining lands of Perego & Miller, 2 lots, 46.6x50; Joanna Schwartz to Joseph Steen, $.00.

SPRING ST, 18, 25.9x—; Carmelo Lopinto to Salvatore Zuccaro, $36,000.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w s, at s w s of Tiffany St, 75x100; James F. Meehan Co. to Eberhardt & Podgin Co., $100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, w s, 51.9 ft s of 158th St, 17.8x82.2x74.10x61.11; Clayton Ryder Co. to Annie C. Clinton of Brooklyn, (mtg $74,500,) $100.

VERMILYEA AV, s s, 100 ft e of Hawthorne St, 75x150; Edward H. Rogers and another to Joseph Schaefer, $100.

VERMILYEA AV, s s, 175 ft e of Hawthorne St, 75x150; Edward H. Rogers and another to Wood-Just Realty Co, $100.

WEST ST, s e s, 47.7 ft s w of North Moore St, 40.2x58.6x40x57.9; Herman Ahrens to William Dickmann of Ridgefield, N. J., $1.

2D AV, 1,070, 20.10x70; Abraham Stern, executor, to Sarah Davis, $15,000.

3D AV, s w corner of 122d St, 25.2x100; John H. Degelman to I. Blyn & Sons, a corporation, (mtg $95,000,) $100.

3D AV, s w corner of 122d St, 25.2x100; Richard Sidenberg to John B. Degelman, (mtg $95,000,) $100.

6TH AV, 110 and 112, s e corner of 9th St, 43.8x77.7; Annie J. Levi to Henry C. Lytton of Chicago, Ill., $1.

7TH ST, 127 East, 25x97.5; Hyman Boriss to Rebecca Boriss, wife of Hyman, ¼ part, $1.

9TH AV, 271, 24.9x78; Isaac Sakolski to Harris Mandelbaum and Fisher Lewine, (mtg $22,500,) $100.

9TH AV, 271, 24.9x78; James S. Bearns to Isaac Sakolski, $100.

10TH ST, 204 and 206, s s, 96.10 ft e of Bleecker St, 39.11x95x39.8x94.10; Jacob Kottek to C. I. Weinstein Realty Co., (mtg $14,000,) $100.

11TH ST, 234 East, 25x94.10; Paolo Bonomolo to Giuseppe Zuccaro, $41,500.

16TH ST, 619 East, n s, 25x92; Sigmund Levin to Max Cohen, (mtg $17,000,) $100.

26TH ST, 109 to 115 West, 50x98.9; John J. Geraty to Henry W. Boettger, (mtg $165,000,) $100.

29TH ST, 235 West, n s, 23.8x98.9; Lewis Johnston to Anna A. Johnston, $1.

31ST ST, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9; John H. Rogan, executor, to Joseph M. Burns and Joseph N. Johnston, $20,000.

32D ST, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 18x98.9; Louis A. Wagner to John and Elizabeth Schoening, $1.

37TH ST, 144 East, 14x98.9; Francis M. Gibson to Anna G. Kiernan, $1.

37TH ST, 142 West, 24x98.9; Marie S. Whitlock and others to Reliant Holding Co., (mtg $50,000,) $1.

37TH ST, 142 West, 24x98.9; Margaret W. Busch to Reliant Holding Co., $2,000.

40TH ST, 214 West, 14.3x98.9; Annie Goucher to Richard A., Marie C. and Georgie A. Henriques, Amelia H. Cardona and Clara H. Castellanos, (mtg $17,200,) $100.

46TH ST, 159 East, 16.8x100.5; Nannie J. Faulkner to Frank J. Digan, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

71ST ST, s s, 248 ft e of Avenue A, 75x100.4; Peter F. Kane to Hy L. Liebmann, (mtg $11,000,) $100.

74TH ST, 138 East, 18.9x68.2; Minnie Rinaldo to Edwin Tatham of Somers, N. Y., (mtg $15,000,) $1.

87TH ST, 409 East, 25x100.8; Charles E. Laage and others to Alfred Heintsen, $100.

89TH ST, n e s, 230 ft s e of 5th Av, 25.6x100.8; Julia M. W. L'Ecluse to Holman, Denny Co., 1-3 part, $1.

89TH ST, n e s, 230 ft s e of 5th Av, 25.6x100.8; W. Holden Weeks to Julia M. W. L'Ecluse of Huntington, L. I., ⅓ part, $1.

92D ST, 67 East, n s, 20x100.8; Louisa Christman and others to Mary K. Rogers, $100.

112TH ST, 234 and 236 East; Eugene Spitz to Harry Miller of Philadelphia, Penn., (mtg $80,000,) $100.

118TH ST, 407 East, 16.8x100.11; William Klein, referee, to Louis de W. Hollub of Alasala, Italy, $5,000.

119TH ST, 302 and 304, s s, 80 ft e of 2d Av, 50x60.10; Henry Rosenthal to Julius M. Zittel, $100.

123D ST, 124 to 128 East, 75x100.11; Max Marks to George Levy, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

130TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Lenox Av, 82.4x99.11; William Crawford to Hunterdon Realty and Construction Co, $1.

143d St, n s, 525 ft e of Broadway, 75x99.11; Gustave E. Beyer and others to Chelsea Exchange Bank, (mtg $125,000,) $1.

160TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 50x99.11; Vanderbilt Tile Co. to Charlotte Friedberg, (mtg $60,000,) $100.

163D ST, s s, 18.9 ft w of Cauldwell Av, 18.9x99; Ethel Williams to Joseph Pollack and Louisa Bloch, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

165TH ST, s w corner of Forest Av, 40x82; Alexander Brough, referee, to Ida Taylor of Mount Vernon, N. Y., $14,000.

173D ST, 493 East, 19x100; Lina Falk to Jennie Bresloff, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

212TH ST, s s, 50 ft w of Maple Av, 25x100; Daniel Granelli to Fridolin Weber, $100.

235TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of Oneida Av, 224.9x —; Frederick H. Mellert to the Jerwood Realty Co., (mtg $12,000,) $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

AVERILL, Cornelia K., to Edward S. Clinch; Hester St, 46, s s, 25x50; also land in Mount Kisco, N. Y., demand, 6%.....$6,041

BERNARD, Julia D., to Matilda Rich and others, Park Row 141, s e s, 16x—, due March 15, 1913.....$15,000

BRIGGS AVENUE REALTY CO. to Kate West; Briggs Av, 2,578, e s, 4,719 ft s of 194th St, 19.2x88.4, prior mtg $7,000.....$1,500

BURNS, Joseph H., and others to Matthew McNamara; 81st St, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9, 3 years.....$11,000

CANNING, Harriett, to Crotona Realty Co.; Lots 103 and 104, map of 107 lots, &c, Bronx, 3 years 6%.....$2,000

GAYLY, Michael, to Martin Lippe; Westchester Av, n s, being Lot 5F of Plot 15, map of Westchester, 3 years.....$8,000

CHARLES I. WEINSTEIN REALTY CO. to David Lippmann and others; 10th St, 204 and 206 West, s s, 30.11x95, prior mtg $10,-500, demand, 6%.....$20,000

CHARLES I. WEINSTEIN REALTY CO. to David Lippmann and others; 10th St, 204 and 206 West, s s, 30.11x95, demand, 6%.....$10,500

COHN, Salo, to Hyman Margolin and another; 7th Av, 2,320, certificate payment of $15,000 on account of mortgage.....$1

COHEN, Max, to Sigmund Levin; 16th St, 619 East, n s, 25x92, prior mtg $—, 3 years, 6%.....$4,000

D'AURIA, Pasquale, to Leonard Weill; Belmont Av, s w corner of 188th St, 100x50, prior mtg $—, 1 year.....$2,000

DAVIS, Sarah, to Abraham Stern; 2d Av, 1,070, e s, 20.10x70, 5 years, 4½%.....$10,000

DAVIS, Sarah, to Abraham Stern; 2d Av, 1,070, e s, 20.10x70, prior mtg $10,000, installments, 6%.....$2,000

DAVIS, Oliver E., to Payne Estate; College Av, n e corner of 163d St, 85x120, due Sept. 1, 1913.....$11,000

DAVIS, Oliver E., to Payne Estate; Teller Av, n w corner of 163d St, 85x100, due Sept. 1, 1913, 6%.....$8,250

DEGELMAN, John H., to Richard Sidenberg; 3d Av, s w corner of 122d St, 25.2x100, 5 years.....$93,000

DENTON, Millicent S., to Irving W. Dimelaw; Union Av, n s, corner of 167th St, 125x100, prior mtg $94,000, 1 year, 6%.....$6,000

DIGAN, Frank J., to Nannie J. Faulkner; 46th St, 159 East, n s, 16.8x100.5, 1 year, 6%.....$1,000

DIXON, Lillie E., to Gertrude C. Seifert; Centre St, s of Lot 17, map of property of heirs of Elizabeth Pell, City Island, 100x—, 3 years, 6%.....$2,500

DOOLING, Elizabeth K., to Bowery Savings Bank; 80th St, n s, 183.4 ft w of 3d Av, 16.8x100, 5 years, 4½%.....$7,500

FRANKENBERG, Gustav, to Broadway Savings Institution; 125d St, 35 West, s s, 25x98.11, due May 1, 1913.....$18,000

FRIESS, Louis G., to Lizzie Davis; 70th St, 36 East, s s, 16x100.5, prior mtg $37,500, due Oct. 28, 1912, 5½%.....$5,000

GERMANN, Mary, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 183d St, 678 East, s s, 25.1x100.1 due as per bond.....$1,500

GREENWICH INVESTING CO to Max Kahre; Washington St, 433, e s, 20x80, prior mtg $27,500.....$8,000

HARBATER, Joseph, and another to Frederic de P. Foster, trustee; 13th St, 128 and 130 West, s s, 44x103.8, due Sept. 15, 1911..$38,000

HARBATER, Joseph, and another to Abraham Brown; 13th St, 128 and 130 West, s s, 44x103.8, prior mtg $38,000, 1 year, 6%...$35,000

HARRISON, Male B., of London, England, to New York Kindergarten Association; 2d Av, 116 and 118, n e corner of 7th St, 28.8x125, due Nov. 24, 1911.....$4,000

HEINTZEN, Alfred, to German Savings Bank; 87th St, n s, 156 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.8, 3 years, 4½%.....$12,000

HERVEY, Edwin, to Emma A. Bedell; 218th St, n s, 25 ft e from e s of Lot 648, 25x114, being part of Lot 610, map of Wakefield, due as per bond.....$2,500

HUNTERDON REALTY & CONSTRUCTION CO to West Side Savings Bank; 139th St, 58 and 60 West, s s, 41.5x99.11, due as per bond.....$36,000

KAEMPFER, Max, to Bowery Savings Bank; 7th Av, 825, e s, 25.1x100, 1 year, 5½%.....$6,000

KAHN, Moses H. and William, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 81st St, s s, 225 ft w of 1st Av, 20x98.9, 5 years.....$9,000

KEOGH, John E., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 48th St, n s, 180 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.5, 5 years, 4½%.....$10,000

KEOGH, John, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 48th St, n s, 275.4 ft w of 2d Av, 18.8x100.5, due Oct. 2, 1911.....$2,000

KIERNAN, Anna G., to American Mortgage Co.; 37th St, s s, 152 ft e of Lexington Av, 14x98.9; 5 years, 4½%.....$15,000

KLOEPPEL, Annie, to Charles P. Hallock; Bryant St, 1,841 and 1,843, w s, 21 ft s of 176th St, runs s 126.6x e 27.7 to Bryant St x n 130.6 to beginning, 1-7 part, demand, 6%.....$100

KNICKERBOCKER MORTGAGE & REALTY CO to Alma M. Gilsey; 32d St, 138 and 140 West, 40x—, prior mtg $—, 1 year, 6%.....$15,000

KNOEDLER, Roland F., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 5th Av, 556 and 558, w s, 50x100, 5 years, 4½%.....$600,000

KOHN, Moses H. and William, to Marie Heitgt of Ulster County, N. Y.; 81st St, s s, 225 ft w of 1st Av, 20x98.9, prior mtg $9,000, 3 years, 6%.....$2,000

LIEBMANN, Henry L., to Peter F. Kane; 71st St, s s, 248 ft e of Avenue A, 75x100.4, prior mtg $11,000, 2 years, 6%.....$9,000

MANUFACTURERS' DYEING CO. to Isidor Stein; Spring St, s w corner of Wooster St, leasehold, installments, 6%.....$345

MARTHA REALTY CO. to Isabella Becker and another; Hall Place, e s, 133.1 s of 167th St, 80x—, 1 year, 6%.....$2,000

McAFEE CONSTRUCTION CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co.; 144th St, n s, 150 ft e of Brook Av, 75x100, due as per bond.....$52,000

MURPHY, Matthew J., and another to Crotona Realty Co.; Lots 64 to 67, map of 107 lots, sold by Joseph P. Day, prior mtg $—, due March 1, 1913.....$14,000

RELIANT HOLDING CO. to Marie S. Whitlock; 37th St, 142 West, 24x98.9, 3 years, 4½%.....$50,000

ROGERS, Mary K., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 92d St, 67 East, n s, 20x100.8, due as per bond.....$16,000

SAROLSKI, Isaac, to Title Insurance Co.; 45th St, 62 West, s s, 20.6x100.5, 3 years, 4½%.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Kinko Duplex-Houses

Ideal Homes for Small Families

¶ *The man seeking such a home who fails to investigate them foregoes an opportunity.*

¶ *They are artistic and unusual, thoroughly built and completely equipped.*

¶ *There is more of the real home about them than is possible in any apartment house.*

Exceptional as investments and easily bought. A few to rent. Brooklyn Ave. & St. John's Place, rentals, $55-$70; Third St. & Prospect Park West, rentals, $65-$75.

Kings & Westchester Land Co.
350 Fulton St., Brooklyn-New York.

SINGER'S High Grade
ONE FAMILY HOUSES
NO BASEMENT
Fourth St. and Prospect Park West
HARDWOOD TRIM, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, HOT WATER HEAT.
ALWAYS OPEN FOR INSPECTION.
OTTO SINGER, Builder.

UNDERSELLING EVERYBODY

Beautiful Flatbush 8 room 1 family house; every conceivable improvement; $5,500, worth $7,500; $500 down. Albert Edwards, owner, office Church Ave., Brighton Beach "L" station, Brooklyn. Open Sundays.

Henry Meyer Building Co.
will send booklet upon request of their one-family stone front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address corner Av. D and E. 25th St., Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FLUSHING, MURRAY HILL STATION.
Best lot proposition ever offered; lots 1,500 feet from Murray Hill Station, $700 each; fully improved; ½ cash.
T. R. Pritchard, opposite Station, Murray Hill.

FLUSHING.—Brick and stone dwelling; all improvements; 18 rooms; 2 bathrooms; large lawn; Washington and Lawrence Sts.; $35,000, or will rent. Elliott & Bush, 194 Broadway, New York, or local agents.

Counptry-City.—Mansion, 15 rooms, steam, grounds, stable; magnificently located; alongside subway; also 13-room two-family house. Myles Johnson, Woodhaven.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

RIVER VIEW MANOR
at Hastings-on-Hudson
is the best example of a beautiful home place for cultured people with modest purses about New York.
HASTINGS HOMES COMPANY.
47 West 42d St.

WESTCHESTER PARK
At Station Harlem Railroad, 30 minutes out. Choice Lots, $400. Monthly payments. Improvements; title insured free. OFFENBACH, 1,934 Madison Ave.

Choice 20-acre tract at **Rye, Boston Road, near** Sound; fronts two roads; 5-year mortgage, Trust Co.; owner may exchange Manhattan. S. M. Bier, 60 Liberty St.

We have the best list of properties for sale and rent in Mount Vernon, Pelham Heights, Bronxville, and vicinities. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Five attractive rooms with all modern improvements, private bath, &c.; opposite Village Green, Cazenovia, N. Y. Box 657. References given.

Eight-room house; all improvements; large barn, large plot; main road; Elmsford, N. Y.; $5,500; first-class condition. Thechsler, 232 East 13th.

Bargain! —12-room cozy residence, half acre plot, restricted location, for $11,000, to quick buyer. Owner, Box 223 Bronxville, N. Y.

Four acres, Mamaroneck; half per acre of price a corporation reported paid same locality. Call at Room 802, 49 Wall St.

Five-room house; all improvements; Elmsford, N. Y.; $2,200; best condition; $800 cash. Charleson, 146 East 16th St.

HOUSES FOR SALE AND RENT. BURKE STONE, BRONXVILLE.

Mount Vernon.

New, artistic cottage; plans most attractive and alluring; large living room, rustic stone fireplace, 5 rooms, tiled bathroom, large bedrooms and closets, hot water heat, gas and electricity; restricted location; large plot, 80x100; price $10,000; owner going to California. Cooley & West, Inc., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Factory sites; homes: low taxes; water and rail transit; low insurance; Booklet free. Write Chamber of Commerce.

For Sale.—House, 8 rooms and bath; all improvements; in fine location; 5 minutes to station; price, $4,800. Apply Owner, 26 South 18th Av., Mount Vernon.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

185 Christopher St.
Cor. Weehawken St., 30.7x66.6 irreg.
WILL EXCHANGE.
Gross & Gross Co.
18 John St., Sole Agents.
Tel. Cort. 7493.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Roslyn Estates

ROSLYN, LONG ISLAND.

OFFERED at low price, the new ITALIAN VILLA, imposingly situated in this beautiful highly developed natural park. ONLY 22 MILES FROM NEW YORK. House square, fireproof, tile roof, eight bedrooms, three baths, reception room, loggia, library, dining room, living room, smoking room, &c.; all superbly finished; every convenience; fine views; formal Italian garden; ample grounds correctly landscaped; excellent society; capital home for refined family of moderate means.

WRITE FOR FULL INFORMATION.

Dean Alvord Company
Phone, 3195—Rector. Dept. T, 111 BROADWAY.

25 MILES OUT—SOUTH SHORE.

$9,000. Elegant corner residence, famous Merrick Road, suitable for doctor or select boarding house; overlooks the Great South Bay. Plot 100x200. House contains 11 large rooms, spacious reception hall, 2 model bathrooms, rich decorations, beamed ceiling and delft shelf in dining room; stained glass windows in library; gas and steam heat; verandas front and sides; close to water, boating, bathing and fishing; near station; title guaranteed; property worth $12,000.
CARROLLTON REALTY COMPANY,
503 and 504 World Building, N. Y.

CHEAP.
Three acres near Babylon, Long Island; this is a bargain; I need the money; part cash only; no agents. Address K. L., Box 35 Times, Times Square.

Great Neck.—Half acre; house, stable; also two acres, near Kensington; boating, fishing.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

This handsome 7-room house at
MORSEMERE
has living room, hall, dining room with beam ceiling and high panel wainscoting; butler's pantry and kitchen on first floor; 3 large bedrooms and bath second floor and 1 finished room in attic. Steam heat, gas and electricity; cellar; three porches; oak floors; handsomely finished throughout; large plot; near trolley and train. Ideal location; healthy; good schools.
Only 15 minutes from uptown city via 130th St. and 40 minutes downtown via Subway or McAdoo Tunnel.
Price $5,850. Very easy terms.
COLUMBIA INV. & R. E. CO.
Times Bldg., New York.
Phone 507 Bryant.

Baldwin Park—South Orange Heights

300 feet elevation; extended mountain view; 40 minutes to Hudson Terminal Building, D., L. & W. R. R.; 90 trains daily; select residential suburb; restricted property, all improvements; fifty New York families have already made this their home; houses range from $7,000 to $15,000; also a few choice building plots for sale; terms and payments made satisfactory; write or call for booklets. Cornelius A. Baldwin, 30 Church St., N. Y., or 451 Summit Av., So. Orange, N. J.

Modernized Homestead.

WEST NUTLEY, N. J.—Comfortable, quaint home, 10 rooms and bath; all hardwood floors, steam heat, open fireplaces, gas and electric light; decorated; large veranda; also stable or garage; plot 114x163; more if wanted; large shade trees, fruit and garden; a show place; near station; will sell for $7,500, easy terms. Send for photo.
NUTLEY REALTY COMPANY,
West Nutley, N. J. 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

Country place at Little Falls, New Jersey, 16 miles from New York, ½ mile from Great Notch, Erie R. R.; 35 acres, large brownstone house and barn; would divide into two parcels, 24 and 11 acres, respectively; an excellent chance for a suburban home and acreage. For price address P. O. Box 155, Oradell, New Jersey.

Free tickets, free auto ride, free advice of expert real estate men in Westfield; our plots are high, dry, near everything; have good houses restricted, and are rapidly developing; $10 cash and 1 per cent. monthly buys any plot; the property is high class, but the terms are as easy as for any poor lots. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Bernardsville, N. J.—One hour from New York; sale or rent, 22 acres, 11-room house, completely furnished, hardwood floors, open fireplaces, electric light, running water, and all sanitary arrangements; garden and orchard; beautiful shade around house; coach house, 4-stalled stable; 1½ miles from station. J. W. Lent, Bernardsville, N. J.

$100.00 CASH SECURES A HOUSE,
balance like rent, purchases beautiful cottage, large rooms, all modern improvements; only 25 minutes from Broadway. Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

If you have $10 cash buy a plot in Manor Park, Westfield, and see it grow; fine sites with mountain views; trolley on the ground; near depot, &c.; very cheap and very good; restricted plots for good people. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Old Colonial house on a hill, Westfield; built 1802; 8 rooms; finest shade and fruit trees; plot 160x300; all improvements in street, but not in house; also small house; all for $6,000; $1,000 in cash. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

For Sale.—Plot of land at Morsemere, N. J., 50x100 feet; desirable location; two minutes from railroad station and trolley; good bargain for investment. C 51 Times, Times Square.

Rutherford, N. J.. Handiest and Best Suburb.—New cottage for small family, $5,000; $200 down and $20 per month; steam heat, electricity, and all improvements. Addison Ely, owner.

A fine building plot, 100x100; 8 minutes' walk from station, near trolley, Westfield, $800; $10 cash; balance $8 monthly; high land, beautiful views, fully restricted. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

New house, Westfield; high ground, near depot; all improvements; full decorations; 8 rooms; water, gas, sewer, electric light, heat, &c.; fine bargain; only $5,000; $500 cash, $55 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

To Rent—For season, on Shrewsbury River, 2 miles from Atlantic Highlands, N. J., private residence, furnished, 15 rooms, 3 bathrooms; dock, boathouse, and stable. Address C. Townsend, 276 Pearl St., N. Y.

Rutherford, N. J., Handiest and Best Suburb.—9-room house; all improvements; elegant location; steam heat, electricity, $9,000; $500 down, $60 per month. Addison Ely, owner.

Atlantic Highlands.—Fourteen new bungalows; sites, $150; easy terms; building loans obtainable; near shore, depot, and trolley. Morehouse, 168 Broadway, New York.

Ridgewood.—New seven-room house, every improvement; lot 100x200; beautiful trees; ideal spot; $5,000; terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Modern house, Westfield, $4,800; 9 rooms; big plot, all improvements; $1,000 cash, balance monthly; in rapidly growing location. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Five acres, near depot, Westfield; high ground, on main macadamized street; will make 50 large lots, only $5,000. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Two-family house at Westfield, $3,500; only $500 cash; balance monthly; one-half block to trolley; 12 minutes to depot. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Factory site, Garwood; best in town; high ground; 1,200x300; will divide; adjoins Bell Electric Co. plant. H. C. Lockwood, owner, 141 Broadway.

Big plot, Westfield, 50x175; one block to street cars, near depot; only $450; $10 cash, $5 monthly. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Farms, country homes, all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 71 Bible House, Manhattan.

Artistic Nutley houses $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

At Cooperstown, Otsego Lake, rent furnished, beautiful country residence, twenty acres; fine lawns, trees, tennis courts, stables; house twenty rooms, four bathrooms; superb views. Owner, 50 East 32d St.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN Cottage to rent, near Essex, N. Y., 6 rooms, furnished; ice, wood; fine beach; $150. E. W. LEANING, 230 Livingston Av., Albany, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

5 houses, 7 to 18 rooms; 4 Barns and Ice Houses, 54 Acres, 40 Woodland; 2,500 feet frontage on beautiful Lake St. Catherine; 2 miles from Poultney Station, Vermont.
Apply Christian, 1 West 34th St.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

163 ACRE FARM 4 miles from City New Haven, 50 cows, 8 horses; fine house, barns, and all buildings; extra bargain for gentleman's place, and money-making proposition; will be sold cheap. G. W. Munson, Milford, Conn.

300 water front and inland farms for sale; the mild climate of Maryland; the most healthful section; also most productive on the eastern shore; good facilities; good schools; catalogue. J. Waters Russell, Chestertown, Md.

Country Homes Near N. Y. City. **FARMS** I. J. Auerbach, 14 East 23d St., New York.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

At Ridgefield, Conn., 60 acres, 18-room house; all improvements; stable, &c.; price, $50,000; free and clear.
At North Roslyn, L. I., 70 acres, 14-room modern house; near station and boat; fine frontage; price, $75,000; make offer. Boulon Realty Company, 220 Broadway, N. Y. C.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

50 West 69th St.—Handsome four-story brownstone dwelling with 2-story extension; size 25x60x100; electric lights; hardwood floors; 14 rooms, 3 baths; rent moderate. [illegible]

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Barclay Building
299 Broadway. Corner Duane St.

A Strictly Modern—Absolutely Fireproof Building embodying every up-to-date improvement.

LIGHT OFFICES
Single and en Suite.
LARGE CORNER STORE FLOOR
Also Large, Light and Desirable Basement.

WM. C. WALKER'S SONS.
WRIGHT BARCLAY.
299 Broadway

Sixty Wall Street
THROUGH TO PINE ST.
Attractive Offices for Rent
including desirable suite on upper floor.
Privilege of Law Library without extra charge.
GEO. R. READ & CO., Agents,
60 Liberty St.

11790

Manhattan Life Building
66 Broadway through to 15 New St.
Direct Entrance to Subway. Convenient to Exchanges.
Attractive Offices,
Singly or En Suite.
Reasonable Rents
Geo. R. Read & Co., Agents
60 Liberty St.,
or on premises. (11783)

Bancroft Building
3-5-7 West 29th Street
Store and Basement containing 4550 sq. feet. Private elevator.
ALSO
LIGHT OFFICES,
suitable for architects, showrooms, etc.
HORACE S. ELY & CO.
27 West 30th St. 21 Liberty St.
or on premises.

MASONIC HALL
71 West 23d St.
46-50 West 24th St.
New Office Building with All Modern Improvements
A LOCATION WELL WORTH CONSIDERING
Apply to Superintendent on Premises

LOFTS 25x100. 50x100.
OFFICES, $120 PER YEAR UP.
530-534 Broadway,
Northeast Corner Spring St.

STORE AND BASEMENT, 25x92.
OFFICES, LARGE AND SMALL, $180 PER YEAR AND UP.
3 East 17th Street.
W. S. NORTON, Agent,
35 Nassau St. Tel. 5999—Cort.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

STORE & BASEMENT, 60x109
Engineering Building, Liberty St., nr B'way
Entrances on Liberty and Cedar Streets. Formerly occupied by Worthington Pump Co. Suitable for machinery business.
ALSO A FEW OFFICES WITH SHOPS ATTACHED
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, Agent,
9 Pine St. & 532 5th Ave., cor. 44th St.

25 Broad Street
WILL sublet at enormous sacrifice—2453 sq. feet on 4th floor to May, 1913
Suitable for Brokers' offices.
Apply to Warren & Skillin, 174 Fulton St.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings, TO LET
in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
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Chatham Nat'l Bank B'ldg
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A few choice, very desirable suites and single offices to let, suitable for lawyers and jewelers; rents low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Light Lofts
293 Seventh Avenue
NEAR 27TH ST.
Steel construction; passenger and freight elevators.
C. F. Bedell Co., Broadway and 37th St.

23 and 25 East 21st St., bet. B'way and 4th Av.; LOFT, 44x98.9; light, heat, and ventilation perfect; fireproof; lowest insurance rates; 2 elevators; rent low. Owner, third floor, or your own broker.

28TH ST. ARCADE.
118 East 28th St., near Subway.
STORES, OFFICES, SALESROOMS, AND STUDIOS AT MODERATE PRICES. APPLY ON PREMISES.

28TH ST., CORNER 1ST AV.
Loft containing 8,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

Factory, 50x95; six-story and basement; fireproof; whole or part; light on four sides; 415 and 417 East 93d St. Inquire Adam Happel, 408 East 93d St.

Amsterdam Av., (162d.)—Choice store and desirable offices to let in Jumel Building; very low rental. Apply Leo, Agent, on premises.

Columbus Circle, 811 West 59th St.—Lofts and offices in modern light elevator building. Apply on premises. Rent moderate.

To Sublet—Light corner office with attendance, especially suitable for professional man. Room 1610, 50 Broadway.

42-44 West 39th St.
Stores, Offices, Studios
FOR RENT
from $300 per annum up.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
309 Madison Av. Tel., 1000—M. Hill.

264 SPRING ST.
ENTIRE UPPER PART
Five floors, 22x35; heat and elevator; exceptionally low rent; possession now.
Wm. H. Whiting & Co.,
41 Park Row. Tel. 3900 Cortlandt.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

High Class Apartment Houses
WESTBOURNE COURT
S. E. Cor. 140th St. & Broadway
JUST COMPLETED
Largest and Best Finished Apartments on Washington Heights,
Suites of 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath with 6 & 7 closets to an Apartment.
Bedroom, size 12x18; Dining Room 12x18
RENT $800 TO $1,100.

THE BRIARCLIFF
S. E. Cor. Broadway & 162d St.
4, 5, 6 Rooms and Bath, Parquet Floors, with ample closet room.
RENT $420 TO $780.

RENAULT COURT
207 West 110th Street.
(Cathedral Parkway.)
Apartments of 4, 6, 8 Rooms and Bath
Bedrooms, 12x15. Dining Rooms, 12x14.
5 and 6 closets to Apartments.
$570 TO $1,200.

AMBASSADOR
S. E. Cor. 97th St. & Madison Av.
One & Room Apartment and 2 Baths
Inquire on premises. Can be seen evenings.
O. M. SILVERMAN & SON, Owners

GRAYDENE.
610 WEST 163D STREET,
between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Six and seven room apartments; elevator; all modern improvements; large light rooms; overlooking Hudson River; reasonable rental.
Cross & Brown, agents,
84th Street and Fifth Avenue.
Or Superintendent on premises.

The Belfort Elevator Apartment, corner Hamilton Ave. and Post St., near Van Cortlandt Park, in refined neighborhood; 45 minutes to 42d Street; offers to desirable discriminating people, 6, 7, 8, 10 very handsome, all outside rooms at $40, $50, $60, $70; a superior service furnished; no better surroundings can be desired; booklet on request. Gerbereux Co., 369 South Broadway, Yonkers.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

245 WEST 135TH ST.,
125 feet from "L" station; surface cars pass the door; elegant Apartment, nine rooms and bath; hot and cold water, steam heat, electricity; $55; another Apartment, $50. W. L. Bruen, 255 Broadway.

$400-$575 year; five, six room apartments; latest improvements. 39-41 West 128th.

East Side.

THE BELLA
48 E. 26th St.—High-class elevator apartment, 6 or 8 rooms and bath, $1,300 and $2,000; convenient to theatres, Subway, elevated railroad. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

72 E. 122D ST.
Single flat, 8 large outside rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water; renovated throughout; plenty closets; parquet floors if desired; rent $50.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $32.
Large, light rooms. Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations. HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 935 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

Brooklyn.

7 rooms and bath, brick, hardwood, two-family dwelling; private halls, dumbwaiter, gas range, steam, janitor; one minute from L station; 22 minutes to New York; only $23. Henry L. Redfield, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

Two, three, four, light outside rooms in high-class apartment hotel, $30-$38; ten minutes to Wall St. 62 Montague St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

76th, 55 East, (Central Park.)—Seven rooms, bathrooms; furnishing, improvements, complete, short, long term.

485 Columbus Av.—Three-room suite; housekeeping; bath; hot water; all conveniences; reasonable. Flaherty.

Furnished mezzanine studio apartment, nine rooms, bath; April to November. Fosdick, 38 West 67th St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Furnished apartment by two bachelors for Summer months. Z 181 Times Downtown.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Wanted to Rent—Office in hotel, by public [illegible] hotel experience. C 80 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
West Side.

Euclid Hall
Broadway, West Side,
85th and 86th Sts.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths. Very large and light. Every up-to-date convenience. Passenger and servant Elevator Service. Mail Chutes, Telephones, &c.
RENTS, $2,400 A YEAR

Buckingham Court,
312 West 99th St.
All-night elevator service.
Eight large, light rooms and two baths.
RENTS, $1,200 to $1,800 A YEAR

Covent Garden
APARTMENTS.
St. Nicholas Terrace, between 129th & 130th Sts., overlooking Colonial Park.
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC LIGHT.
LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms
AND 2 BATHS.
RENTS $40 TO $90.
Finest Location on Washington Heights.

St. Nicholas Court,
746 St. Nicholas Ave.
Elevator service and steam heat. 4-6-7 large, light rooms, $42½ to $60.

Earls Court,
108-116 W. 141st St.
5 and 6 Rooms
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
$32.50 to $50.00 per Month.

APPLY MANHATTAN LEASING CO.,
149 Church St.,
OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

Cross Chambers
210 5th Ave.
Apartment of 2 rooms and bath to sublet; overlooking Madison Square Park; all improvements. Apply James E. Ball, Supt.

Washington & Jefferson,
324-328 WEST 51ST ST.
Beautiful, modern apartments, six and eight large, light rooms; electricity; elevator. Apply Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

Life Building Apartment
21 WEST 31ST.
For rent, unfurnished, 4 rooms and bath, $1,500. Immediate possession. Apply William Harvey, Supt.

First single apartment of seven rooms,
103 WEST 88TH STREET.
Fine order; private house block; suitable doctor, &c.; rent $32. Apply on premises.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2067—Bryant.

93d St., 46 West—One flight; eight rooms and bath, $60; seven rooms and bath, $50; all large and light.

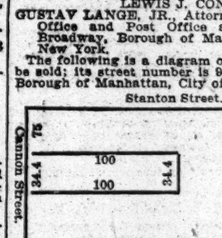
PENNSYLVANIA—SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET
PITTSBURGH STOREROOM,
One of the best locations in Pittsburgh, with large floor space; full information from
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
Commonwealth Bldg., Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For Rent.—2,000 elevation; lake-highland district, Pa.; 14 lakes in township; scantily furnished five-room cottage, also outdoor dining room and kitchen; big fireplace; small barn; 15 minutes' walk from O. & W. station; $150.00 for Summer season; owner going abroad; must rent now; no tuberculosis patients. M. M., 514 Elm St., Dunmore Station, Scranton, Pa.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—GUSTAV LANGE, Plaintiff, against PHILLIP SOLLOW and others, Defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 3d day of March, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of March, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Cannon Street, distant seventy-five feet southwardly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of Stanton Street with the easterly side of Cannon Street; running thence southwardly along said easterly side of Cannon Street thirty-four feet and four inches; thence easterly parallel with Stanton Street and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred feet; thence northwardly parallel with Cannon Street thirty-four feet four inches, and thence westerly again parallel with Stanton Street one hundred feet to the point or place of beginning, be said several distances and dimensions more or less.
Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.
LEWIS J. CONLAN, Referee.
GUSTAV LANGE, JR., Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office address No. 257 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 98 Cannon Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is ten thousand one hundred and fifty-seven and 36-100 dollars, ($10,157.36,) with interest thereon from the 25th day of February, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to five hundred and sixty-six and 5-100 dollars, ($566.05,) with interest from March 8d, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is nine hundred and forty-five and 2-100 dollars ($945.02) and interest. The property will be sold subject to a first mortgage amounting to thirty-seven thousand dollars, ($37,000,) with interest from December 1st, 1908, at five (5) per cent. per annum. The property will also be sold subject to all violations of the Tenement House Department of the City of New York, and any state of facts which an accurate survey might disclose.
Dated New York, March 8th, 1910.
LEWIS J. CONLAN, Referee.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

DEPEW, DELIA C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank V. Millard, Surrogate of the County of Westchester, notice is hereby given that the undersigned intend to apply to the said Surrogate of Westchester County for letters of administration on the estate of Delia C. Depew, late of the Town of Cortlandt, County of Westchester, State of New York, under and in pursuance of the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and to have the penalty of their bond as such administrators limited as provided in said section of the Code of Civil Procedure; and all creditors having claims against the estate of said decedent are hereby notified and required to present their claims to the said Surrogate of the County of Westchester at his office, in the County Court House, in the Town of White Plains, County of Westchester, and State of New York, on or before the 20th day of April, 1910.
Dated New York, March 14th, 1910.
JAMES W. FINCH.
EDWARD F. HILL.

To Advertisers

Advertisements for insertion in next Sunday's New York Times should be in The Times Building not later than NOON FRIDAY, March 18.

Last Sunday's Times contained 163 columns of high-class advertising.

The New York Times

INSTRUCTION.

GERMAN
FRENCH, ITALIAN, SPANISH, ETC.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
MADISON SQUARE, (1,129 BROADWAY).
Harlem Branch: 243 Lenox Av., near 131st St.
Brooklyn 215 Livingston St.
SUMMER SCHOOL AT ASBURY PARK, N. J.
Teachers sent to all places within 100 miles.

THE ITALIAN SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
315 5TH AV., COR. 32D ST.
Our "LOGICAL METHOD" enables pupils to use the new Language from the first lesson, and teaches them in 20 lessons how to make themselves understood when traveling. Native graduated teachers for all Languages.

Hotels and Restaurants

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 3473 Murray.

5th Avenue Restaurant
A la carte Table d'hote $1.50
5th Ave Bldg. 5th Ave. and 24th St.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

ISLESWORTH
ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AV.
300 rooms, with fresh and sea water in all baths. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily. European plan, $1.50 up daily. Special weekly terms.
FRANK M. PHOEBUS, Manager. WM. HYMAN, Prop.

NEW DUNLOP FIRE-PROOF
Pacific and Kentucky Ares. Most Central Location.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
200 large outside rooms, with or without bath. Every appointment. Special spring terms on American plan. $1 up daily European plan. ROBERT T. DUNLOP, Manager, formerly of Hotel Dunlop on the Boardwalk.

Most Modern and Leading Moderate Rate Hotel.
ALBEMARLE Virginia Ave., near Beach.
New throughout; 100 sunny front rooms; private baths; steam heat; elevators; sun parlors; superior accommodations at special rate, $8, $10, $12.50 up wkly., $2.00 up daily, including excellent table; own farms and dairy. White service. Music. Booklet. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. J. P. COPE.

HOTEL GLADSTONE,
Atlantic City, N. J.
Directly on the beach. Rooms en suite, with baths, with hot and cold salt water. Sun parlor. Elevator to street level. Booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

Hotel Iroquois South Carolina Ave. and Beach.
Capacity 400; one of the most modern and up-to-date hotels. 100 front, ocean side sunny rooms; private baths; elevator, steam heat, music, sun parlor, white service, elegant table. Special Spring rates; $12 to $20 weekly; $2.50 and up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
APRIL
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND
S. Car. Av. and Beach; private baths; elevator to street level; sun parlor; capacity 250; superior table; special Spring rates; booklet; afternoon tea served. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL LAMBORN,
Atlantic City, ocean end Maryland Av. Capacity 250; elevator to street level; private baths, sun parlor, etc.; Spring rates; booklet. JULIA A. MILLER.

WIENER'S HOTEL
New Jersey Av. & Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. Entirely refurnished and under personal supervision of MR. WIENER of Phila. catering fame. Special Rates for Easter, $25 per couple upwards.

BERKSHIRE INN Open all year. Ocean end Virginia Av. $2 up daily, $8 to $17 wkly. Private Baths. Rooms, running water. Elevator. Sun Parlor. Cap. 300. 11th season. J. E. DICKINSON.

NEW BERKELEY Kentucky Ave. and Boardwalk. Ocean view rooms with private bath. Special Spring rates. Fairbanks & Mackenthun.

New Holland New York Av., near beach; homelike; $8.00 up weekly; booklets. M. J. LEE.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK P. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

Enjoy Ideal Suburban Life at the New
Hotel Clinton
Located in the prettiest section of
East Orange, N. J.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOTEL GRAFTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
AMERICAN PLAN.
Connecticut Avenue and De Sales St.
A new, modern, high-class hotel, in the centre of the fashionable residential section of the city. Refined accommodations at reasonable rates.
HARRINGTON MILLS.

MICHIGAN.

Mineral Baths cure Rheumatism and Nervous and Blood Diseases. Illustrated Guide Free. Write F. R. Eastman, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

BERLIN 1 UNTER DEN LINDEN
Cables: ADLONUM BERLIN
Facing Famous Brandenburg Gate
Hotel Adlon
The Select Home of American Society & European Aristocracy
Descriptive Pamphlets, Tariff and information from the American Office, 281 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Under Personal Supervision of Owner Mr. Lorenz Adlon.

HOTEL COBURG
BERLIN, N. W.
Directly opposite Frederick St. Station; best situation for visitors to the American exhibition. Same comfort as palatial hotels, by moderate prices, and homelike stay.
Before you start on your European tour secure booklets of Berlin's leading hotel. Write Town and Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y., for Bristol booklet.
Booklets on Brussels and its great 1910 exhibition free from Town and Country, 389 5th [illegible]

AUCTION SALES

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS and BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, March 16th, 1910,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOMS,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

25 shs. 42d Street & Grand Street Ferry R. R.
50 shs. American District Telegraph Co. of Bklyn.
20 shs. General Electric Co.
2 shs. Bank of America.
10 shs. Chi., Mil. & St. Paul Ry. common.
2 shs. Chi., Mil. & St. Paul Ry. pfd.
10 shs. American Sugar Refining Co. pfd.
3 Purchase Money 6 p. c. 2d Mtges. of $5,000 each on 169 and 171 East 99th St., due Aug., 1910, bonds of Sabato Capo & Giuseppe Terrara, respectively, subject to 1st Mtg. of $16,000 each.
$5,579.70 judgment against Samuel Goldstein in favor of De Witt Bailey, Executor, recovered in Supreme Court, Kings Co., Nov. 23d, 1909.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
1 share Clinton Hall Association.
50 shs. Fidelity Trust Co. of Newark, N. J.
15 shs. Union County Trust Co. of Elizabeth, N. J.
25 shs. Union Nat'l Bank of Newark, N. J.
50 shs. Public Service Corporation of N. J.
204 15-100 shs. Prudential Ins. of America.
250 shs. Prudential Insurance of America.
77 68-100 shs. Prudential Insurance of America.
50 shs. Prudential Insurance of America.
140 shs. Mechanics & Metals Natl. Bank.
15 shs. National Reserve Bank of N. Y.
1,000 shs. Vulcan Mining, Smelting & Refining Co.
10 shs. Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph Co. of U. S.
175 shs. American District Telegraph Co. of N. J.
59 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
26 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
50 shs. St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Co. Pfrd.
$10,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Co. 1st Mtge. 4½ p. c. Gold Bonds.
$10,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Co. 1st Mtge. 4½ p. c. Gold Bonds.
$

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Certificate of stock of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, No. A36,171 for ten shares, in the name of Effingham Lawrence & Co. Suitable reward will be paid for the return of the stock to Wm. A. Main, 214 Broadway, New York City.

LOST OR STOLEN—100 shares Wisconsin Central Railway Company Common Stock Voting Trust Certificate numbered 3,236, the transfer of which has been stopped. Return to Clinton R. Weeden, Administrator, Providence, R. I.

LOST.—Between 86th and 96th Sts. on Columbus Av. car and Central Park West, on Sunday morning, a brooch, consisting of diamonds, rubies, and emeralds. A liberal reward given when returned to 143 West 86th St.

LOST—Deed, in the name of "Laura M. Webster," for Lot No. 24 in Section 121, Mount Moria Cemetery; application has been made for duplicate deed. Return to Laura M. Webster, 132 Nassau St., Room 316.

LOST.—On Monday afternoon, March 14, between 46th St. and 5th Av. and 59th St. and 6th Av., small oval diamond brooch, with four rubies. Reward. Taylor, 354 5th Av.

LOST—A garnet cross and gold chain, between West 76th St. and Hoboken, by way of Hudson Tunnels from Christopher St.; reward. E. Rothwell, 144 West 76th St.

LOST—Black lynx neckpiece, in Brooklyn express Subway train at 110th St. Tuesday morning. Return to Miss Abrahams, 1,043 Trinity Av., Bronx. Reward.

LOST.—On Saturday evening, in the vicinity of 34th or 42d St. and Broadway, black lynx muff, with tails. Reward. Address C Box 54 Times, Times Square.

LOST—March 13, old locket, lady's head and diamond, monogram "L. C. M.," containing photo. Reward. Apartment 52, 3,875 Broadway, 162d St.

LOST—Liberal reward; one diamond, on Pennsylvania 10 o'clock limited from Washington Tuesday, March 8; no questions asked. S., 80 Madison Av.

LOST—Late Sunday night, gold locket fob, fraternal emblem on front, monogram "A. W. C." on back; liberal reward. Clarendon, 18 Warren St.

LOST—On Feb. 26, Hudson Theatre or between Times Square and West 91st St., gold bead necklace; liberal reward. B 152 Times, Times Square.

$15 REWARD.—Gold lorgnette, lost March 9, between 40th St. and 5th Av. and 30th St. Tiffany & Co. Fifth Avenue, 37th St.

LOST—One gold monogram fob, initials "J A." Suitable reward. Return to Room 642, Hotel Knickerbocker.

$100 REWARD for the recovery of three cases of rubber, stolen from truck at 18th St. and 10th Av., Thursday P. M., March 10; no questions asked. John J. Finn, 25 Water St.

LOST—Pearl and gold handle lorgnette marked "G. S. A.;" also gold rope chain, Saturday night, between Cafe de l'Opera and Prince George Hotel. Finder rewarded at hotel, Room 325.

LOST—Bankbook No. 13,501, Yorkville Bank, Special Deposit Department, issued to Della H. Neuhof, in trust for Dorothy Neuhof; payment stopped; return to bank.

LOST—Fur neckpiece, Sunday night, between 118 West 74th St. and 72d St. Subway. Finder please return to Miss Simpson, 157 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn; reward.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Toy French poodle; finder please return; reward, and no questions asked. Mrs. Davidson, 220 Hewes St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST.—White bull terrier, one of nails missing, in vicinity of Newkirk Av. station. Reward offered. Owner, 684 East 19th St., Flatbush.

LOST.—Small tan female pet dog. Liberal reward. Curtis, Hudson Arms, 179th and Fort Washington Av.

LOST.—King Charles, white with orange spots. Liberal reward. Edward Isaacs, 530 West 112th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, March 14.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Shirt, rule, coat hangers, mop. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, 2 purses, wallet, drawings, gloves, rosary, hat, shoes, overalls, underwear, piece fur, muff, O. C. bag, iron, phonograph record. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Handbag, shoes, 1 eyeglass, 3 purses, pair eyeglasses, book, mail matter, 2 rosaries, shoes and coat, pair shoes, overalls, samples cloth, bedsheet, vest, muff, napkins, china, &c., net. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Four umbrellas, 1 pair gloves, handbag, basin, &c., roll papers, bottle milk, tea, overalls, steel, fountain pen. SUBWAY—Umbrella, cane, 4 purses, 2 handbags, 3 pairs eyeglasses, glove, roll papers, book, 2 hats, grip, clock, milkshaker, musical instrument, starch, apron, underwear, towels, dress goods, 2 muffs, photograph, rule, lamp fixture, society emblem, pictures, rubber coat.

FOUND, March 15.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Fur, package, scarf.

FOUND, March 15.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N. J. Apply 60 Liberty St., City: Book package, brushes, book, muff, key, umbrella and dress, book, cardcase, mail, neckpiece, bundle, package of papers, umbrella.

FOUND, March 15.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Three packages, muff.

FOUND, March 15.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, umbrella, pair gloves.

FOUND, March 15.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Two books, five packages.

FOUND, March 15.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: R. R. TRAINS: Two pair gloves, four packages, bundle, three umbrellas, school pin, pair gloves, underwear, hat, two umbrellas, book, cap, flashlight, some papers, hair brushes, two nightgowns, cards and pins, pajamas, rubbers, tooth brush and powder. DINING CAR—Pair eyeglasses. JERSEY CITY STATION—Book, four pieces leather. CORTLANDT ST. BOAT—Package. 23D STREET BOAT—Lady's handbag.

FOUND, March 15.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master, Weehawken, N. J.: Package.

FOUND, March 15.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—Night dress, cuffs and buttons, soft hat, 2 caps, pair gloves, horn, nightshirt, scarf pin.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOK, young woman, north of Ireland, Protestant, competent; excellent references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 Sixth Av., (38th St.)

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel., 486 Morningside.

NURSE, or mother's helper, by competent young woman; babies or children; personal references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SOLE AGENCY for all United States, with capital, for an A1 proposition. American Patent Chair Co., 77 Sackett St., Jersey City.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN,
REQUIRE several saleswomen of neat appearance and good address for the following departments:
CANDY, LACES, MILLINERY SALON, READY-TO-WEAR HATS, BOYS' CLOTHING, AND JEWELRY. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.
ALSO,
ALTERATION DEPARTMENT.—Can use several thoroughly experienced fitters on women's suits and gowns. Apply to Manager of Workroom, 5th floor.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER WANTED. Salmon, 728 Lorimer St., Brooklyn.

BLOOMINGDALE BROS.
REQUIRE
EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN
FOR CUT FLOWERS,
FLOWERING PLANTS,
SUITS AND CLOAKS,
WAISTS, PETTICOATS,
READY TO WEAR HATS,
HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
Apply to Supt., 8 to 10 A. M., Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Protestant preferred; reference. Call before 1 o'clock; car fare paid. 64 West 92d St., New York.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

GIRLS.
R. H. MACY & CO.
require several girls, 16 to 18 years of age, as parcel wrappers; permanent positions with excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply at office of General Manager.

MILLINERY.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced saleswomen for their Millinery Department. Apply at office of General Manager,

R. H. MACY & CO., require several bright young women over 18 years of age for clerical work. Apply at office of General Manager.

SOLICITOR.—Intelligent young lady solicitor can earn good wages selling new publication. Call from 7 to 9 P. M., 320 Broadway, Room 1,022.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced; state salary expected and experience. T. C., Box 29 Grand Central Branch P. O.

WANTED AT ONCE—Woman to take out bundle washing. Apply Apartment 11A, Hotel Narragansett, 93d St. and Broadway, before 10 A. M. or after 6 P. M.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. 'Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHAUFFEUR and COACHMAN, who can care for gentleman's place; some gardening; Summit, N. J.; good wages. Write full particulars; good references required. P. O. Box 1,438.

CUTTER.
R. H. MACY & CO.
require an assistant cutter on custom shirts. Apply at office of General Manager.

EXPERIENCED hands for engine lathe. Schaeffer & Duedenberg Mfg. Co., 963 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

LOT SALESMAN, who can successfully sell cheap property; highest commission. Fisk, 45 Broadway, city.

MANAGER.
We have a business open 24 hours a day and operating a string of branch offices throughout the city. We need a night manager about 35 or 40 years old in one (or two) of these offices. A level-headed man of good judgment with some executive ability and a working knowledge of electricity; a permanent position with good salary to right man. Address, stating age, experience, and customary salary, Z 133 Times Downtown.

MEN wanted to prepare for Railway Mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 249 M. Rochester, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN, Insurance Canvassers, Book Agents.—A chance to make big money selling medium-priced well-advertised lots and plots; only live, up-to-date men need apply. A. Greenbaum, Mgr., 25 Church St., New York City.

SALESMEN.—High-grade salesmen for exclusive line of goods with no competition; commission basis only; must have best references. 830 Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for Russian antique glass and copper business; none other need apply. Russian Antique Importing Company, 118-26 Walker St.

SALESMAN in wholesale clothing; drummer that has city or near-by trade; experienced; salary or commission. Apply between 4 and 6 P. M., Samilson, 18 East Broadway.

SALESMAN—Wanted for ladies' and children's straw and felt hats; experience necessary. Call between 12 and 2 P. M. Max Malkin, 59 Crosby St., city.

SALESMAN capable of selling roach powder to department stores, druggists, &c., on commission. Roach, 148 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN.—One of the strongest realty companies will pay good commissions and expenses; must be high grade, have record as producers; unquestionable references. Suite 803, 160 Broadway.

Wanted—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 101 Park Row, New York; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—An A1 wall paper salesman to cover Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey; must be thoroughly acquainted with trade and conditions in this territory; splendid opening for a competent man; none but experienced wall plaster salesmen need apply. Box A 67 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Factory clerk to go out of town, experienced in making up payrolls and cost accounting, also in stenography and typewriting. Z 134 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Protestant American working housekeeper; only those needing refined home and willing to work for it need apply; reference. Call any evening, 7-9, 151 West 93d St.

WANTED—A strong, active boy, 14 to 16 years, well recommended. Apply in own handwriting to P. O. Box 1,334, New York.

General.

SALESMEN WANTED. — No experience needed; hundreds of positions now open paying from $100 to $500 monthly; if you want a good position our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get it; write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D Flatiron Bldg., New York Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, Stenographers, Law Stenographers, Salesmen, Superior Office Help, furnished free of charge. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St. 'Phone 4470—Murray Hill.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, or office assistants, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. 973 Franklin.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

SECRETARY.—Must be stenographer; law experience preferred; good salary. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, ladies' maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

BLOOM'S BUREAU, 747 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class Scandinavian help. 'Phone 4887—Plaza.

DUNCAN'S HELP EXCHANGE, 250 West 133d.—Reliable colored help; investigated references. Telephone Morningside—5078.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4C96—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY,
Employment Office,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Housekeepers, governesses, visiting and resident; also competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

MRS. DICKINSON,
Co-Operative Emp. Bureau,
331 Madison Av. 'Phone 3734 Murray Hill.
Bureau supplies high-class household servants, male, female; references personally investigated; waitresses, cooks supplied for dinners, luncheons; entertainer for children's parties.

MISS WILD,
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1,011-15-17.
Tel. 2943-2944 Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated; circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Nellson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, confidential and reliable clerk; apt, willing, and adaptable; experience eight years. Z 125 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID.—By German girl, just arrived, as chambermaid; best references. C 49 Times, Times Square.

COOK and BUTLER.—Couple, middle aged, reliable, cook and butler; private family, or take full charge bachelors' apartments; A1 references. Scholz, 502 East 79th St.

COOK, Scotch, would like work by the day; best city references. Anderson, 106 Greenville Av., Jersey City, N. J.

COOK, $25; laundress, $22; houseworker, $15. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. 741—River.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHER and typewriter desires to make change; 3½ years with last employer; well recommended; salary, $15. Z 128 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, stenographer; three years' experience with clothing house; reference. "G. B.," 210 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—As managing housekeeper; 15 years' experience; best references; executive ability; capable of taking entire charge of all arrangements. Y 154 Times, Times Square.

NURSE.—Graduate nurse desires to accompany patient abroad; references. O., 934 South Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; operates all standard machines; has executive ability; uses discretion; first-class references from former employers; competent to fill difficult position; $15; no agencies. Qualified, Z 122 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent experience, ability, and education; thorough business training. Robson, 548 West 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER and phonograph operator; 5 years' experience; salary, $15; references. Permanent, 23 Avenue A.

STENOGRAPHER, 22, take entire charge of office; five years' experience. D., 50 West 12th St.

SWITCHBOARD operator desires position; experienced; good reference. M. McGloin, 232 Broadway, Astoria, N. Y.

VASSAR senior desires Summer position as secretary or companion. C 53 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Positions for bright, ambitious girls, 17 to 19 years of age, as stenographers, bookkeepers, &c. F. B. Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St.

YOUNG LADY (17) desires position as assistant bookkeeper or clerical work; would prefer to work Sundays instead of Saturdays; references. F. B. Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St.

YOUNG WOMAN (college graduate) desires position on newspaper, magazine, or with publishing house, or as secretary; editorial experience and highest reference. C 52 Times, Times Square.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTING, ALL BRANCHES.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited; systems installed; experts of wide practical experience; highest references among bank and commercial clients; reasonable rates.
Address ACCOUNTICS,
No. 225 5th Av. Tel. No. 7180—Mad. Square.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 880 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; opens, closes, balances, disentangles, audits books; $5 monthly; kept part time accurately. Accountant, 51 John St. 'Phone 2327 John.

ADVERTISER, (27,) eight years' clerical experience, desires evening work; references. C 56 Times, Times Square.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, (27,) neat, reliable, accurate, offers services; $12; unquestionable references. C 46 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited; systems installed, corporations organized; collection accounts; advantageous arrangements; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—Reliable, experienced, and thoroughly competent, with highest references for ability, honesty, and sobriety; moderate salary. L. Deery, 230 West 27th St., City.

BOOKKEEPER (21) desires a position with chance for advancement; A1 references. A. F. H., 128 Broadway, Room 1,304.

BOOKKEEPER. — Capable; energetic; five years' practical business experience. Success, 130 Times Downtown.

BOY (17) wishes position where advancement is assured to an earnest worker, honest, reliable, and neat; can furnish best of reference. Bernard Moskowitz, 568 Fox St., Bronx, N. Y.

BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT BOY, (16,) highly recommended, desires employment after 3:30 P. M. until 8 P. M.; can operate a typewriter. F. B. Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St.

CARPENTER, first class, wants position; understands plans; experienced on new and alteration buildings, store fixtures, mechanism of mill; also jobbing, rope splicing. Knopf, 134 Avenue C.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CARETAKER.—English couple wishes to take care of gentleman's residence; man steady position; no incumbrances; highest references. C 16 Times, Times Square.

CASHIER or manager, in banking house, or N. Y. Stock Exchange firm; twenty years' experience; highest references. Address Advertiser, 70 West 50th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Six years' experience; speaks several languages; wants position with private family; highest reference. Kennedy, 3,458 Broadway, Apartment 3.

CHAUFFEUR, A1 mechanic, drives and repairs Fiat Itala, Renault, Rainler, perfectly; references. Renault, 257 E. 29th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; 6 months' mechanical experience; finest personal references. H. W. Schutte, 1,685 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—25, neat, sober; three years' experience; best reference; go anywhere. L., 1,830 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Good references; go anywhere. R. B. Lemieux, 39 High St., Brunswick, Me.

CLERK.—Young man, 20, wishes position as stock or shipping clerk in millinery or clothing house; can furnish best of references. C Box 38 Times, Times Square.

COMPOSITOR.—A1 two-thirder wishes steady position only. Care A. Buchert, 96 Reade St.

DESIGNER.—I am a good designer on waists and dresses in any material that may be wanted; good pattern cutter and grader; can take charge of any factory; an interview may lead to mutual advantage. Z 139 Times Downtown.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week, shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

GARDENER, 25 years' practical experience on two continents in all branches of gardening, inside, out, fruit, farming, poultry, &c., seeks position as manager on country estate; landscape gardening a specialty; excellent references; age, 40, married, no children. C 57 Times, Times Square.

GARDENER.—Married, no children; 16 years' experience in all branches of gardening; best of references. M. W. B., 14 Ashburton Place, Yonkers, N. Y.

GOOD TYPEWRITING.
Brokers, business houses; getting out special work; expert; reasonable; 200 envelopes in hour. Ingils, 'phone 2220 Broad. Hours from 4 P. M. on.

MECHANIC, electrician, experimenter, Austrian, young, willing, wishes position with an aeronautical concern as aviator or mechanic. T. Roman, 493 East 168th St.

SALESMAN, good following and connections, desires lines to represent in Boston. C 50 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG LAWYER, 12 years' experience in real estate law and matters generally, at present employed by corporation, wishes management of large estate or employment by real estate interests. C 58 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN of 16 desires permanent position in office; knowledge of double-entry bookkeeping; good penman; ambitious; would start on $6; bond if required. Z 127 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, at present employed by manufacturing clothing concern, desires change in firm; understands bookkeeping thoroughly. Zehngebot, 240 East 119th St.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 20, thoroughly experienced in office routine, wishes position where good services will be appreciated. Z 132 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, experienced clerk, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position; best reference. Z 120 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, good penman, desires position; best references. Joseph Recht, 412 East 79th St.

YOUNG married man wishes position at anything; willing and obliging. Hannon, 1,651 Cruger Av., Van Nest, N. Y.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Well furnished suites and single; good table; handsome parlor; suitable doctor.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; homelike; telephone; excellent board; $7.

47TH ST., 4 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent board; parlor dining rooms; telephone; references exchanged.

64TH ST. 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, finely furnished; southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms, comfortably furnished; table guests accommodated; references. Telephone 6066—Col.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Sunny third story front room; private bath; room telephone; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable suite; private bath; single room; moderate; references; table guests.

80TH ST., 141 WEST.—One outside hall room, very comfortable; table guests received; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Rooms, with good board; home cooking specialty; parlor dining room.

81ST, 118 WEST. — Bright, sunny single room; Virginia cooking; table board; telephone 9992 Schuyler.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Large, newly furnished rooms, with board; office, reception room, for physician.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Large room adjoining bath; small room; excellent table; business people; telephone.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; medium-sized room; L, Subway, references.

149TH ST., 542-546 WEST, near Broadway Subway.—Healthiest, prettiest section in city; "The Audubon," high-grade rooms and board; large, pleasant room, $17 for two; another, $15; smaller room, $7; every comfort; parlor dining; dining rooms, reception parlor, private telephones; booklet on request.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone, 783—Bryant.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
BROADWAY AT 215TH STREET.
TELEPHONE AUDUBON 943.
Magnificently furnished suite of three very large rooms; gorgeously decorated, running hot, cold water; house situated on immense grounds overlooking Harlem River, Spuyten Duyvil; single rooms; SUPERIOR TABLE; table guests; garage; SUBWAY STATION AT ENTRANCE.

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1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike, first-class table board can be had at above address.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—Can accommodate a couple; lovely large room; private; good table.

61ST ST., 152 EAST.—Well-furnished rooms; every convenience; excellent table; Jewish house; table board.

73D ST., 12 EAST.—Lady offers sunny double room, running water, excellent table; references required.

IRVING PLACE, 71. — Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5—Overlooking Wall St.; Subway; 5 minutes Broadway, New York; large, small rooms; river view; neighborhood, house high class; table, choicest products New York markets. 705 Main.

PARK SLOPE, 902 PRESIDENT ST.—Double and single rooms; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

New Jersey.

LARGE, sunny rooms with board at 155 Summit Av., Summit, N. J.

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New Jersey.

LARGE, sunny rooms with board at 155 Summit Av., Summit, N. J.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

A.—7½% DIVIDENDS.
Time-tested, proven, dependable, permanent dividend-paying stock of established, successful New York City corporation of highest reputation and with a $50,000 credit standing.
To secure increased operating facilities they offer the remaining unsold portion of a limited amount of 6% treasury stock at a price that will yield you 7½ per cent.
W. W. HEROY, Real Estate,
29-31-33 West 42d St., New York.

OVER 500,000 selected investors' names successfully used in financing large corporation, can be purchased at great bargain. Address, call, or telephone J. D. BROOKS, 35 Wall. Tel. 7537—Hanover.

Established business requires in

TO BESIEGE GAYNOR FOR A QUIET FOURTH

Anti-Noise Society Hopes to Persuade Him to Stop the Old-Style Celebration.

HEARS THAT HE'S FOR IT

And Alderman Nicoll Tells the Society the Mayor Is Mighty Hard to Turn Once He's Made Up His Mind.

Alderman Courtlandt Nicoll told the members of the Society for the Suppression of Unnecessary Noise at their third annual meeting in the apartments of Mrs. Isaac L. Rice on the fourteenth floor of the Hotel Ansonia last night that he had information that Mayor Gaynor likes the good old-fashioned Fourth of July with all its noisy trimmings, and as many giant fire crackers as the boyhood of the city, in its abundance of personal freedom, may wish to set off.

This version of the Mayor's letter on the subject stirred the members of the society, who evidently had not read it when it was printed, and forthwith they proceeded to reach an immediate conclusion about the Mayor. It was that they would declare a campaign against his Honor until "his life should be made so miserable that he would gladly reform the coming Fourth."

The specific weapons to be used in the campaign were designated as the telephone, which was to be kept ringing both at the Mayor's home and at his office, beseeching interviews about the relationship of giant firecrackers to the destruction of life and property, personal visits, which are to be made in season and out of season to such an extent that the Mayor's secretary will always have a waiting list of anti-noise crusaders, and letters of every variety from the extreme of calm to the extreme of indignation.

The campaign is to be launched at once, as Alderman Nicoll assured the women of the society that he "had found Mayor Gaynor a very hard person to turn from any direction he was inclined to take once he had made up his mind to go that way." The women, who dislike all noise that isn't necessary, at once determined not to let the Mayor get any more start of them than was absolutely necessary.

Alderman Nicoll came to the meeting with a white waistcoat and a flower pinned to his lapel, and was acclaimed as the best friend the anti-noise movement had. Several of those who heard his rather diffident remarks on the fate of the anti-noise ordinance he is fathering in the Board of Aldermen were hardly prepared for the definiteness with which he proclaimed the issue when he turned to speak of Mayor Gaynor.

"The situation is simply this," he said, after he had explained that it would be hopeless to try to get his ordinance adopted this year. "Mayor Gaynor is a great believer in personal liberty, and he has already taken snap judgment as to the Fourth of July, saying that personally he feels in favor of the old-fashioned kind of a Fourth.

"Now that means that Mayor Gaynor will be personally responsible for the kind of Fourth that this city experiences this Summer, and as I have found it very hard to get the Mayor to go in any other way than that in which he is inclined to go, I hope that every one here will proceed to make his life unhappy until he changes his mind on this important question.

"I know one way that the Fourth could be controlled, but it would take Mayor Gaynor's personal approval. That would be for the Fire Commissioner to refuse to issue permits to sell fireworks. He has the power under the law to designate on what days fireworks shall be sold, and to prohibit their sale altogether. If he should fail to name any days for making sales this year he could thus control the holiday.

"But to learn the exact condition in this matter I went to see Commissioner Waldo. He said to me that he felt the Fourth of July was a holiday about which sentiment was pretty deep rooted, and that, as he was an appointive officer, he felt it his duty to take orders in regard to the day from an elective officer, leaving the latter to determine what kind of a Fourth the people want. That means he plans to do as Mayor Gaynor wishes.

"I found that Commissioner Waldo had made a full study of the whole problem and had gathered much data about it, all of which he had forwarded to Mayor Gaynor.

"Now that brings the question to a status where it is closely interwoven with Mayor Gaynor's feelings about personal liberty. And knowing the Mayor's feelings on this subject, I have not seen fit to bring my anti-noise bill up for consideration at this time. Really I cannot advise you to wait for that bill, but to try to suppress the noisy Fourth with the laws already at your disposal. Mayor Gaynor is custodian for a great deal of valuable city property that will be imperiled by fire if an unrestrained Fourth is celebrated, and I am sure that if you ladies bring this fact prominently to his attention he cannot fail to reverse himself as to his snap judgment and to advise that it would be unwise for the Fire Commissioner to allow the sale of firecrackers and skyrockets."

The minute Alderman Nicoll had completed his speech Mrs. Isaac L. Rice, President and founder of the society, obtained a pledge from its members that they would follow with speed the suggestion of making Mayor Gaynor unhappy through a continuous campaign of letter writing and efforts to see him and visit him over the telephone.

HELD FOR CORRUPTING JUROR.

Crocker Will Case Revived by Arrest of G. U. Crocker and Two Others.

BOSTON, March 15.—Former Treasurer George U. Crocker was arrested at noon to-day on an indictment warrant charging him with being an accessory before the fact in the corruption of members of the jury which nullified his father's will six years ago.

John C. Conroy of Roxbury was arrested on a similar charge, and Charles H. Leach of Lynn was held for being an accessory after the fact.

The Crocker will case, about which there has been considerable controversy, practically dates from the second marriage of the late Urie Crocker to his stenographer ten years ago. Three years after that event, Crocker died, leaving the greater part of the property to his widow, and practically disinheriting his four sons.

When the case reached the Supreme Court on the question of undue influence on the part of the widow in the making of the will, the jury disagreed, but on the next trial the will was broken and the property divided.

Later two of the jurors were indicted for accepting bribes, and one of them, William J. Hartnett, was convicted and served a State prison sentence.

George U. Crocker, who is the eldest son, led the fight against the will.

CUDAHY CASE POSTPONED.

Judge Suggests Dropping Prosecution, but City Attorney Refuses.

KANSAS CITY, March 15.—When the case of John P. Cudahy, charged with attacking Jere F. Lillis, President of the Western Exchange Bank of this city, was called in the Municipal Court here to-day, neither Cudahy nor Lillis appeared, and the case was continued, at the request of the City Attorney.

"This case won't be prosecuted, will it?" Police Judge Kyle inquired.

"I don't believe so," the City Attorney replied.

"Let's dismiss it, then," the Judge suggested.

But the City Attorney insisted that the case be continued, and the Judge ordered the continuance.

MISS ALDA TO WED IN APRIL.

Singer, Recovering from Operation, to Become Mrs. Gatti-Casazza.

Miss Frances Alda of the Metropolitan Opera Company, who was operated on for appendicitis about two weeks ago after a performance of "Otello" in Brooklyn, is rapidly convalescing. She expects to be out in two weeks, and last night she told a reporter for THE TIMES that she would probably be married to Signor Gatti-Casazza in April.

"I expect to be married just as soon as I am well," said Miss Alda, "and that will be very soon. I am doing as well as could possibly be expected, thanks to Dr. Helmuth.

"I want especially to correct the false impression that has gotten abroad about Mr. Siezak's connection with my illness."

"You know in the last act of 'Otello' Mr. Siezak as the Moor has to smother me. Well, some of the papers said that it was due to his brutality in that act that my appendix burst. This is not in the least true. Mr. Siezak and I are the best of friends, and he and his wife have been more than kind to me during my illness. Of course, he has to be brutal in that act. The text requires it. But, as a matter of fact, my appendix had burst before the act commenced at all.

"I have been suffering from appendicitis off and on for several years. Always doctors have advised me to have an operation, and always I have refused, until now the time came when an operation was inevitable. How I got through that last act I don't know. You know I was operated on at 3 in the morning. It was uncanny!"

"Will you be married in church?"

"I don't know," answered Miss Alda.

It was suggested to her that a wedding with the other opera prima donnas for bridesmaids would be a novelty.

"I wouldn't know which to ask first," she said. "Do you know that since I have been ill I have received flowers from every singer in the theatre. Even Mme. Tetrazzini, whom I don't know at all, has sent me flowers and the sweetest note.

"I don't expect to sing any more this season, but next—"

Next season she will be Mme. Gatti-Casazza.

ABSORB BILLINGS FIRM.

Bruhl Brothers & Henius Buy Out Older Jewelry House.

The oldest jewelry firm in the city, Chester Billings & Sons, has been absorbed by the second oldest, Bruhl Brothers & Henius of 15, 17, and 19 Maiden Lane, which was established eight years later. The Billings house was started in Maiden Lane in 1840 under the name of Randell, Barrimore & Billings. For many years it had an established reputation for carrying precious stones of exceptional purity, and enjoyed the patronage of some of the wealthiest families of the city.

Just before the business depression of 1907 the firm moved uptown to quarters in Fifth Avenue, south of Thirty-fourth Street, opposite the Waldorf. In the depression of trade which followed the crash it was forced to deposit the best portion of its stock with the Fidelity Trust Company, the Knickerbocker Trust Company, and the American National Exchange Bank as collateral for loans.

The firm failed last month, and yesterday Bruhl Brothers & Henius bought its stock from the trustees in bankruptcy, John C. Van Cleaf, Vice President of the National Park Bank; Uzal H. McCarter, President of the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark, and August Oppenheimer of Oppenheimer Brothers & Veit. The price paid for the stock of the Billings house could not be learned last night, but it was said that it was so large that a liquidation of its assets at a heavy discount would be immediately necessary. As soon as the goods have been sold off the store will disappear from Fifth Avenue, as the premises have been sublet, it is understood, to a large drug concern.

COURT SUGGESTS PARDON.

Case of a Man Whose Marriage to Girl He Betrayed Did Not Avail.

ALBANY, March 15.—The Court of Appeals to-day handed down a decision in the case of Joseph Scharff of New York, who is serving a term in Sing Sing Prison and whose case is in the hands of Secretary of State Koenig.

In April, 1908, Scharff pleaded guilty to betrayal under promise of marriage. He was remanded for sentence, and in the following month, with the consent of Judge James T. Malone, he married the complainant and the Judge suspended sentence. In February, 1909, Judge Malone revoked the suspension of sentence and sent Scharff to Sing Sing for four years.

Secretary of State Koenig thereupon issued out a writ of habeas corpus, raising the point that when the marriage took place the court lost jurisdiction over Scharff. This view was not upheld by the Special Term.

To-day's decision, while dismissing the writ and remanding Scharff, holds that Judge Malone had no authority to send Scharff to Sing Sing. The court finds, however, that Scharff erred in his remedy, and instead of suing on a writ of habeas corpus should have appealed directly from the judgment. In view of the fact that no appeal was taken and the time of the appeal must have expired, the court recommends that the case is a proper one for executive clemency.

TO WIN SUFFRAGE DOUBTERS.

Mrs. Orme Wilson's Home Thrown Open to Obtain Converts.

A suffrage meeting and debate was held last evening at the home of Mrs. Orme Wilson, 3 East Sixty-fourth Street. It was not called to order until 10 o'clock.

Mrs. Wilson is neutral on the suffrage question, taking neither side, and for this occasion given her house for the meeting which was in charge of Mrs. Walter Maynard and Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Jr., of Mrs. Mackay's Equal Franchise Society. The guests came from dinner parties which preceeded the meeting. The guest list was prepared by Mrs. Mackay, Mrs. Maynard, and Mrs. Winthrop.

Mrs. Bourke Cockran, Mrs. Philip Lydig, Mrs. Maynard, and Mrs. Winthrop were among those who gave dinners, and later took their guests to Mrs. Wilson's.

Miss Ida Tarbell presided at the meeting, at which Dr. Anna Shaw, President of the National Woman Suffrage Association, and Prof. Louis Anspacher spoke in favor of suffrage, and Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt and William Force Scott advocated the anti-suffrage cause.

Members of the Equal Franchise Society felt that it would be of benefit to the suffrage cause if men and women not yet enrolled on the side of suffrage, could, at a private and informal meeting, listen to presentations of both sides of the question.

NEWEST RAILROAD BUILDING.

The Central and New Haven's New Structure Will Cover Two Blocks.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, jointly with the New York Central Railroad Company, has signed the contract for the two twelve-story buildings to be known as the Manufacturers and Merchants' Exchange and to occupy the two blocks from Forty-sixth to Forty-eighth Streets between Park and Lexington Avenues.

The buildings will be erected over the large open space that has been excavated in the improvements being made to the track yard. The buildings will be connected above the first floor by an inclosed arcade bridge spanning Forty-seventh Street, and the total cost will be approximately $3,500,000.

When the whole space above the Grand Central Station, available for the purpose, is covered with similar buildings, it is said that the rentals will suffice for the whole interest upon the cost of the Grand Central plant.

Left $50 to Bury Dying Daughter.

Alexzina Thomas, who died Feb. 6, left $50 in trust to her executor to pay the funeral expenses of her daughter, Elizabeth Williams, who is dying of an incurable disease. She made no other provision for the daughter. To her son, Alonzo Prime, she left her burial plot in the Cypress Hills Cemetery and death benefits in fraternal orders which will

ALDERMEN ADOPT FOOD STORAGE LAW

Ordinance Calls for the Tagging of All Carcasses and Large Pieces of Food.

MANY FLAWS POINTED OUT

Only "Receptacles" Need Be Tagged for Fish, Game, and Small Articles of Food.

The Aldermen adopted yesterday the long-discussed cold storage ordinance after a protracted discussion on party lines between the Tammany members and the Fusionists. The vote was 43 in the affirmative, 13 in the negative, and 7, mostly Republicans, not voting.

The ordinance, which goes into effect immediately, is somewhat milder than the original. It calls for the tagging of all carcasses and large pieces of food put in cold storage, with the dates of their entrance and extraction, but permits the simple stamping of the "receptacles" in the case of fish, game, and small pieces of food.

When Alderman Dowling, the Tammany leader, brought the matter up, Alderman Johnson, the leader of the minority, objected, declaring that the question was one with which the Federal Government should deal, and stating that he understood Congress was considering it at the present time. Alderman Dowling replied that he believed the city had a right to take up the matter if it wished, and urged consideration of the ordinance. "We simply want to let the people know," said he, "whether they are buying turkeys 4 years old or 44 years old, and to differentiate between eggs that are 3 days old and 3 years old. If we take this matter up now it will spread all over the country, and every city in the United States will follow our example."

Alderman Johnson replied that he doubted very much if the ordinance would be effective, and Alderman Schloss, a Republican, who is a west side butcher, came to his assistance.

"Are you afraid to tell your customers whether your meat is cold storage or not?" asked Alderman Levine.

"If you will give me time I will answer that question," replied Schloss. "For one thing the whole trouble with this ordinance is that it does not provide for the tagging of individual fish and game. What is to prevent a storekeeper taking the goods out of the receptacle that has been tagged and putting them in another?"

Nearly every Alderman on the floor had something to say in explanation of his vote, and it took nearly two hours to dispose of the matter. The board in consequence held one of the longest sessions on record, not adjourning until nearly 7 o'clock.

SUES HUSBAND'S PARENTS.

Mrs. J. R. Wells Begins an Action for Alienating His Affections.

Papers were filed yesterday in the Supreme Court in a suit begun by Irene Storrs Wells, through her counsel, Maurice Meyer, against William Storrs Wells and Annie Raynor Wells, parents of her husband, James Raynor Wells, for $500,000 for alleged alienation of her husband's affections. Mrs. Irene Storrs Wells was a member of the Weber & Fields chorus when, in 1906, James Raynor Wells married her, despite the opposition of his parents. They lived together for several months, says the plaintiff in her complaint, when the young husband's parents, by means of false statements and threats of physical violence, compelled him to abandon her and enlist in the United States Navy.

The younger Mrs. Wells tells how several months after her marriage to James Raynor Wells her mother, living in Madrid, Spain, was taken ill and she, the plaintiff was compelled to go to her bedside. The mother died and left young Mrs. Wells a comfortable fortune of $250,000. She hurried back to New York expecting to join her husband, but to her astonishment discovered that in her absence he had joined the United States Navy. Since then, so Mrs. Wells declares, she has been kept apart from him and deprived of his society.

NEW CUSTOM HOUSE LAWYER.

Collector Loeb Appoints Mark P. Andrews Chief of Law Division.

Collector Loeb announced yesterday that he had promoted Mark P. Andrews assistant solicitor in the law division of the Custom House to be head of that department in place of Charles Osborn, who retired two weeks ago.

It had been a custom, Mr. Loeb said, to make the appointment a political one, but he believed that the best interests of the customs administration would be better served by promoting a man who had been trained in the business. Edward Barnes, who has been chief clerk in the law division, became assistant solicitor. Walter R. Eaton has been made chief clerk. The appointments will take effect April 1.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:35—542 W. 53d St.; John Walsh	$10
3:05—In front of 525 6th Av.; Woolworth Church & Partridge	$500
3:55—112-114 E. 63d St.; unknown	None
9:40—383 E. 167th St.; Joseph Sutsos	$600
10:10—Chrystie and Hester Sts.; P. S. 1	None
10:15—264 Broome St.; Max Litzstehl	$500
10:45—244 E. 58th St.; Alfred Swoley	Trifling
11:25—232-234 E. 40th St.; Rees & Rees	$1,000
11:40—86 Columbia St.; Mrs. Sohlenger	$20
P. M.	
1:20—134 Ridge St.; Emil Neufeld	$10
2:30—43-45 Orchard St.; I. Helser & Bro.	$10
3:30—158 E. 31st St.; S. Silver	$50
3:00—2,310 3d Av.; unknown	None
3:10—184 Ludlow St.; Mrs. Esther	$50
3:30—East Broadway and Gouverneur St.; Public School 147	Trifling
3:30—101 Orchard St.; J. Callahan	$500
3:50—808 W. 111th St.; L. Busch	$3,000
4:05—2,642 Broadway; H. Stearns	Unknown
4:30—326 E. 101st St.; M. Kuppelman	Trifling
4:35—356 Cherry St.; M. Krause	$200
4:45—2,522 Park Av.; I. Sewary	$50
6:30—32 Harrison St.; A. Davey	$2,000
7:00—240 W. 21st St.; Mrs. D. J. Russell	$25
7:25—164 Lewis St.; J. Goldberg	Trifling
7:35—327 East 47th St.; St. Joseph's School	$10
7:35—1,907 Lexington Av.; E. Livingston	$10
8:00—28 West 27th St.; Max Thorn	$10,000
8:00—321 Madison St.; J. Rosenberg	Trifling
9:20—10 West 27th St.; Modern Button Co.	$1,000
9:35—417 East 72d St.; Otto Zirney	$5
10:40—179 to 188 Wooster St.; National Cloth Company	$100
10:45—42 Rutgers St.; Annie Exetred	Trifling
11:06—In front of 1,557 2d Av.; unknown	$10

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Hand made Lingerie Dresses, lace and embroidery trimmed. $29.75

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These are guaranteed satisfactory. Your money back if you are not satisfied:

Hegeman's Sarsaparilla 58c.
Beef, Iron & Wine 50c.
Peptonate Iron and Manganese 50c.
Hegeman's Emulsion 50c.
(Creamy Cod Liver Oil.)

HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

$3,500 STOLEN ON WARSHIP.

Money Taken from Safe on Board Gunboat Castine—$680 Recovered.

BOSTON, March 15.—A naval board of inquiry is investigating at the Charlestown Navy Yard the theft of $3,500 from the Paymaster's safe on board the United States gunboat Castine. The theft was discovered last Thursday, but the matter was kept quiet and did not become known until to-day.

A week ago Paymaster Lawrence C. Haughey of the Castine placed the money in the safe, locked it, and then locked the door of the room in which the safe stood. The following day the Paymaster was ill and did not enter the room. On Thursday, when he opened the safe, he was amazed to find that some one had opened the strongbox by means of the combination, and the money was gone. The next day a mess attendant found $680 behind a bathtub.

Paymaster Haughey says that, so far as he is aware, no one but himself knew the combination of the safe. Haughey has an excellent reputation and has been in the service four years. He was bonded, and, it is understood, must make up the difference between the $3,500 stolen and the $680 recovered.

KINDNESS COST HIM $5,000.

Lent His Auto to Brother and It Ran Down a Boy.

Don't lend your auto to your brother. But if you must do so, warn him not to hire a taxicab chauffeur to drive it. It may cost you $5,000.

This lesson came home yesterday to James C. Brady, a broker, when a Supreme Court jury before Justice Page returned a $5,000 verdict in favor of Benjamin Freibaum, a youth, who was hit by the motor. Brady had lent the car to his brother, Nicholas F. Brady. A hired taxicab chauffeur drove it.

Russell Hopkins, who was defendant in a suit brought by another youth in the Supreme Court before Justice Dugro, was acquitted of all responsibility for damages. His chauffeur, who was out for a ride, had run down the young man after he had been arrested and had taken advantage of an opportunity to escape by racing down Manhattan Avenue. He was rearrested some hours later as he drove his car into the garage. The officer who made the arrest had remembered the number of the car.

Imagines Himself a Plutocrat.

MINEOLA, L. I., March 15.—Victor Van Dresser, 55 years old, was declared insane to-day by a specially appointed sanity commission. He was under the hallucination that he owned the Payne Whitney and other big estates throughout Manhasset. He is worth about $2,500.

CITY BREVITIES.

A joint exhibition of the American Rose Society and the Horticultural Society of New York will be held at the American Museum of Natural History, Seventy-seventh Street and Central Park West, on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday of this week. It will be open on Wednesday evening from 7 to 10 and on the other days from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. and 7 to 10 P. M. The exhibition is free.

A committee of the Building Trades Unions issued a call yesterday for a general convention of delegates from all the building trade unions on Saturday afternoon at Arlington Hall to take definite action on the strike of the steamfitters. Several weeks ago unions with a membership of 40,000 notified the steamfitters that they were ready to declare a sympathetic strike when called upon, but no strike has taken place.

While the whaleback steamer Bay State of Searsport, Capt. John Von Sundrum, towing two empty barges from New Bedford to Newport News, was passing through the northern end of Hell Gate yesterday afternoon, the strong flood tide swung the two barges heavily against a dredge of the R. J. Packard Company at work there. One of the two barges and the dredge itself escaped with a few crushed timbers, but the second barge had its port side stove in and had to be towed to Erie Basin for repairs. The damage was about $2,000.

John Adair, 90 years old, who, until his retirement was a prosperous builder and contractor, was found on the steps of the Municipal Lodging House in East Twenty-fifth Street early yesterday. He lives at 816 Highland Avenue, Newark, N. J., and disappeared last Saturday. His son came in an automobile and took him home.

MORPHINISM

The Increasing Prevalence of Drug Addictions makes timely the repeated announcement that the

OPPENHEIMER TREATMENT

for drug addictions, successfully applied for many years, involves little of the discomfort and other unpleasant features usually attendant upon the treatment of such cases. The period of residence required of patients averages less than three weeks. A high-class sanitarium is maintained, with skilled specialists and careful nursing.

For details cut this out and call on or write

The Oppenheimer Institute
317 WEST 57TH ST., NEW YORK.
(7) Telephone, Columbus 6495.

PASTOR PLAYED PEANUT GAME

Choir Singer, Who Liked Euchre, Says Minister Won a Doll.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, March 15.—The trouble over the removal of the solo soprano singer, Miss Katharine Seeger, sister of Judge Seeger, by the Rev. Frank P. Stoddard, because she declared that if she had to choose between an innocent euchre party of young women at her home and singing in a volunteer church choir, she would prefer the former, is causing a general stir here.

The local press to-night devotes much space to the incident. The assertion is now made that the pastor himself participated in a game of chance—a peanut hunt, in the church parlors one night, at which prizes were awarded, and one is said to have been won by him—a doll, given as a booby prize. Mr. Stoddard said this afternoon that he could not recall the occasion, but Miss Seeger says she remembers it, as she was one of the party. She says the doll was a joke, made from a peanut, dressed up with ribbons, and it was presented with as much dignity as the occasion permitted.

Mr. Stoddard, on his part, says there is no reason why he should not take money from his flock, and so long as Miss Seeger does not sing, has no objection to her doing her share of the church work.

His chief objection was to her singing the words of praise that followed his sermons at the time he was asking the people to reform their ways, and being opposed to card playing personally, he could not tolerate such a practice from those taking active part in his work.

It is thought he will make a statement from his pulpit regarding the affair.

Kennedy
12 CORTLANDT ST.

Hats—Shoes—Men's Furnishings

Factory to Wearer

Flexible Derby, Easy as soft hat, 1.90 & 2.40

Easter Derbys A score of new blocks in the new flat, soft brim, 1.90 & 2.40

Cloth Alpine (Scotch Tweed) 1.90

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Also silk-lined garments of imported materials at..$25.00

Or perhaps you can "discover" just that SUIT OR TOPCOAT you admire among our Ready-to-Wear garments, from $12.50 up.

All ready-made garments altered to fit exactly, and pressed FREE OF CHARGE for one year.

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Highest class clothing at lowest prices.

38 NEW ST., Half Block From Wall St. Subway.

Holden's Birds Mate Now

Talking Parrots, Piping Bullfinches.

"Holden's Book on Birds," 1909, all about mating, care, singing mailed for 12 cts. stamps.

G. H. Holden, 25 West 23d St., nr. 5th Av.

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Third Ave. Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.)

1195 Broadway Just Below 29th St.

All Our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Winter Suits Now $16.50

THIS is the "Last Call"—take advantage of it NOW, for these suits (many of them Early Spring Weights) offer most unordinary values—and they will not last much longer. $16.50

FOR EASTER WEAR

Three button cutaway frock made from gray or black vicuna or English twill. Coat and vest to measure $21.00. Prince Albert coat and vest silk lined and faced $28.00. English trouserings $7.00. Write for samples and fashion book.

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NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES

ARE THE BEST BECAUSE OF KNOWN VALUE.

Cheapness in price is evidence of INFERIOR quality and poor service. The NEW HOME is built upon honor, made in a manner to insure PERFECT SERVICE for a lifetime. Have you seen our latest achievement in COMBINATION WOODWORK?

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For half a century this machine has made good for all claims of supremacy. Those who used it forty years ago are now using it. WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

Sold on easy monthly payments or liberal discount for cash. Instructions free in your home. Call to see demonstration or write a postal to-day for illustrated Catalog No. "25."

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.'s City Salesrooms, 33 Union Square, East.

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Seats now on sale for return engagement, limited to two weeks only. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

SOTHERN MARLOWE

Next week—First time in their new production of

As You Like It.

Week of March 28th: Monday—"Romeo and Juliet." Tuesday Night and Wednesday Matinee—"Taming of the Shrew." Wednesday Night—"Merchant of Venice." Thursday—"Twelfth Night." Friday—"As You Like It." Saturday Matinee—"Romeo and Juliet." Saturday Night—"Hamlet."

THE NEW THEATRE

Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col

Non-Subscription Perf'm'ces This Week: THURS. & SAT. EVGS., SAT. MATINEE.

Seats in All Parts of the House.

Tickets for All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.

Maurice Maeterlinck's Miracle Play, SISTER BEATRICE and Act IV. of Ibsen's Poetic Drama, BRAND

Shakespeare's Charming Comedy, TWELFTH NIGHT

Sheldon's Drama. THE NIGGER | Jenesen's Drama. THE WITCH

To-day at 2:15, Sister Beatrice and Brand
To-night, 8:30, Sister Beatrice and Brand
Thurs. Mat., 1:45, (Opera)..... Werther and (Div't) Pavlowa and Mordkin
Thurs. Eve., 8:30..... The Witch
Fri. Eve., 8, (Opera) Il Barbiere di Siviglia and (Div't) Pavlowa and Mordkin
Sat. Mat., 2..... Twelfth Night
Sat. Eve., 8:30..... The Nigger

NEXT WEEK.

Mon. Evg. & Sat. Mat., The School for Scandal; Wed. Evg., Twelfth Night; Thurs. Mat. & Fri. Evg., Sister Beatrice and Brand; Thurs. & Sat. Eves., Strife. Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c.; Opera, $5 to $1.

At Brooklyn Academy of Music Tues. Evg. Next, Sister Beatrice & Brand

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.

HIPPODROME

Entire Block, 6th Ave. 43rd-44th Sts. Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Eves. 8, 25c. to $1.50.

Entire Circus by 50 Little People | A Trip To Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. Last 6 Times, MAXINE ELLIOTT in The Inferior Sex. Beg. WED., MARCH 23. (Seats Tom'w.)

THE WHIRLWIND (BACCARAT) WITH MARIETTA OLLY

HACKETT Theatre. 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, 2:30. Seats Selling in Advance. 3rd WEEK "It Wins." New York Sun.

THE TURNING POINT

By PRESTON GIBSON.

"Stirred audience."—Herald. "Red truths, unusual situations."—Telegram.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.

Broadway Thea. B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT IN THE LOTTERY MAN

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15. BLANCHE RING IN THE YANKEE GIRL

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play. THE CITY Extra Mat. Tom'w St. Patrick's Day.

COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-day, 2:30. MARY MANNERING In A MAN'S WORLD.

WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.00 Mat. To-day, 2:15. Laurence Irving THE AFFINITY Mabel Hackney

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. 34th St. & 8th Ave. To-night at 8 sharp, PELLEAS AND MELISANDE, Miss Garden, Miles. Gerville-Reache, Trentini; MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Crabbe, Huberdeau. Fri., double bill, (last time,) DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT: Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, MM. Gilibert, &c., followed by CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA: Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Duchene; MM. Lucas, Crabbe. Sat. aft., (last time,) TALES OF HOFFMANN: Miles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle; MM. Renaud, Devries, Glilbert, &c. Sat. Eve., (Pop. Prices,) double bill, (last time,) LA NAVARRAISE: Mlle. Gerville-Reache; MM. Devries, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Crabbe, Nicolay; followed by PAGLIACCI: Mlle. Trentini, Mr. Orville Harrold, MM. Sammarco, Crabbe.

SUNDAY at 8:30, Last Grand Concert. —NEXT AND LAST WEEK.—

Mon., LAKME, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Huberdeau, etc. Wed., THAIS, Miss Garden, M. Renaud, etc. Thurs. Special. RICHARD STRAUSS DAY: At 2 P. M. ELEKTRA. At 8:30 P. M. SALOME. (One ticket, $1.00 to $5.00, admits to both performances.) Regular casts.

Fri., GRAND GALA PERFORMANCE (regular prices): HOFFMANN (Venice act), Mlle. Cavalieri, MM. Devries, Renaud; PAGLIACCI, prologue, M. Sammarco; SAMSON and DELILAH (2d act), Mlle. Gerville-Reache, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne; ROMEO and JULIET (3d act), Miss Garden, Mme. Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau; HERODIADE (1st act), Miles. Cavalieri, D'Alvarez, MM. Renaud, Lucas, Vallier; FAUST (last act), Miss Garden, MM. Dalmores, Vallier; ARIAS by Mme. Mazarin, Mme. Doria, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. McCormack, Mr. Orville Harrold, MM. Gilibert, Crabbe. Sat. Aft., PELLEAS & MELISANDE, Miss Garden, M. Dalmores and regular cast. Sat. Eve. (regular prices), LUCIA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco, etc.

Next Week's Sale Opens Thurs., 9 A. M. Subscription books for next season now open, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

To-night at 7:45. Double Bill: Il Barbiere di Siviglia, Mlle. de Hidalgo; MM. Bonci, Forsell, Didur, Pini-Corsi, Cond. Podesti. Followed by Act II. ballet Coppelia, with Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin.

Thurs. Eve. at 8, Pique Dame. Mmes. Destinn, Mattschik, Gluck, Wickham; MM. Slezak, Forsell, Didur, Cond., Mahler.

Fri. Eve. at 8, Double Bill: First Performance of Frederick Converse's opera, The Pipe of Desire, preceded by Pagliacci.

Saturday Afternoon at 1:45..... Tannhauser
Saturday Evening at 8..... La Gioconda
Sun. Eve. at Pop. Prices, GRAND CONCERT. The Eminent Austrian Violinist, FRITZ KREISLER
Mmes. Gluck, Woehning; MM. Clement, Gilly, Rossi. Metrop. Opera Orch. Cond., Max Bendix.
Next Week: Monday Evening..... Pique Dame
Wed. Eve., Aida. Mmes. Destinn, Homer; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini.

AT THE NEW THEATRE.

Thurs. Mat. at 1:45, Werther. Mmes. Noria, Gluck; MM. Clement, Dutilloy, Pini-Corsi, Devaux, Bourgeois. Cond., Tango. And divertissement, Pavlowa & Mordkin.

Fri. Eve., Barbiere di Siviglia. And divertissement, Pavlowa and Mordkin.

At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

Mon. Eve., Mch. 21, Rigoletto. Mmes. de Hidalgo, Maubourg; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola, Rossi, Segue. Cond., Tango.

WEBER PIANO USED.

NEW THEATRE SYMPHONY

SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.

Next Sunday Aft., Mar. 20, at 3. SCHUMANN CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

Mr. WALTER HAMPDEN, Recitator. Mr. PAUL KEFER, 'Cellist.

Symphony No. 1 Adagio for Violoncello: Traumerei; Five Excerpts from Byron's "Manfred," with recitation by Mr. Hampden. Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at 1 W. 34th St. & Box Office.

CARNEGIE LYCEUM. THURSDAY EVE., 17TH MARCH, 8:15. HELLENIC, IRISH, SCOTCH, ENGLISH Folk-Song Recital By PENELOPE DUNCAN.

Seats from 50c. to $1.50, at Box Office.

MAXIMILIAN PILZER Violin Recital. Mendelssohn Hall Tonight at 8:30

Violin Recital. Alex. McFadyen at the piano. Tickets $1.50, $1.00, 75c., box office. Dir. M. H. Hanson, 437 5th Av. (Mason & Hamlin Piano)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH. Free Organ Recital

Mr. Arthur S. Hyde. Mr. Spencer, violinist. Mr. Schuetze, harpist. THURSDAY, MARCH 17, AT 8:15 P. M.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THE